

Total No. of Questions : 9]

SEAT No. :

P2552

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Diploma in Intellectual Property Right Law
PATENT LAW (Paper - I)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question No. 9 (nine) is compulsory which carries 20 marks.*
- 2) *Out of the remaining attempt any 5 (five) questions, each of such question carries 16 marks.*

Q1) Write a detailed note on powers of controller with respect to the application for patent.

Q2) What is 'Protectable subject matter'? Explain the law relating to patentable inventions in India.

Q3) Legal protection of intellectual property and effective enforcement of such laws encourages innovation, investment and economic development. Explain.

Q4) An obligation is imposed on a patentee to work patent in India on a commercial scale and to the fullest extent. Discuss the provisions in the Patent Act, 1970 which ensure these obligations.

Q5) Explain the rights and obligations of patentee.

Q6) Discuss historical and economic background of the Indian Patent System in the global context.

Q7) What is the procedure for obtaining Patent?

Q8) Write in detail about patentable and non-patentable inventions?

Q9) Write notes on any two:

- a) Equitable assignment.
- b) Rights of Patentee.
- c) Licences in patent.
- d) Date of patent.



Total No. of Questions : 9]

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P2553

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Diploma in Intellectual Property Rights

102 : COPYRIGHT AND NEIGHBOURING RIGHTS - II

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question No. 9 is compulsory. It carries 20 marks.*
- 2) *Attempt any five from the remaining questions carrying 16 marks each.*

Q1) Discuss the development of Copyright law in India in the light of British Copyright Act, 1911.

Q2) Explain the works in which copyright subsists in India.

Q3) Discuss in detail the limitation on copyright through legal perspective.

Q4) Discuss the law relating to infringement of copyright.

Q5) Explain the rights of performing artists and phonogram producers under the Copyright Act, 1957.

Q6) What amounts to infringement of copyright? Explain the acts which do not constitute infringement of copyright.

Q7) Discuss the defenses and relief available in case of infringement of copyright.

Q8) Explain in detail:

- a) Procedure for registration of copyright.
- b) Copyright Board.

Q9) Write notes on any four:

- a) WIPO copyright treaty.
- b) Trips Agreement.
- c) Rome Convention.
- d) Compulsory license in unpublished or published work.
- e) Neighbouring rights.
- f) Content of copyright.
- g) Ownership of copyright.



Total No. of Questions : 9]

SEAT No. :

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Diploma Course in Intellectual Property Right Laws

103 : TRADE MARK

(Paper - III)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question No. 9 is compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt any five questions.*
- 2) *Question No. 9 carries 20 marks and remaining questions carry 16 marks each.*

Q1) Discuss in detail the international developments and the economic significance of the concept of trademark.

Q2) Explain the salient features of the Trade Marks Act, 1999.

Q3) Define and explain the essential characteristics of trademarks. Discuss various kinds of trademarks.

Q4) Explain the grounds provided for refusal of registration of trademarks under the Trade Marks Act, 1999.

Q5) Explain the rights and the limitations on the registered proprietor of the Trade Mark under the Trade Marks Act, 1999.

Q6) What amounts to the infringement of trademark? Discuss the points of distinction between infringement and passing off.

Q7) Discuss the various offences and penalties incorporated under the Trade Marks Act, 1999.

Q8) “In the world wide web, domain names play a very important role and hence needs to be protected under the trademark law.” Discuss the statement with the help of judicial precedents.

Q9) Write notes on any two:

- a) Registrar of Trade Marks.
- b) Effect of registration.
- c) Licences for the premitted use of trademark.
- d) Paris Convention.



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Diploma Course in Intellectual Property Right Laws
104 : INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS, GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS
AND LAYOUT DESIGNS OF INTEGRATED CIRCUITS
(Paper - IV)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question No. 8 is compulsory. It carries 20 marks.*
- 2) *Answer Any Five of the remaining carrying 16 Marks.*

Q1) Discuss Historical background of law of Geographical Indication in India.

Q2) Explain the rights and liabilities of registered design owners under the Designs Act 2000.

Q3) State and explain powers of the registrar of Geographical indications in India.

Q4) Discuss the remedies for infringement of designs under the Designs Act 2000.

Q5) Explain the TRIPS provisions relating to Layout designs and Industrial designs.

Q6) What is industrial Design? Elaborate the procedure for registration of design under the Designs Act 2000.

Q7) What is a Geographical Indication? Discuss what Indications are not registrable?

Q8) Short Notes (Attempt any two):

- a) Difference between industrial design and semiconductor layout design.
- b) Integrated circuits.
- c) Registration process of Geographical Indications.
- d) Difference between copyright in design and copyright in artistic work.

