

**Savitribai Phule Pune University**  
**Credit Framework for Post Graduate (PG)**  
**MA in Sanskrit**

**Name of the Course:** M.A. in Sanskrit

**Aims and Objectives:**

Sanskrit, often referred to as the "language of the gods," is an ancient and sacred language that has played a pivotal role in shaping India's cultural, religious, and philosophical landscape. It is the oldest language in the Indo-European family and has been the source of many classical texts, including the Vedas, Upanishads, and various scriptures. Post-Graduation Sanskrit studies aim to delve deep into the rich literary and linguistic heritage of Sanskrit, equipping students with advanced knowledge and skills to contribute to the preservation, interpretation, and promotion of this ancient language. This essay explores the primary objectives of pursuing post-graduation Sanskrit studies.

**1. Preservation and Conservation of Cultural Heritage:**

One of the main objectives of post-graduation Sanskrit studies is the preservation and conservation of India's cultural heritage. Sanskrit texts contain vast repositories of knowledge on diverse subjects like literature, philosophy, science, medicine, astronomy, and more. By studying Sanskrit at a post-graduate level, scholars can decipher and translate ancient texts, ensuring that this invaluable knowledge is not lost to time. Preserving these texts also helps in understanding the historical and cultural development of ancient India, thus fostering a sense of national identity and pride.

**2. Advancement of Research and Scholarship:**

Post-Graduation Sanskrit studies foster an environment of advanced research and scholarship. Scholars pursuing this discipline engage in in-depth analyses of classical Sanskrit texts, exploring their linguistic nuances, contextual meanings, and philosophical underpinnings. This academic rigor helps in unearthing new insights and interpretations, encouraging the evolution of knowledge and understanding within the field. Additionally, scholars can contribute to interdisciplinary research, establishing connections between Sanskrit and other disciplines like linguistics, comparative literature, anthropology, and history.

**3. Promotion of Sanskrit as a Living Language:**

While Sanskrit is often considered a classical or liturgical language, post-graduation Sanskrit studies also aim to promote it as a living language. By developing fluency and proficiency in Sanskrit, students can contribute to its revival and continued usage in contemporary contexts. Translating ancient Sanskrit texts into modern languages and creating accessible resources for learners can help bridge the gap between the past and present, making Sanskrit more relevant and approachable for today's world.

#### 4. Cultivation of Critical Thinking and Analytical Skills:

Studying Sanskrit at the post-graduate level requires a high level of analytical thinking and critical interpretation. Scholars engage in rigorous textual analysis, deciphering complex grammar structures, and unraveling intricate metaphysical concepts. This process of analytical thinking nurtures intellectual abilities, which can be applied not only to Sanskrit but also to other academic pursuits and professional endeavors.

#### 5. Contribution to Religious and Philosophical Understanding:

Sanskrit has been the language of many religious and philosophical texts, including the Bhagavad Gita, the Ramayana, the Mahabharata, and the works of great philosophers like Adi Shankaracharya. Post-Graduation Sanskrit studies enable scholars to gain a deeper understanding of these scriptures, allowing them to interpret and disseminate the philosophical and spiritual wisdom contained within. This knowledge can be applied to promote interfaith dialogue, cultural understanding, and spiritual growth.

### Conclusion:

Post-Graduation Sanskrit studies hold great significance in the preservation, research, and promotion of India's ancient cultural heritage. By equipping scholars with advanced linguistic and philosophical knowledge, these studies contribute to the ongoing appreciation and understanding of Sanskrit as a language of timeless wisdom. Moreover, the pursuit of post-graduation Sanskrit studies fosters critical thinking, cultural appreciation, and interdisciplinary scholarship, ensuring that this ancient language continues to inspire and enrich humanity for generations to come.

**Duration:** Two Years (2 Years)

**Eligibility:** Any graduation (preference will be given to those who have graduated in Sanskrit)

**Fee Structure:** As per the University norms for M.A. courses.

**Medium of instruction:** Sanskrit/Marathi/Hindi/English

**Evaluation System:** As per CBCS

**Structure of the Course:**

Level	Semester	Credits Related to Major		Research Methodology (RM)	Internship on Job Training (OJT)	Research Project (RP)	Total
		Major Core	Major Elective				
6.0	I	<b>SK 101 –</b> Introduction to Vedic Literature 3(T) 1(P)  <b>SK 102 –</b> Arsha Mahakavya - (Selected Portion) 3(T) +1 (P)  <b>SK 103 –</b> Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature 4 (T)  <b>SK 104 –</b> Introduction to	<b>SK 105 (A) –</b> Veda 4 (T)  <b>SK 105 (B) –</b> Vedanta 4 (T)  <b>SK 105 (C) –</b> Vyakarana 4 (T)  <b>SK 105 (D) –</b> Sahitya & Sahityashastra 4 (T)  <b>SK 105 (E) –</b> Nyaya & Vaisheshika 4 (T)  <b>SK 105 (F) –</b> Mimamsa 4 (T)	Research Methodology	0	0	22

		Manuscriptology 2 (T)	<b>SK 105 (G) –</b> Darshana 4 (T)				
II		<b>SK 201 –</b> Yaska's Nirukta (Selected Portion) 3 (T)+ 1 (P)  <b>SK 202</b> Yogasutra Ist chapter & Vedanta Paribhasha (VIIth & VIIIth Chapter) 3 (T) + 1 (P)  <b>SK 203 –</b> Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature 4 (T)  <b>SK 204 –</b> Introduction to Manuscriptology 2 (T)	<b>SK 205 (A) –</b> Veda 4 (T)  <b>SK 204 (B) –</b> Vedanta 4 (T)  <b>SK 204 (C) –</b> Vyakarana 4 (T)  <b>SK 205 (D) –</b> Sahitya & Sahityashastra 4 (T)  <b>SK 205 (E) –</b> Nyaya & Vaisheshika 4 (T)  <b>SK 205 (F) –</b> Mimamsa 4 (T)  <b>SK 205 (G) –</b> Darshana 4 (T)	Internship On job training(OJT)			22

Exit option: Award PG Diploma on completion of 44 Credits after Three Year UG Degree Or continue with PG second year

6.5	III	<b>SK 301 –</b> Introduction to Sanskrit Dramaturgy & Mudra-Rakshasa 3(T ) + 1(P)  <b>SK 302 –</b> Siddhant-kaumudi - Karaka, 3(T ) + 1(P)	<b>SK 305 (A) –</b> Veda 4 (T)  <b>SK 305 (B) –</b> Vedanta 4 (T)  <b>SK 305 (C) –</b> Vyakarana (4 T)  <b>SK 305 (D) –</b>			Research Project 4	22
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	<b>SK 303</b> Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature 4 (T)	Sahitya & Sahityashastra 4 (T)				
	<b>SK 304</b> Applied Sanskrit -1 2 (T)	<b>SK 305 (E) –</b> Nyaya & Vaisheshika 4 (T)  <b>SK 305 (F) –</b> Mimamsa 4 (T)  <b>SK 305 (G) –</b> Darshana 4 (T)				
IV	<b>SK 401</b> Introduction to Scientific Literature 3(T)+ 1(P)  <b>SK 402</b> Arthasangraha 3 (T)+ 1(P)  <b>SK 403</b> Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature 4 (T)  <b>SK 404 –</b> Applied Sanskrit -2 2 (T)	<b>SK 405 (A) –</b> Veda 4 (T)  <b>SK 405 (B) –</b> Vedanta 4 (T)  <b>SK 405 (C) – Vyakarana</b> 4 (T)  <b>SK 405 (D) –</b> Sahitya & Sahityashastra 4 (T)  <b>SK 405 (E) – Nyaya &amp;</b> Vaisheshika 4 (T)  <b>SK 405 (F) – Mimamsa</b> 4 (T)  <b>SK 405 (G) –</b> Darshana 4 (T)			Research Project 6 credits	22
Total 4 Years	54	16	04	04	10	88

## **M.A. Sanskrit Syllabus -**

### **SK 101 - Introduction to Vedic Literature**

- A. **Rgveda** - 1.1-Agni, 1.25-Varuna, 2.12-Indra, 2.33-Rudra, 3.61-Ushas, 5.75-Ashwinau, 7.95-Saraswati, 9.80-Soma, 10.34-Kitava, 10.108-Sarama-Pani
- B. **Atharvaveda** - 1.29-Rashtrabhividhanam, 12.1.1 – 10-Prithivi, 19.53-Kalasukta.
- C. **Aitareya Brahmana** - 7.13-15 Shunahshepa-katha
- D.
  - i) General Introduction to Vedic Literature
  - ii) Content and arrangement of Rgveda
  - iii) a. History of Vedic interpretation - Traditional
  - b. History of Vedic interpretation - Modern
  - iv) Vedic Culture
  - v) Themes of the Atharvaveda
  - vi) Myths and legends in the Brahmanas
  - vii) A general introduction to Aranyakas

### **SK 102 –Arsha Mahakavya - (Selected Portion)**

- A. **Ramayana** – Selected portion
- B. **Mahabharata** - Shanti-Parva – Selected portion

### **SK 103 – Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature**

- A. **Sanskrit** – History of Classical Sanskrit Literature
- B. **Prakrit** – Introduction to Prakrit Language and Literature

### **SK 104 –**

- 1. Introduction to Manuscriptology 2 (T)

- a) Manuscripts: Their forms and contents.
- b) Textual Criticism

#### **SK 105 (A) – Veda**

- A. **Rgveda**—Hymns 2-6 from Vishvamitra Mandala and Selected hymns from Vamadeva Mandala (4.26 – Shyena, 4.30 – Indra-Ushas, 4.33 – Rubhu, 4.50 – Brhaspati, 4.54 - Savita)
- B. **Atharvaveda**—1.32 Mahadbrahma, 3.30 Sammanasya, 4.2 Atmavidya, 5.4 Kushtha, 6.20 Yakshmanashanam, 7.12 Sabhajaya, 11.5.1-10Brahmacari, 15.1 Vratya, 19.49 Ratri, 20.127 Kuntapa.
- C.
  - i) Vishwamitra and Vamadeva's contribution to Rgveda and Rgvedic Culture
  - ii) Themes of the Atharvaveda
  - iii) Names and arrangements of the Atharvaveda
  - iv) Ritual Hymns of the Atharvaveda
  - v) Kuntapa Hymns

#### **SK 105 (B) – Vedanta**

- A. **AdhyasaBhashya**
- B. **Chatuhsutri**
- C. **Brahmasutra-Shankara-bhashya 2.1.1** (Smrutyadhikaranam)
- D. **Brahmasutra-Shankara-bhashya 2.1.11** (Tarkaspratishtanat...)

#### **SK 105 (C) – Vyakarana**

- A. **Ashtadhyayi** – I.1, II.1
- B. **Ajanta-pullinga Prakarana** - 178 – 256
- C.
  - i) General Introduction to Paninian and Non-Paninian Grammar Schools
  - ii) Introduction to Two Methods of learning Panini Rules (Kashika Method and Kaumudi Method)
  - iii) Structure of Ashtadhyayi and Siddhanta-Kaumudi

### **SK 105 (D) – Sahitya & Sahityashastra**

- A. **Introduction to Poetics** - Five Schools of Indian Poetics (Rasa, Alankar, Riti, Vakrokti, Dhvani, Auchitya)
- B. **Textual Study - Meghadootam** - Purvamegha

### **SK 105 (E) – Nyaya & Vaisheshika**

- A. Introduction to Nyaya and Vaisheshika Philosophy
- B. Tarkasangraha with Nyayabodhini commentary

### **SK 105 (F) – Mimamsa**

#### **Mimamsaparibhasha of Krishnayajvan**

- i) General Introduction to Mimamsa Darshana
- ii) Important texts of Mimamsa
- iii) Different schools for Mimamsa

### **SKT 106 – Research Methodology**

- i. Traditional Methodology found in Sanskrit and Prakrit Texts
- ii. Modern Methodology

## **Semester II**

### **SK 201 - Yaska's Nirukta (I & II Chapters)**

- i) General Introduction to Nirukta as a Vedanga
- ii) Division of Padas

### **SK 202 - Yogasutra Ist chapter & Vedanta Paribhasha**

- A. **Vedanta Paribhasha (VII & VIII Chapters)**
- B. **Yogasutra (Samadhipada)**

### **SK 203 – Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature**

- A. **Sanskrit-** Cultural History of India - 6 Sanskrit Inscriptions
- B. **Prakrit-Mrucchakatikam** – Selected Acts

### **SK 204 –**

- a. Introduction to Manuscriptology 2 (T)  
Indian Paleography

### **SK 205 (A) – Veda**

- A. **Vedic Grammar** - Peculiarities of Vedic Language with special reference to : i) Phonology, ii) Sandhis, iii) Declensions, iv) Conjugations, v) Secondary derivatives, vi) Accent, vii) Metres, viii) Peculiarities of Vedic Languages, ix) Padapatha
- B. **Shukla Yajurveda Vajasaneyi Samhita (Madhyandina)**– Selected Portion along with the Commentaries

### SK 204 (B) – Vedanta

**Ramanuja-Geeta-Bhashya** ( II<sup>nd</sup> and XII<sup>th</sup> Chapters)

### **SK 205 (C) – Vyakarana**

- A. Textual Study of **PatanjalaMahabhashya (Paspashahnika and Karakahnika)**
- B. Introduction to Patanjali and his works
- C. Structure of Mahabhashya, Special features of Mahabhashya, Importance of Mahabhashya

### **SK 205 (D) – Sahitya & Sahityashastra**

- A. **Dasharupaka – I<sup>st</sup> Chapter**
- B. **Mattavilasaprahasan/ Pancharatram**

### **SK 205 (E) – Nyaya & Vaisheshika**

- i. **Gautama Nyayasutra** (with Commentary) – 1.1.1. to 1.1.25
- ii. **Vaisheshika sutra** selected portion

**SK 205 (F) – Mimamsa**

**Jaiminiya-Nyayamala-Vistarah** (Chapter 1<sup>st</sup> - 2<sup>nd</sup>)

**SK 205 (F) – Darshana**

**SK 206** On job Training

**Semester III**

**SK 301 –Intro to Sanskrit Dramaturgy + Mudra-Rakshasa**

- A. Introduction to Sanskrit Dramaturgy +**
- B. Mudra-Rakshasa (Text and Application)**

**SK 302 – Siddhant Kaumudi - Karaka**

General Study -

- 1) Introduction to Paninian Grammar
- 2) Structure of Ashtadhyayi
- 3) Structure of Siddhanta-kaumudi
- 4) Nature and Types of rules

**SK 303 - Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature**

**1 - Introduction to Purana and Dharmashastra Yajnyavalkyasmruti (Dayabhaga)**

**2 – Gahasattasai – selected portion**

**SK 304 Applied Sanskrit -12 (T)**

**SK 305 (A) – Veda**

1. Satapatha Brahmana Kanda 1
2. Apastamba-Shrautasutra 6<sup>th</sup> & 7<sup>th</sup> Chapters

**SK 305 (B) – Vedanta**

Vishnu-tattva-Vinirnaya (Complete Text)

**SK 305 (C) – Vyakarana**

Dashagani (Selected Portion) - (Bhvadi - Bhu and Edha (Complete), Selected Rules form Bhvadi, All Lakaras of the roots Ada, Hu, Diva, Su etc.)

**SK 305 (D) – Sahitya & Sahityashastra**

1. Kavyalankara-Sutra-Vrutti (Adhikarana - 1 - Adhyaya 1-3)
2. Harshacaritam- 4<sup>th</sup> Chapter

**SK 304 (E) – Nyaya & Vaisheshika**

Nyayasiddhanta Muktavali of Vishwanatha – Pratyaksha Khanda

**SK 305 (F) – Mimamsa**

Mimamsasutra - Selected portion with Sabarhashya

**SK 306 Research Project****Semester IV**

## **SK 401- Introduction to Scientific Literature**

Topics -

Selected portion from any four ancient Sanskrit texts from Fine arts, Pure and applied Sciences, Architecture, Medicines, Applied Sciences, can be included in the course)

## **402 – Arthasangraha**

Topics - Introduction to Mimansa Darshana, School of Mimamsa

## **SK 403 - Sanskrit - Prakrit Language and Literature**

1. Phonetics,
2. Morphology,
3. Syntax
4. Semantics,

## **Prakrit - Samaraicchakaha**

## **SK 404**

Applied Sanskrit -12 (T)

## **SK 405 (A) – Veda**

1. Gobhila Grhyasutra
2. Shaunakiya Caturadhyayika

## **SK 405 (B) – Vedanta**

Tattvarthadipanibandha (Shastrartha prakarana)+ PrameyaRatnarnava (Selected Portion)

## **SK 405 (C) – Vyakarana**

Vakyapadeeya (Brahmakanda), Paramalaghu-Manjusha (Dhatvartha Nirnaya)

**SK 405 (D) – Sahitya & Sahityashastra**

1. Kavyaprakash Chapter IV
2. Kumara-sambhava - Sarga - 4 / 5

**SK 405 (E) – Nyaya & Vaisheshika**

- A. Nyaya-Siddhanta-Muktavali– Anumana khanda

**SK 405 (F) – Mimamsa**

Mimamsa-nyaya-prakasha – Selected portion

**SK 406 Research Project**

**Recommended Books:**

Semester I

1. Rugveda Samhita, Syanabhashya sameta, ed. Rajwade V. K. et al, Vol. I to V, Vaidik Samshodhan Mandal, Pune, (Reprint), 1998
2. Atharvaveda Samhita, ed. Vishvabandhu, Vishveshavarananand Vedic Research Institute, Hoshiarpur, 1990
3. Rksukta Vaijayanti, Velankar H. D., Vaidik Samshodhan Mandal, Pune, (Reprint), 2009
4. Rugvedache Marathi Bhashantar, Chitrav S., Bharatiya Charitra Ksoh Mandal, Pune, 1996
5. Atharvavedache Marathi Bhashantar, Chitrav S., Bharatiya Charitra Ksoh Mandal, Pune, 2010
6. Rugveda-dipika, Gadgil M and Sumant S, Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Pune, 2023
7. The Rigveda, Jamison S and Brereton J, Vol. I, Oxford University, New York, USA, 2014
8. Raghavan V, Manuscripts, Catalogues' and Editions.
9. Introduciton to Indian Textual Criticism, Katre S.M.

10. Bharatiya Pracina lipimala, Ojha Gouri Shankar,
11. Ashtadhyayi, Katre SM,
12. Siddhantakaumudi, Panshikar Vasudev Lashman Shastri,
13. The works of Sri Shankaracharya Vol – 1, Sri Vani vilas press, Srirangam, 1910
14. Shankar Brahmasutrabhashya With Marathi Translation of MM Vasudevshastri Abhyankar and D. T. Chandorkar, Vol-1, Editor Prof. K. V. Abhyankar, Deccan Education Society, 1957
15. Ramayana – Shrimadvalamikiya Ramayana, Geetapress, Gorakhpur, 1995
16. Mahabharat - English Translation by M.N.Dutt, Pub by Parimal publications, Delhi
17. Mahabharat – Hindi Translation by Pandit S.D.Satawalekar Pub.by Swadhyay Mandal, Bharat Mudranalaya, Pardi, Gujrat 1979.
18. संस्कृत साहित्य का बृहद् इतिहास, उमाशंकर शर्मा ‘ऋषि’, चौखम्बा प्रकाशन, वाराणसी, १९९८.
19. संस्कृत साहित्य का बृहद् इतिहास, उपाध्याय, बलदेव,शारदा निकेतन, वाराणसी, पुस्तकालय २००१.
20. *History of Sanskrit Literature*, (Classical Period), Vol. I.Dasgupta S.N., University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1962.
22. Bharatiya Sahityashastra, Deshpande G. T.Popular Publication, Mumbai
23. Meghadutam, Acarya Shesharaj Sharma, Choukhamba Vidyabharati, Varanasi

## Semester II

1. Niruktache Marathi Bhashantar, Rajwade V. K., (reprint) Vaidik Samshodhan Mandal, Pune, 2015
2. The Nighantu and the Nirukta, Sarup L, (reprint), Motilal Banarasidass, Delhi, 2004
3. Shukla Yajurveda Vajasaneyi Samhita with the Commentaries of Uvatacharya and Mahidhara, ed. Panashikar W. L., Pandurang Jawji, 1929.
4. The texts of White Yajurveda, Griffith Ralph T. H., Nag Publishers, Delhi, 1990
5. Vedic Grammar, Macdonnell Arthur A, D.K. Printworld (P) Ltd. DK Print., New Delhi, 2011
6. Mattavilasaprahasana, Deshpande Indu,

7. Mattavilasaprahasana, Mujamdar Rani,
8. Mattavilasaprahasan, Unni N.P,
9. Pancharatram, Deodhar C D,
10. Paspshahnika, Joshi SD,
11. Karakahnika, Joshi SD,
12. Shrimadbhagavadgita Shri Ramanuja bhashyam with Hindi translation, Geetapress, Gorakhpur, 2018
13. Yogasutrawith Vyasa bhashya English Translation by Ganganath Jha ed. by Ram Nath Jha Pub. by VidyanidhiPrakashan, Delhi
14. Bharatiya Manasshastraathavasartha ani savivaranaPatanjalYogadarshan (Marathi) by Krushnaji K. Kolhatkar
15. अभिलेख-प्रवेशिका, वसिष्ठ, रवीन्द्र कुमार, विद्यानिधि प्रकाशन, दिल्ली, २०१८.
  
- 16) ऐतिहासिक भारतीय अभिलेख, वाजपेयी, कृष्णदत्त, अग्रवाल, कहैया लाल, इ., पब्लिकेशन स्कीम, जयपुर, तृतीय संस्करण, 2018.
- 17) पुराभिलेखविद्या, गोखले, शोभना, कॉन्ट्रिनेन्टल प्रकाशन, पुणे, द्वितीय आवृत्ती, २००७.
- 18) भारत के प्रसिद्ध अभिलेख, अवस्थी, श्रीपति, जे.पी.पब्लिशिंग हाउस, दिल्ली, २००७.
- 19) भारतीय पुरालिपि विद्या, सरकार, दिनेशचंद्र (हिंदी अनुवाद) वाजपेयी कृष्णदत्त, विद्यानिधि, दिल्ली, १९९६.
- 20) भारतीय लेखविद्या, सरकार, दिनेशचंद्र (मराठी अनुवाद) गोखले शोभना, कॉन्ट्रिनेन्टल प्रकाशन, पुणे, २०१०.
- 21) *Select Inscriptions*, Sircar D.C., Motilal Banarsi das, Delhi, Vol. I, 1983.
- 22) *Matta-vilāsa-prahasanam*, Majumdar Rani, Vivek Publishers, Aligarh, 1988.
- 22) *Matta-vilāsa-prahasanam*, Deshpande, Indu, Published by Indu Deshpande, Pune
- 23) *Matta-vilāsa-prahasanam*, Unni N.P., Nag Publishers, Delhi, 1988.
- 24) *Pañcarātram*, Devadhar, C.R., Oriental Book Agency, Poona, 1957.
- 25) भासाची भारत नाट्ये, शेवाळकर, राम, प्रसाद प्रकाशन, पुणे, १९९६.
- 26) *Dasharupaka*, Keshavrao Musalgaonkar, Chaukhamba Prakashan, Varanasi

### Semester III

1. The Satapatha Brahmana, with the commentary of Sayana, Vol. 1 to 5, Nag Publishers, Delhi, 1990
2. The Satapatha Brahmana, trans. Eggeling Julius, Sacred Books of the East, Vol.12, 26, 41, 43-4, (reprint) Motilal Banarsi das, 1998
3. Apastamba Shrauta sutra, trans. Thite G U, vol. I & II, New Bharatiy Book Corporation, New Delhi, 2004
4. Gajendragadkar S D, Harshacarita
5. Kane P V, Harshacarita

6. Panshikar Vasudev Lashman Shastri, Siddhantakaumudi
7. Editor K T Pandurangi, Vishnutattvavivinirnaya, Dvaita Vedanta Studies and Research Foundation, Bangalore, 1991
8. Shri GajananShastriMusalgaonkar, Vedanta Paribhasha, ChaukhambaVidyabhawan, Varanasi, 1983  
Mudrarakshasa - English Translation by Prof. K.H. Dhruva Pub. The Oriental Book-Supplying Agency, Poona 1923
9. Mudrarakshas – Marathi Translation by R.S.Walimbe
10. Bharata's Natyashastra by N.P.Unni
11. Rasa bhava Vichara (Marathi) by R.P.Kangle pub. Maharashtra Rajya Sahitya Sanskrut Mandal, Mumbai
12. History of Dharmashastra – P.V.Kane
13. Yajnavalkya Smrti Translated by M.N.Dutt ed. by Dr.R.K.Panda pub. by Bharatiya Kala Prakashan, Delhi 2011
14. Yajnavalkya Smrti (Marathi) by Vishnushastri Bapat Pub. Gajanan Book Depot
15. Puranaliterature by G.V Tagare
16. *The Harshacharita*, Cowell E.P. & Thomas P.W., Global Vision Publishing House, Delhi, Reprint 2017.
17. *The Harshacharita*, Gajendragadkar, S.D., A. P. Bapat & Brothers, Poona
18. *The Harshacharita of Bāṇabhaṭṭa*, Kane, P.V., Motilala Banarsidass, Delhi, Reprint 1986.
19. हर्षचरितम् मुसलगावकर, केशवराव, चौखम्भा संस्कृत संस्थान, वाराणसी, पुनर्मुद्रण 2016.
20. *Kavyalankarasuravritti*, Ganganatha Jha, Garibdass Oriental Series, Varanasi.

#### Semester IV

1. Bhaskaracharya's Lilavati, ed. Rao Padmanabh A.B., Chinmaya International Foundation Shodh Sansthan, Kerala, 2019
2. A Concise History of Science in India, Bose D M et al, Indian National Science Academy, New Delhi, 1971
3. Mrugapakshishatras, trans. Chitamapalli M and Bhatkhande V, Maharashtra Sahitya Sanskruti Mandal, Mumbai, 1972

4. Kavyaprakash, Tripathy Ramsagar,MLBD.
5. Kavyaprakash, Musalgaonkar Gajana,
6. Kumarsambhavam, Alakananda Inamdar,
7. M.R. Kale, Kumarsambhavam
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