P1735

SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages :2

[5132] - 101 M.Sc. -I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-101: Advanced Biological Chemistry (2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1)** Answer any four of the following:

[20]

- a) Enlist the storage carbohydrates. Explain any one.
- b) Explain 'Lesch-Nyhan syndrome' as a metabolic disorder.
- c) Give importance of non covalent interactions in stabilization of protein structure.
- d) Write a short note on metabolic flux.
- e) Describe the therapeutic applications of terpenoids.
- f) Comment on 'cytokine receptors'.
- **Q2)** Answer any four of the following:

- a) Enlist the extraction methods used for isolation of secondary metabolites. Explain soxhlet method of extraction.
- b) Explain the term metabolic engineering with representative example.

- c) Describe Michaelis Menten equation for single substrate enzyme catalysed reaction.
- d) Comment on temporal and special variations of secondary metabolites.
- e) Explain the mechanism how chaperon mediate proten folding.
- f) Discuss the integration of metabolism.

Q3) Answer any one of the following:

[10]

- a) Describe in detail shikimic acid is a key intermediate in the synthesis of both aromatic aminoacids and phenylpropanoids.
- b) Why post translational modification of protein is essential for the functioning of protein? Elaborate any two types of protein modification

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Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No:	
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[Total No. of Pages :1

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[5132]-102 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-102: Molecular Biology

(2013 Pattern) (New) (Semester-I) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to the sections must be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) All questions are compulsory.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of color pencil restricted to diagrams.
- Q1) Write self explanatory note on <u>any four</u> of the following:

[20]

- a) DNA melting and its implication
- b) Rolling circle model of DNA replication
- c) Mismatch repair
- d) NHEJ recombination
- e) Transposable elements in bacteria
- f) Post translational modification
- **Q2)** Explain any four of the following with suitable illustrations in 10-15 sentences:

- a) Sumoylation and ubiquitinyaltion
- b) Nucleosome
- c) DNA polymerase III
- d) Protein folding
- e) Inhibitors of translation and its significance in research
- f) Pseudogenes and truncated genes
- Q3) Explain any one of the following in detail with suitable illustrations: [10]
 - a) Protein trafficking
 - b) Prokaryotic transcription



Total No. of Questions: 3]

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SEAT No.:

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5132]-103 M.Sc. - I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-103: Environmental Biotechnology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instruction to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat & labelled diagram wherever neccessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt any four of the following:

[4×5=20]

- a) Give overview of environment protection act 1986.
- b) Explain various methods of waste water disposal on land.
- c) Explain Rio conference become milestone in the view of global environmental concerns.
- d) Elaborate role of sustainable use of bioresources & ecoplaning in environmental protection.
- e) write on significance of ISO 14000 series.
- f) What are global & regional threats to the environment

Q2) Write notes on (any four):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Air & water quality standards
- b) Solid waste management.
- c) Use of genetically modified organisms in bioremediation.
- d) EIA guidelines
- e) Environmental audit
- f) International Ecostandard

Q3) Answer any one of the following:

- a) Explain the principal & objectives of remote sensing. Add a note on its applications.
- b) Mention various biological methods used for waste water treatment. [2]

 OR
- a) What is phytoremediation? Describe different modes of Phytoremediation. [8]
- b) Enlist various stratigies used for biodegradation of pollutants. [2]

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[5132]-104 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY BT - 104: Cell Biology

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer any four questions:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Lipid bilayer is a 2-D fluid. Jusify.
- b) Discuss the role of microtubule cytoskeleton in non-dividing cells.
- c) Write a note on structure and functions of different types of plastids.
- d) Give an account on structure and function of vacuoles.
- e) Give the structure and function of signal recognition particle (SRP).
- f) Explain the principle of fluorescence microscopy.

Q2) Answer any four questions:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Describe the mechanism of import of proteins into the nucleus.
- b) What are gap junctions? Add a note on the structure and function.
- c) Explain cell senescence in plants.
- d) Write a note on activation of cyclin dependent kinases.
- e) Give an account on the role of proto-oncogens and anti-oncogens in the etiology of cancer.
- f) Explain differentiation of blood cells from hematopoietic stem cells.

Q3) Answer any one question:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Give a detailed account of photorespiration in plants. Add a note on its disadvantages.
- b) Elaborate the GPCR pathway of signal transduction.







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	of Questions :3]	SEAT No.:
P1739	[5122] 201	[Total No. of Pages :2
	[5132] - 201	
	M.ScI	
	BIOTECHNOLOGY	
	BT-201: Genetic Engineer	ing
	(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Cre	dit System)
Time: 3 I	Hours]	[Max. Marks :50
Instructio	ns to the candidates:	
ŕ	All questions are compulsory.	
2)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
<i>Q1</i>) Wri	te a short notes on any Four of the following:	[20]
a)	Transfection.	
b)	Inverse PCR.	
c)	Blue-White screening method.	
d)	Genomic library.	
e)	DNA ligase enzyme.	
f)	Biopharming.	

Q2) Attempt any four of the following:

- Yeast artificial chromosome as a vector. a)
- Compare between the insertion and replacement vector. b)
- Explain the automation of sanger DNA sequencing method. c)

- d) Comment on biosafety regulations for release of GMO.
- e) Discuss the uses of viral vector in gene therapy.
- f) Explain the techniques used for physical mapping.

Q3) Answer any one of the following:

[10]

- a) Discuss the criteria used to decide, if a particular protein should be expressed in prokaryotic system.
- b) What are molecular markers? Explain the marker assisted selection of plant genotypes.

888

Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No.:

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[5132]-202 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 202: Immunology

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw the sketches wherever necessary.
- **Q1)** Attempt any three of the following:

[15]

- a) Write a note on antigen presentation and functioning of lymph node as a lymphoid organ.
- b) Compare and contrast Ouchterlony's and Mancini method of immunodiffusion.
- c) Draw a neat labeled diagram of MHC-I and MHC II proteins.
- d) Write a note on Asthama as a prolonged allergic reaction.
- e) Justify giving reasons why Systemic lupus erythromatosus and Thrombocytopenic purpura make use of Antibody medicine.
- **Q2)** Attempt any one of the following:

[10]

- a) Explain the co-stimulation signal cascade in Clonal selection theory.
- b) Describe the class switching from IgM to IgG in secondary infection.



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SEAT No). :				
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[5132] - 203

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-203: Principles of Bacteriology & Virology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labelled diagrams to be drawn where ever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt any four of the following:

[20]

- a) What are prions? How do they differ from virions & viroids.
- b) State the mechanisms of viral cell interactions in presistant infections.
- c) What adaptations cause extremophiles to survive in harsh conditions.
- d) Discuss the mechanism of antigenic shift & antigenic drift.
- e) Explain the process of binary fission. Add a note on the proteins involved in it.
- f) Enlist the different cell inclusions in prokaryotes. Elaborate on any two.

Q2) Answer any four of the following:

[20]

a) Detection of endospore employ special staining procedures. Explain the statement.

- b) Emergence of new viral diseases are favoured by multiple factors. Justify.
- c) Discuss applications of cyanobacteria in agriculture citing example.
- d) Discuss the importance of enrichment as a tool for obtaining pure culture.
- e) What are infectivity assays. Define the terms pock, plaque, cytopathic effect & mecrotic lesion.
- f) Write about Baltimore classification of viruses with example.

Q3) Answer any one:

[10]

- a) Explain in detail, different methods used for viral cultivation.
- b) Discuss the different methods used in bacterial identification.

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SEAT No.: P1742

[Total No. of Pages :2

[5132] - 204 M.Sc. -I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-204: Plant Biotechnology

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat labelled diagram wherever neccessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer any four questions:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- How variation are produced during micropropogation? Add note on its a) applications.
- Elaborate the role of Biotechnology in algal strain improvement. b)
- What is somatic embryogenesis? Give an account of production of c) somatic embryos.
- d) Discuss strategies used for development of virus resistant plants.
- Write note on in vitro and rogenesis. e)
- Explain virus mediated gene transfer in plants. f)

Q2) Answer any four questions:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- Discuss qualitative and quantitative strain improvement of yeast. a)
- Explain transgenic approach for development of salt resistant plants. b)

- c) Comment on barriers to horizontal gene transfer.
- d) Write note on plant derived vaccines and therapeutic proteins.
- e) Citing suitable example explain micropropagation of timber yielding plant.
- f) Agarobacterium is natural genetic engineer Justify.

Q3) Answer any one question:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) What are somatic hybrids? Give an account of methodology used for somatic hybridization. Add note on its application in crop improvement.
- b) Why secondary metabolites are so valuable? How metabolic engineering approach can be used to increase secondary metabolite production explain with suitable example.

888

Total No.	of Questions	:3]
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[5132]-301 M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-301: Animal Biotechnology (2013 Pattern) (Semester-III) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- *Q1*) Answer any four questions.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) What is cross contamination? Explain the measures taken to prevent cross contamination.
- b) Write about the advantages and limitations of serum free media.
- c) What do you understand by the term transformed cells? Describe any one method to characterized transformed cells.
- d) Explain invitrofertilization.
- e) Describe any two methods for characterising animal genome.
- f) Write a note on biosafety issues related to animal biotechnology.
- Q2) Write short notes on (any four)

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Scale up animal cell cultures.
- b) Organ culture.
- c) Methods for cell sorting.
- d) Embryonic stem cells.

- e) Applications of animal tissue culture in vaccine production.
- f) Hybrid vigour.
- **Q3)** Answer any one question.

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Describe any one mouse model for studying human genetic disorder.
- b) Write a note on induced pleuripotent stem cells and its applications.



Total No.	of	Questions	:	3]

SEAT No.:		
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P1744 [5132]-302

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 302: Bioprocess Engineering and Fermentation Technology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following: (any four)

[20]

- a) Explain how flow pattern affects choice of impellers in fermentor.
- b) Describe analogue resistant mutants with suitable example.
- c) Describe counter current system for solvent solvent extraction with example.
- d) Comment on different methods of cell disruption used on downstream processing.
- e) What is the significance of Del factor in medium sterilization? Add a note on kinetics of distruction of micro organisms during sterilization.
- f) Enlist methods for determination of kLa and explain any one.

Q2) Answer the following: (any four)

- a) Explain any one design of reactor used for immobilization of enzymes.
- b) Explain the process of continuous sterilization for media sterilization.
- c) What is the effect of cell permeability on glutamate production?
- d) Comment on applications of mixed culture in food industry.
- e) Write a note on concept of scale down in fermentation.
- f) Write a note on concept of Aseptic operation and containment in Bioprocessing.

[10]

- a) Explain the steps involved in oxygen transfer from fermentation broth to the microbial cells. Add a note on role of diffusion in bioprocessing.
- b) Explain the relationship between power consumption and operating variables in baffled, agitated bioreactor.



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[5132]-303 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 303: Database Management and IPR in Biotechnology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Q1) Answer any three:

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

- a) Write provisions of Paris convention and Berne convention.
- b) Discuss essential bioethical considerations in genetically modified foods and crops.
- c) Describe in brief the importance and applications of PubMed.
- d) Write a note on the recording and reporting of adverse events.
- e) Discuss in brief:
 - i) Patent of addition.
 - ii) National Treatment.

Q2) Answer any one:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) With the help of example, discuss essentials and maintenance of source documentation.
- b) Explain the procedure for registration of industrial design. State provisions regarding the terms of design.



Total No.	of Questions	: 3]
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[5132]-304 M.Sc.-II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-304: Advanced Genetics

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-III)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 38

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.

Q1) Answer any two:

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

- a) Explain in brief, how pre-existing genetic variation contributes to induction of somaclonal variations.
- b) What is heritability? Explain advantages and limitations of broad sense and narrow sense heritability.
- c) Write a note on hallmarks of cancer.
- d) Define apomixis. Discuss various genetic mechanisms involved in apomictic development of plants.

Q2) Answer any four:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) What is Philadelphia chromosome? How it is formed? Explain its consequences.
- b) Discuss significance of using <u>Arabidopsis</u> as a model system in studying genetics.
- c) Write a brief account of pre-zygotic self incompatibility in plants.
- d) Explain assumptions of Hardy-weinberg principle.
- e) With a suitable example, discuss multistep nature of cancer.
- f) Red green colourblindness is caused by an x-linked recessive gene. About 64 women out of 10,000 are colourblind. What proportion of men would be expected to show the trait if mating is random.

Q3) Answer any one:

 $[1 \times 8 = 8]$

- a) Write a detailed account of autosomal dominant disorders with appropriate examples.
- b) Give a detailed account of cytoplasmic inheritance with suitable examples.



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[5132]-305 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 305 : Bioinformatics (2013 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time: 1 ½ Hours [Max. Marks: 25]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compusiory.
- 2) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following (any three)

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

- a) Write a note on DBMS.
- b) Explain the significance of Ramchandran plot in structural bioinoformatics.
- c) Write a note on immunoinformatics and immunoinformatic databases.
- d) Explain BLAST and FASTA with reference to nucleic acid and protein sequencing.
- e) Describe a protein classification system giving appropriate examples.

Q2) Answer any one of the following.

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) What is phylogenetic analysis. Discuss any one method of phylogenetic analysis in detail.
- b) Explain in detail local and global alignments with appropriate illustrations.

Total No. of Quest	ions : 3]
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[5132]-401 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-401: Genomics and Proteomics (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-IV)

Time: 3 Hours | [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

Q1) Attempt any four of the following:

[20]

- a) With a representative example of model organism. Explain the concept of genome at chromosome level.
- b) Explain any one next generation sequencing method for analysis of whole genome.
- c) Give the strategic method for cDNA library construction. Does it differ in prokaryotes & Eukaryotes?
- d) Explain the principle and working of RNA Microarray.
- e) Write notes on:
 - i) Zenicogenomis.
 - ii) Gene annotation.

Q2) Attempt any four of the following:

- a) Discuss the advantages and limitations of expressional Proteomics.
- b) Explain the application of MALDI-TOF in proleomic study.
- c) Describe the Bait approach to study the protein-protein interaction.
- d) Give the principle and working of protein microarray.
- e) Explain how 2D electrophoresis is helpful in comparative proteomic study.

Q3) Attempt any one of the following:

[10]

- a) What are the strategies needed to integrate genomic and proteomic studies aiming to understand health and diseased states in humans? Explain with examples.
- b) Give the importance of databases in-omic studies. Explain important tools with appropriate examples.



Total No.	of	Questions	:	3]

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[5132]-402 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-402: Advanced Biochemical and Biophysical Techniques (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-IV)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- 3) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- **Q1)** Answer the following (any four):

[20]

- a) Comment on the method of separation based on p1 value of protein.
- b) Give the principle and schematic diagrammatical representation of fluorescence spectroscopy.
- c) Explain the detection and measurement of radioactivity by liquid scientillation counting.
- d) Discuss immunoprecipitation with its significance.
- e) What is the principle of NMR spectroscopy? Explain the term spin-spin coupling.
- f) Write a short notes on freeze-etch and freeze fracture method.
- **Q2)** Answer the following (any four):

- a) Describe RIA with its applications.
- b) How you will separate the protein by using two dimensional gel electrophoresis?
- c) Give the principle and applications of HPTLC.
- d) Describe the principle and applications of flow cytometry.
- e) Write a short note on immunoblotting technique.
- f) Discuss GISH with its application.

Q3) Answer the following (any one):

[10]

- a) Give the basic principle of mass spectroscopy. Explain how a TOF works?
- b) Explain the principle, working and applications of Transmission electron microscopy (TEM).



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[5132]-403 M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 404 : Nanobiotechnology

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- **Q1)** Answer the following (any 3):

[15]

- a) Explain the uses of SEM and TEM in the study of nanoparticles.
- b) Discuss why (surface area / volume) ratio is very large for nanoparticles as compared to bulk materials.
- c) Explain the targeted drug delivery using nanoparticles in cancer therapy.
- d) Write a note on ethical and commercial aspects of nanotechnology.
- e) Discuss the applications of nanoparticles in physical sciences.
- **Q2)** Answer the following (any 1):

[10]

- a) Enlist the chemical methods used to synthesize nanoparticles. Explain any one.
- b) Explain how biomolecules can be utilized as nanostructures.

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[5132]-404 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 405 : Animal Development and Stem Cell Technology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1)** Answer the following (any 4):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Write a note on "Primary Induction".
- b) Explain the role of Ca²⁺ in early development.
- c) Describe the development of embryo till mid-blastula stage.
- d) Give Rey features of gastrulation in human embryo.
- e) Elaborate the involvement of Zygotic genes during pattern formation.
- f) Write a note on model of "Limb regeneration".
- **Q2)** Answer the following (any 4)

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Give a comparative account of embryonic stem cells and embryonic carcinoma cells.
- b) Explain, how stem cells are used to generate transgenic animals.
- c) Elaborate any one method to isolate and purify stem cells.
- d) Give various therapeutic applications of stem cells.
- e) Write a note on bioethics in stem all technology.
- f) Define myeloid lineage. Add a note on myeloid lineage identification.
- **Q3)** Answer any one:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Elaborate in detail sperm capacitation and hyper activation.
- b) Write a note on application of stem cell technology to study/to treat neurodegenerative disorder.

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[5132] - 405 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-406: Agricultural Biotechnology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Q1) Answer any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Discuss with suitable examples, the role of biotechnological manipulations in improvement of cereal crops.
- b) Explain the term virus indexing. Briefly describe the methodology involved in virus indexing.
- c) Write a note on the use of bioreactors in large-scale plant production in vitro.
- d) Explain the technique of embryo rescue.
- e) Discuss the limitations and advantages of RAPD markers in crop biotechnology.
- f) Explain how gametoclonal variations are used for crop improvement.

Q2) Answer any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

a) Discuss the risks associated with production and release of transgenic crops.

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- b) Explain the concept of future crops. Add a note on their importance.
- c) Discuss with suitable examples, the role of metabolic engineering in the production of edible vaccines.
- d) What is agribusiness? Explain its significance in agroeconomics.
- e) Explain how polyembryony can be induced. Add a note on its role in crop improvement.
- f) Discuss various methods used for selection of transforments.

Q3) Answer any one of the following:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) What are molecular markers? Expalin the methodology involved in generation of maps using molecular markers.
- b) Discuss in detail production of abiotic stress tolerant transgenic plants.

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