Total No.	of Questions	:8]	ı
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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

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# [5124]-101 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### **BCH - 170 : Biomolecules**

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System) IMax. Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets. 2) Q.4 and Q.8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I Q1)** Answer the following: What are phospholipids? Explain with examples. [3] a) Explain general properties of carbohydrates. b) [3] Explain LDL and HDL with suitable example. **[4]** c) **Q2)** Answer the following: What is rancidity? Explain. a) [2] Write an account on derivatives of sugars. b) [4] Describe formation of Miscelle and liposomes. [4] c) **Q3)** Answer the following: What are vitamins? Explain their biological role. a) [3] Classify lipids with suitable example from each class. b) [5] What are chylomicrons? c) [2]

<b>Q4</b> )	Ansv	Answer <u>any one</u> of the following: [5]		
	a)	What are carbohydrates? Classify with suitable example.		
	b)	Describe biological significance of lipids.		
		SECTION - II		
<b>Q5</b> )	Ansv	wer the following:		
	a)	Write note on rare amino acids.	[3]	
	b)	Draw & explain different structural motifs in protein structure.	[3]	
	c)	Explain different chemical properties of amino acids.	[4]	
Q6)	Ansv	wer the following:		
	a)	Draw the structure of following tetrapeptide Asp-Gly-Val-Leu.	[2]	
	b)	Write a short note on helical structure of protein.	[4]	
	c)	Write a note on Globular proteins.	[4]	
Q7)	Ansv	wer the following:		
	a)	Explain solid phase synthesis.	[5]	
	b)	Peptide bond shows double bond character. Explain. Comment features of peptide bond.	on [3]	
	c)	Define Zwitter ion.	[2]	
Q8)	Ansv	wer any one of the following:	[5]	
	a)	Write short note on Ramchandran plot.		
	b)	Explain end group analysis.		

<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	8]
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8]	SEAT No. :
[ <b>5</b> 124] 102	[Total No. of Pages : 2

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# [5124]-102 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 171: Enzymology and Biophysical Techniques (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate sheets.
- 2) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two from Q. 5 to Q. 7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### **SECTION - I**

(Enzymology)

### **Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Give Michaelis-Menten equation and define each term. [2]
- b) What is the effect of change in temperature on enzyme catalyzed reaction. [4]
- c) Give the therapeutic significance of enzyme inhibitors. [4]

# **Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) Explain why ser-195 of chymotrypsin is super reactive. [3]
- b) What is substrate cycle? Explain with suitable example. [3]
- c) How pre-steady kinetics is studied? Explain its significance. [4]

# **Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Explain how a biochemist might discover that a certain enzyme is allosterically regulated. [2]
- b) What is ubiquitination? Explain the reactions. [3]
- c) Describe the various methods used for determination of active site. [5]

	a)	Discuss the acid-base catalysis.	[5]
	b)	While determination of rate of degradation of enzyme how reutilizat of precursor amino-acid is prevented?	ion [ <b>5</b> ]
		SECTION - II	
		(Biophysical Techniques)	
Q5)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What is a restriction map?	[2]
	b)	How are proteins eluted from affinity chromatography column?	[4]
	c)	What is hydroxyapetite chromatography? How it separate ss DNA fr ds DNA?	om [4]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	Mention three unique advantages of size exclusion chromatography.	[3]
	b)	Explain any three factors which affect on absorption spectra biomolecules.	of [3]
	c)	Write a note on capillary electrophoresis.	[4]
Q7)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What is isocretic pump? Explain its use in chromatography.	[2]
	b)	Describe the applications of isoelectric focusing.	[3]
	c)	Write a note on DNA agarose gel electrophoresis.	[5]
Q8)	Ansv	wer any one of the following:	
	a)	Describe the principle and method of ion-exchange chromatography.	[5]
	b)	Describe the principle, method and significance of dialysis.	[5]

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following:

<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	8]
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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

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# [5124]-103 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 172: Microbiology and Cell Biology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two from Q. 5 to Q. 7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### **SECTION - I**

### (Microbiology)

# **Q1)** Answer the following:

	a)	Give the methods for classification of micro-organism.	[3]
	b)	Explain phase contrast microscope in detail.	[4]
	c)	Explain the mode of action of phenol.	[3]
Q2)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	Write a note on nitrogen cycle.	[2]
	b)	Give the contribution of microbiologists towards vaccine development	.[4]
	c)	Explain the replication of Herpes simplex virus.	[4]
Q3)	Ans	swer the following:	

- a) How will you isolate bacterial mutants. [2]
- b) What is pure culture. How will you isolate pure culture. [5]
- c) Classify plant and animal viruses. [3]

<i>Q4</i> )	Answer any one of the following:		
	a)	Discuss the oxygen and temperature requirement for growth of bacteria.	[5]
	b)	Describe transmission electron microscopy and scanning electron microscopy.	on [ <b>5</b> ]
		<u>SECTION - II</u>	
		(Cell Biology)	
Q5)	Ans	swer the following:	
	a)	Write note on structure and function of nucleus.	[3]
	b)	Explain Active and Passive transport mechanisms.	[3]
	c)	Describe cytoskeleton and its various components.	[4]
Q6)	Ans	swer the following:	
	a)	Describe structure and function of mitochondria in the cell.	[5]
	b)	Write note on marker enzymes of various cell organelles.	[3]
	c)	Define terms - chromosomes, sister chromatids and homologo chromosomes.	us [ <b>2</b> ]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ans	swer the following:	
	a)	Why meiosis is called reduced division?	2]
	b)	Write a note on different types of transport mechanism across plasmembrane.	na [ <b>5</b> ]
	c)	Write a note on cell-cell communication between plant cells.	3]
Q8)	Ans	swer any one:	
	a)	Define term gametogenesis. Differentiate between spermatogenesis a oogenesis.	nd [ <b>5</b> ]
		OR	
	b)	Write a note on cell function.	[5]
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<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	8]
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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

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# [5124]-201 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# **BCH-270**: Bioenergetics and Metabolism

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheet. *2*) Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7. Figures to the right indicates full marks. 4) **SECTION-I** (Bioenergetics and Metabolism I) **Q1)** Answer the following: What do you mean by metabolism. [2] a) Draw the structure of ATP and list out its significance. b) [3] Discuss beta oxidation of even number carbon atom. [5] c) **Q2)** Attempt the following: a) Define gluconeogenesis. [2] What are uncouplers? How do they effect ETC and ATP synthesis. [5] b) Give the biosynthesis of triglycerides c) [3] *Q3*) Answer the following: List out irreversible reaction in glycolysis. a) [2] What is free energy, enthalpy and entropy. [3] Although O2 is not involved in any step of TCA cycle yet the cycle in aerobic. Explain. [5] **Q4)** Answer any <u>one</u> of the following: Give the significance of glyoxalate pathway. [5] a) Discuss the role of electron carriers in mitochondrial respiration. b) [5]

# **SECTION-II**

# (Metabolism)

Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Explain biosynthesis of cysteine, methionine & threonine.	[3]
	b)	Give the function of precursor in amino acid biosynthesis	[4]
	c)	Explain Gout in detail.	[3]
Q6)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Write in short role of folic acid in amino acid metabolism.	[2]
	b)	Explain gamma glutamyl cycle.	[4]
	c)	Write note on pyrimidine nucleotide biosynthesis.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is transamination?	[2]
	b)	What is phenolketone urea. Explain its causes and symptoms in detail.	.[5]
	c)	Write note on urea cycle regulation.	[3]
Q8)	Ans	wer any one of the following:	
	a)	Purine degradation	[5]
	b)	Discuss formation of aromatic amino acids.	[5]







Total No. of Questions : 8]		SEAT No. :	
P1441	[5124]-202	[Total No. of Pages	: :

# M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# **BCH-271:Techniques in Characterization of Biomolecules**

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both sections should be written on separate answer sheet. Question No.4 and 8 are compulsory. 2) 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7 Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I** (Biophysical Methods) **Q1)** Answer the following: What is Viscosity. [2] a) Give the application of atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer. b) [4] Give the different methods used for measurement of conc<sup>n</sup> in an c) analytical centrifuge cell. [4] **Q2)** Attempt the following: Give the principle of liquid scintillation counter. a) [2] b) What are the different methods used for measurement of viscosity of the solution. [4] Describe the application of  $\alpha$ -ray diffraction. [4] c) *Q3*) Answer the following: Describe the stripping film method of auto radiography. [3] a) Write a note on isotope tracer technique. b) [3] What is sedimentation velocity. Describe the factor affecting it. c) [4] **Q4)** Answer any one of the following: [5] a) What is radioactivity? How will you measure it. Explain. Distinguish between boundary and band sedimentation.

#### **SECTION-II**

### (Structure Determination of Riomolecules)

		(Structure Determination of Diomolectures)	
Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What are Biosensors? Explain.	[3]
	b)	What is NMR? Give the principle.	[3]
	c)	Distinguish between ORD and CD.	[4]
Q6)	Atten	npt the following:	
	a)	What is meant by fluorescence.	[2]
	b)	Explain the principle, working and application of LCMS.	[5]
	c)	Write a note on various matrix used in MALDI.	[3]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Discuss cell based biosensors.	[3]
	b)	Explain the superiority of MALDI-TOF-MS than MALDI.	[5]
	c)	Give the application of GCMS.	[2]
Q8)	Ans	wer any one of the following:	[5]

- **Q8)** Answer any one of the following:
  - What is fluorescence depolarization. Explain the experiment for measuring the polarization of fluorescence.
  - b) How the fluidity of the interior part of erythrocyte membrane is studied with the help of ESR spectroscopy.

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Total No. of Questions: 8]		SEAT No:	
P1442	[5124] 202	Total	No. of Pages :3

[5124]-203 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH-272: Biostatistics, Computer and Bioinformatics (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-II)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheet.
- 2) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Supplementary will be provided for checking p-values.
- 6) Graph papers will be provided.

#### **SECTION-I**

#### (Biostatistics and Computers)

## **Q1)** Answer the following:

a) Give importance of biostatistics in life science.

[2]

b) Explain binary and decimal numbers.

- [3]
- c) Find the cumulative and relative frequencies of the following data. [5]

No.of pods	1-9	10-20	21-30	31-40	41-50
No.of plants	4	6	25	15	20

# **Q2)** Attempt the following:

a) Calculate the mean of the following data.

[2]

- 10 13 14 9 10
- b) Calculate the standard deviation and standard error of data.

[4]

Waxy plants	15	17	7	9	11
No.of plants	18	12	18	15	14

c) Calculate the value of median and also determine it graphically using Ogive. [4]

Variable	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Frequency	6	8	10	12	14	15

P. T. O.

#### **Q3)** Answer the following:

a) The following data represents the number of productive tillers per plant of a wheat variety.

Draw a histogram of the following data

[3]

No.of plants	0-4	4-8	8-12	12-16	16-20	20-24
No.of productive	10	11	12	15	20	12
tillers						

b) Data on hair colour and the eye colour are given in the table. Calculate the chi-square value. Determine the association between the hair colour and the eye colour. [5]

		Fair	Brown	Black	Total
	Blue	15	20	5	40
Eye	Grey	20	20	10	50
colour	Brown	25	20	15	60
	Total	60	60	30	150

c) What do you mean by flowchart. Give its uses.

[2]

# **Q4)** Answer any one of the following:

[5]

- a) Explain the programming in BASIC.
- b) Explain input, output and format statements.

### **SECTION-II**

## (Bioinformatics)

# **Q5)** Answer the following:

a) Write a note on PAM matrices.

[2]

b) Explain nucleotide sequence database.

[3]

c) Explain and distinguish between global and local alignment.

[5]

# **Q6)** Attempt the following:

a) Explain multiple sequence alignment.

[2]

b) Explain Needleman and Wunsch algorithm.

[5]

c) Explain Pub Med central.

[3]

## [5124]-203

### **Q7)** Answer the following:

- What do you mean by Hamming Distance. [2]
- What is Smith-Waterman algorithm. Explain. b) [5]
- State the salient features of any protein 3D structure visualization c) software. [3]

### **Q8)** Answer any one of the following:

[5]

- Explain how sequence data is generated for expressed sequence tags database division of NCBI.
- Explain why there is need of Heuristics approach in database sequence b) search. Explain any one heuristics approach in sequence similarity search.







Total No.	of	Questions	:	<b>8</b> ]	

[Total No. of Pages : 2

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# [5124]-204 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# **BCH - 273: Membrane Biochemistry & Genetics**

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II) Time: 3 Hours] IMax. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answers to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets. *2*) Question No.4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and any two from Q5 to Q7. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I** (Membrane Biochemistry) **Q1)** Answer the following: Explain nuclear pare complex. a) [3] Give an account of membrane transport mechanism. b) [3] Describe the mechanism of Na-K pump and comment on its functions. [4] c) **Q2)** Attempt the following: Give an example of membrane assymmetry. [2] a) What are ionophores? Explain with example. b) [3] c) Explain Gap function and its significance. [5] *Q3*) Answer the following: What are antimicrobial agents, give their role. [2] a) Explain lipids as a major constituent of biological membrances. b) [4] Give an account on factors affecting physical properties of membrane. c) [4]

#### **Q4)** Attempt any one of the following: [5] Sodium channel and its significance. b) Give difference between primary and secondary active transport. **SECTION - II** (Genetics) **Q5)** Answer the following: Explain co-dominance and incomplete dominance with suitable examples. a) Givein detail applications of pedegree analysis. b) [3] Genetic code is degenerate explain. c) [4] **Q6)** Answer the following: What are plasmids, enlist different types. [3] a) What do you understand by Denaturation and renaturation of DNA. [3] b) Explain steps involved in bacteriophage life cycle. [4] c) **Q7**) Answer the following: Write note on Tetrad analysis. [3] a) Give an account an regulation of lactose operon. b) [3] State and explain law of segregation with example. c) [4] **Q8)** Explain any one in detail. [5] Define Dosage compensation, explain mechanism of dosage compensation in humans.

Write note on chromasomal mutations.

b)

<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	<b>6</b> ]
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SEAT No.:		
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[5124]-301

# M.Sc. (Part - II) **BIOCHEMISTRY**

	BCH - 370 : Molecular Biology (2012 Pattern) (Samastar, III) (Credit System)			
		(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)  Hours] [Max. Mark. ons to the candidates: Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. Figures to the right side indicate full marks. Solve any three questions from Q.1 to Q.4. Question 5 and 6 are compulsory.	s:50	
Q1)	An	swer the following:		
	a)	What are ribozymes?	[2]	
	b)	Write a note on prokaryotic RNA polymerase.	[3]	
	c)	Explain mobile genetic elements with an example.	[2]	
	d)	Explain Rho-dependent transcription termination process.	[3]	
Q2)	An	swer the following:		
	a)	Explain Holiday junction model.	[3]	
	b)	Give the role of helicase and ligase in DNA replication.	[3]	
	c)	Proteins are modified before targeting or transportation. Explain.	[4]	
Q3)	An	swer the folloiwng:		
	a)	Explain pyrimidine dimer formation.	[3]	
	b)	Explain role of t-RNA in translation.	[3]	
	c)	Explain steps in homologous recombination in which Reparticipates.	ec A [4]	

# **Q4)** Answer the following:

	a)	What are adenovirus?	[2]
	b)	Write a note on Initiation of transcription in prokaryotes.	[3]
	c)	What is 5' capping and 3' tailing.	[2]
	d)	Define role of helicase in DNA replication.	[3]
Q5)	Atte	mpt any two:	
	a)	Explain Eukaryotic transcription process.	[5]
	b)	Give the post translational modification of m-RNA.	[5]
	c)	Explain retrotransposons and their method of transposition.	[5]
<b>Q6</b> )	Atte	mpt any two:	
	a)	Explain the need for post transcriptional modifications.	[5]
	b)	Explain chromatin remodeling.	[5]
	c)	Explain the mitochondrial transportation of protein.	[5]

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Total No.	of Questions	:	8]	
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**Q1)** Answer the following.

Total No. of Questions . of	
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SEAT No.:	
[Total	No. of Pages: 2

[5124]-302 M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 371: Medical Biochemistry and Immunology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50 Instruction to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any 2 question from Question No. 1-3 and 5-7.
- 2) Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.

Explain extrinsic apoplosis.

Write a note on my cohacterium.

b)

c)

3) Answer to each section are written to be on seperate answer sheets.

### **SECTION - I**

#### Medical Biochemistry

	a)	Define drugs and antibiotics.	[2]
	b)	What is role of viruses in carcinogenesis.	[4]
	c)	Give the pathaphysiology of nickle and amonia.	[4]
Q2)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Give any two basic approach by WHO for control of cancer.	[2]
	b)	Describe any one mechanism of resistance to antibiotics.	[5]
	c)	Describe molecular basis of hemoglobinopathies.	[3]
Q3)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	Give the structure and function of lysosome in animal cell.	[5]

[2]

[3]

<b>Q4</b> )	Ans	wer any one of the following:	
	a)	Explain role of viruses as carcinogen in causing cancer.	[5]
	b)	Give the composition of CSF and their biochemical significance.	[5]
		SECTION - II	
		Immunology	
Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Explain Rochet immuno electrophoresis.	[2]
	b)	Explain inivate immunity in detail.	[4]
	c)	Explain types of Immunoglobulin classes.	[4]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	Give the developmental stages of T cells.	[3]
	b)	Explain the role of different cells involved in cell mediated immunity	.[3]
	c)	How do vaccine work? Why do we cannot have vaccine for each every disease.	and [ <b>4</b> ]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What are interferom? Explain its role.	[3]
	b)	Write a note on blood group substances.	[3]
	c)	Give the production of monoclonal Abs.	[4]
Q8)	Ans	wer any one of the following.	
	a)	List out the types of hyper sensitivity reaction and give their features	.[5]
	b)	What are Immuno deficiency diseases? Discuss the features of one s disease.	uch [ <b>5</b> ]

Tota	l No.	of Questions : 8] SEAT No. :	
P14	446		ges : 2
		M.Sc.	
		BIOCHEMISTRY	
BC	CH -	· 372: Neurochemistry and Biochemistry of specialized Tiss (Credit System) (Semester - III) (2013 Pattern)	ues
Time	2 I	Hours] [Max. Mark	ze • 50
		ons to the candidates:	is . 50
		Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.	
		Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.  Attempt any two questions from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two from Q. 5 to Q. 7.	
	4)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
		<u>SECTION - I</u>	
		Neurochemistry	
Q1)	Ans	swer the following:	
	a)	What is neuroplasm?	[2]
	b)	Explain the difference between short term and long term potentiation	n.[ <b>4</b> ]
	c)	What are diverging and converging circuits.	[4]
Q2)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	Describe the functional parts of the nerve cell.	[3]
	b)	What are the types of synapses? Explain any one with example.	[3]
	c)	How do the autonomic nervous system and somatic nervous sy compare in the structure and functions?	stem

*Q3*) Answer the following:

a)

b)

c)

What is the composition of nervous tissue?

Explain the role of acetylcholine.

Write a note on circadian rhythms.

[3] *P.T.O.* 

[4]

[3]

	a)	Write a note on cerebrospinal fluid.	
	b)	What are neuropeptides. Explain the mechanism of action of neuropept with an example.	tide
		SECTION - II	
		Biochemistry of specialized Tissues	
Q5)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What is graded potential?	[2]
	b)	Explain the structure and function of rhodopsin.	[4]
	c)	Describe the biochemistry of smell.	[4]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	What is selectivity and specificity of channeles? Explain with example.	.[3]
	b)	Explain the mechanism and function of hair cells of cochlea.	[3]
	c)	Describe the role of dynein.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What is dynamic instability?	[2]
	b)	Write a note on colour vision.	[3]
	c)	Describe the mechanism of muscle contration.	[5]
Q8)	Ans	wer any one of the following:	[5]
	a)	Write a note on primary events in visual excitation.	
	b)	Describe the signal transduction system of chemotaxis.	

[5]

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following:

Total 1	No.	of	Questions	:	8]
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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages : 2

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[5124]-304 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 373: Toxicology and Plant Biochemistry (2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the section should be written in different ansewer sheets.
- 2) Solve any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two question from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 3) Question No. 4 and Q.No.8 are compulsory.
- 4) Figures to right indicate full marks.

#### **SECTION - I**

### **Toxicology**

<b>Q1</b> ) Ans	swer the following:	
a)	What are animal and plant toxins.	[2]
b)	Explain reversible and irreversible toxicity.	[4]
c)	Give the mechanism of phase I and phase II reaction.	[4]
<b>Q2)</b> Atte	empt the following.	
a)	Explain mutagenicity with reference to toxicity.	[3]
b)	Explain detoxication and toxication reaction.	[4]
c)	Explain the role of industrial solvents & vapours.	[3]
<b>Q3)</b> Ans	swer the following.	
a)	Write a note on organophosphorus.	[2]
b)	Explain the forenic and clinical application.	[4]

c) Explain the component of cylochrome P-450 mono oxygenase system. [4]

	a)	How will you evaluate the toxicity of a substance.	5]
	b)	Write the difference between acute, subacute subchoronic and chron toxicity.	ic 5]
		SECTION - II	
Q5)	Atte	mpt the following.	
	a)	Describe the structure of chloroplast with neat labelled diagram. [3]	3]
	b)	What are secondary metabolities? Explain the chemistry and rale alkaloids.	of <b>4]</b>
	c)	Write note on seed dormancy.	3]
Q6)	Atten	npt the following.	
	a)	Write an account of various plant pests and the symptoms of infection.	3]
	b)	Give role of magnisium in plant growth.	3]
	c)	Write a note on sulphur metabolism.	4]
Q7)	Atte	mpt the following.	
	a)	Describe the physiology of seed germination in plant.	3]
	b)	Enlist the microelements required for plants and the role of any two them.	of <b>2]</b>
	c)	Describe the light reaction of photosynthesis.	5]
Q8)	a)	Give a detailed account of $N_2$ fixation and assimilation. OR	5]
	b)	Describe the types and role of plant harmones in growth ar development.	nd <b>5</b> ]

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following.

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<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	8]	
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[Total No. of Pages :2

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b)

c)

# [5124]-401 M.Sc.

# **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH-470: Physiological Biochemistry & Endocrinology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both the sections should be written on separate sheets. *2*) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory. Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7. 3) 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION-I** (Physiological Biochemistry) **Q1)** Answer the following: Write the anatomy of the kidney. [3] a) Explain any three physiological functions of liver. [3] b) What are the digestive functions of the components of pancreatic juice?[4] c) **Q2)** Attempt the following: Where is the juxtaglomerular apparatus located and what is it structure?[2] a) Describe the functions of respiratory system. b) [4] What factors affect the rate of diffusion of oxygen and carbon dioxide?[4] c) **Q3)** Answer the following: What are the characteristics of normal urine? a) [2]

How is the secretion of saliva regulated?

and G-cells in the stomach.

What is the importance of mucous neck cells, chief cells, parietal cells

[3]

[5]

<i>Q4)</i>	Atte	mpt any one of the following:	
	a)	Why do infants experience greater problems with fluid electrolyte acid-base balance than adults?	and [5]
	b)	What is the difference between digestion and absorption? How are end products of carbohydrates, proteins and lipid digestion absorted?	
		SECTION-II	
		(Endocrinology)	
Q5)	Answ	ver the following:	
	a)	Give the main difference between group-I and group-II class of hormon	nes. [2]
	b)	What are prostaglandins? Describe their functions.	[4]
	c)	Write a note on hormone-response unit.	[4]
Q6)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	What is the significance of organification in thyroid hormone synthesis	.[3]
	b)	Explain the phenomenon of target cell insensitivity.	[3]
	c)	What are G-protein coupled receptors? Describe the role in the mode action of hormone.	e of [4]
Q7)	Answ	ver the following:	
	a)	How are diabetes mellitus and diabetes insipidus different?	[2]
	b)	What is the significance of altering kinase activity of target cells?	[3]
	c)	Explain the major action of coldosterone on target cell.	[5]
Q8)	Atten	npt any one of the following:	
	a)	Describe the classification of hormones based on mode of action.	[5]
	b)	Explain the role of angiotensin II and III in the regulation	of

[5]

mineralocorticoid.

Total No.	of	Questions	:	8]	

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[Total No. of Pages : 2

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### M.Sc.

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH:471:Fermentation Technology and Tissue Culture (2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheet. 2) Question No:4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I** Fermentation Technology **Q1)** Answer the following: What do you mean by aeration and agitation. [2] a) What are the different criteria for isolation of industrially important b) microorganism. [4] What are the basic requirement for expression of foreign DNA in c) micro-organism. [4] **Q2)** Attempt the following: List out the technique used for effluent treatment. [2] Give any one application of fermentation technology. b) [4] c) Explain media optimization in detail. [4] **Q3**) Answer the following: Enlist the different sterilization technique. [2] a) Give the techniques for isolation of auxotropic mutants. b) [4] Give the different methods for strain improvement. c) [4] **Q4)** Attempt any one of the following: [5] a) How will you choose a recovery process during fermentation. Explain fermentor design.

# **SECTION-II**

# Tissue culture

Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Enlist any two growth regulator with their functions.	[3]
	b)	What are micro-nutrients? Enlist micro-nutrients present in MS-media.	.[3]
	c)	Give the principle, working and application of CO <sub>2</sub> incubator.	[4]
Q6)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	Give the steps to obtain primary culture.	[3]
	b)	Describe various physical and chemical agents used for sterilization.	[3]
	c)	How haploid can be produced in tissue culture.	[4]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	How to establish protoplast culture.	[3]
	b)	What is somatic embryogensis? Add a note on factors affecting it.	[3]
	c)	Give an account of organ culture in detail with suitable example.	[4]
Q8)	Ans	wer any one of the following:	
	a)	What is Micropropagation? Explain different stages of micropropagation	on [ <b>5</b> ]
	b)	What are serum free media? Discuss the advantages and disadvanta	ges

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[5]

of such media.

Total No.	of Questions	:	8]	
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SEAT No.:				
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# **BIOCHEMISTRY**

		BCH:472:Genetic Engineering	
		(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)	
Time	e:3	Hours] [Max. Mark	s:50
Insti	ructi 1) 2) 3) 4)	ons to the candidates:  Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.  Solve section I and II on separate answer books.  Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and any two from Q5 to Q7. Question 4 8 are compulsory.  Figures to right indicate full marks.	4 and
		SECTION - I	
Q1)	An	nswer the following:	
	a)	Give two restriction enzymes and their recognition site.	[2]
	b)	Write note on blue white screening.	[4]
	c)	Give methods for identification of transformed and non-transformed of	cells. [ <b>4</b> ]
Q2)	An	nswer the following:	
	a)	What are probes?	[2]
	b)	Write note on Ti-plasmid and discuss T-DNA organization.	[4]
	c)	Explain colony hybridization.	[4]
Q3)	An	nswer the following:	
	a)	What are cosmids?	[2]
	b)	Write note on pyrosequencing.	[4]
	c)	What are reporter gene? Discuss about types of reporter genes.	[4]
Q4)	Ex	plain in detail:	
	a)	Write note on pBR322 Plasmid vector.	[5]
		OR	
	b)	How cDNA library is constructed and how it differs from genomic librar	y.[5]

# **SECTION - II**

Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What are transcriptome?	[2]
	b)	Write note on applications of PCR.	[4]
	c)	Explain herbicide resistance with suitable example.	[4]
Q6)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Give two examples of any two pest resistant plants produced using general engineering.	etic [2]
	b)	Describe the embryonic cell transfer technology with its applications.	.[4]
	c)	Explain colony hybridization.	[4]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is si RNA.	[2]
	b)	Write short on genome annotation technique.	[4]
	c)	Describe production of recombinant proteins in E. coli	[4]
Q8)	Expl	lain in detail:	
	a)	What is in-vitro mutagenesis? Describe aligonucleotide based method introducing mutation.	d of <b>[5]</b>
		OR	_
	b)	Describe the different methods of gene transfer in plants.	[5]



Total No.	of Questions	:	8]
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### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

BCH-473: Clinical Nutrition and Food Technology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-IV) (Optional)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheet. 2) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION-I** (Clinical Nutrition) **Q1)** Answer the following: Give the importance of Dietary fiber. [2] Which toxic chemicals are present in tea? Explain the effect in brief. [4] b) Write a note on tobacco. c) [4] **Q2)** Attempt the following: What do you mean by malnutrition. [2] Give the adverse effect of alcohol and tea. b) [4] Explain the factor affecting digestion and absorption of food. c) [4] **Q3)** Answer the following: Define neutral tranquilizers. a) [2] Explain amino acid therapy. b) [4] Give the nutritional management of in born error. c) [4]

<b>Q4</b> )	Answer any one of the following:					
	a)	•				
	b)					
		SECTION-II				
		(Food Technology)				
Q5)	Ansv	wer the following:				
	a)	Explain primary feedstock.	[2]			
	b)	Give the biochemistry of food spoilage.	[4]			
	c)	Write a note on any food additive used in food industry.	[4]			
Q6)	Ans	swer the following:				
	a)	Differentiate the features of food obtained from plant and animal origin	1.[3]			
	b)	Give the methods and explain the manufacturing process of natural synthetic sweetness.	and [ <b>5</b> ]			
	c)	Explain the role of enzymes in food industries.	[2]			
Q7)	Atte	mpt the following:				
	a)	Give the difference between natural and synthetic syrups.	[2]			
	b)	Write a note on proteins obtained from unconventional sources.	[4]			
	c)	Describe the enzymes used for food analysis for toxin and alcohol.	[4]			
<b>Q8</b> )	Ansv	wer any one of the following:	[5]			
	a)	Explain the different methods for starch production.				
	b)	Explain genetically modified food in detail.				