Total No. of Questions : 4]

**PC1632** 

[6331]-31

S.Y. B.C.A. (Science) **BCA - 231 : DATA STRUCTURES** (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

*Time : 3 Hours]* 

Instructions to the candidates:

- *1*) All questions are compulsory.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2)
- Draw neat diagram wherever necessary. 3)

**Q1**) Attempt the following :

- A) Choose the correct options :
  - \_\_\_\_\_ notation is used to denote the best case complexity of an a) algorithm.
    - **Big** O i) Omega ii)
    - Theta iii) iv) Gamma
  - The given array is  $arr = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . Bubble sort is used to sort the b) array elements \_\_\_\_\_\_ number of iterations will be required to sort the array.
    - i) 4 ii) 2
    - iii) 1 iv) 0
  - In \_\_\_\_\_ linked list, the last node points to the first node. c)
    - i) singly ii) doubly
    - circular generalized iii) iv)

*P.T.O.* 

#### [Total No. of Pages : 4

**SEAT No. :** 

[5×1=5]

[Max. Marks : 70

- d) The data structure required to check whether an expression contains balanced parenthesis is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - i) stack ii) queue
  - iii) array iv) tree
- e)  $\underline{\qquad}$  distinct binary search trees can be created out of 4 distinct keys.
  - i) 4 ii) 14
  - iii) 24 iv) 42

#### B) Answer the following :

- a) What is an abstract data type?
- b) What information is stored by linked list node?
- c) Which data structure is required for Breadth First Traversal on a graph?

[5×1=5]

[5×3=15]

- d) Define complete binary tree.
- e) What is the maximum degree of any vertex in a simple graph with *n* vertices?
- *Q2*) Answer the following (any five)
  - a) What are different asymptotic notations? Define any two notations.
  - b) Differentiate between array and linked list.
  - c) Write short note on priority queue.
  - d) Write C function to delete node from singly linked list.
  - e) Construct the binary search tree for the following data : 70, 35, 9, 85, 90, 22, 1, 6, 75, 105.
  - f) What is graph? Discuss any two applications of graph.

**Q3**) Answer the following (Any five) :

- a) Write an algorithm to search key using binary search method. State its time complexity.
- b) Convert the following expression from infix to postfix show stepwise stack presentation.

(A/(B-C) \* D + E)

- c) Discuss the insert and delete operations on static circular queue.
- d) Write C function to insert node in a given position in doubly linked list.
- e) What is skewed binary tree? Discuss its type with example.
- f) Construct adjacency matrix and adjacency list for the following graph.



g) Define frequency count. Find the frequency count for following code :

for(i=1 ; i<=n ; i++) for(j=1 ; j<=i ; j++) for(k=1 ; k<=j ; k++) x = x + 1 ;

- *Q4*) Answer the following (Any five)
  - a) Write an algorithm for sorting data using merge sort. Apply it on following data 38, 27, 43, 3, 9, 82, 10
  - b) Differentiate between stack and queue.
  - c) Write C function to reverse singly linked list.
  - d) Define binary search tree. Write C function to count number of nodes in binary search tree.
  - e) Discuss the DFS graph traversal method using some suitable example.
  - f) Find preorder, in-order and post-order for following BST.



g) Discuss steps to find out topological order of directed graph. Find the topological order for following digraph.



x x x

PC-1633

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# [6331]-32 S.Y. B.C.A. (Science) COMPUTER APPLICATIONS BCA(232) : Database Management Systems - II (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

*Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:* 

- 1) Answer All questions.
- 2) Draw diagram wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

### *Q1*) Attempt the following:

a)

- A) Choose the correct options
  - i) The default timestamp ordering protocol generates schedule that are\_\_\_\_\_
    - Recoverableb)Non Recoverable

% TYPE

Non - serial schedule

Shadow paging

**Recovery manager** 

- c) Starving d) Cascading
- ii) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following is used to declare record.
  - a) % Row TYPE b)
  - c) Both a & b d) None
- iii) \_\_\_\_\_\_ schedule that will always produce identical results.
  - a) Equivalent schedule b) Complete schedule
  - c) Serial schedule d)
- iv) \_\_\_\_\_ is alternative of log based recovery.
  - a) Disk recovery b)
  - c) Disk shadowing d) Crash recovery
- v) Durablity of the transaction is ensured by\_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Concurrency control b) Application program
  - c) System server d)
- B) Answer the following:
  - a) List the types of distributed system.
  - b) What is timestamp?
  - c) What is Trigger?
  - d) What is Transaction?
  - e) Define commit and Rollback.

[5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ 

[Max. Marks : 70]

- **Q2**) Answer the following: (any five)
  - Explain different Data Types in PL / SQL. a)
  - Explain cascadeless schedule and recoverable schedule. b)
  - Define termc)
    - Lock i)
    - ii) Shared Lock
    - iii) Exclusive Lock
  - What is server? List and Explain types of server. d)
  - Explain how DBA is responsible for managing database security. e)
  - List advantages of shadow Paging. f)
- **Q3**) Answer the following (Any Five)
  - Explain ACID properties of Transaction in detail. a)
  - b) Explain Two phase locking protocol with example.
  - Explain Log based Recovery. c)
  - What is function? Explain with example. d)
  - e) What is deadlock detection? Explain one method of deadlock detection.
  - f) What is schedule? Explain types of schedule
  - Explain how encryption techniques are used in database security. **g**)
- Q4) Answer the following (Any Five)
  - a) Consider following database. Student (Sno, Sname, Sclass, Saddr) Teacher (tno, tname, qualification, experience) The relationship as follows: Student Teacher M - M with descriptive attribute subject. Write stored function to count the number of teachers teaching to student " (Accept student name as input parameter) named " Raise an Exception if student name doesnot exist.
  - Consider the following transaction. Give two non- serial schedule b) that are serializable.

T,

Read (Z)

X = X + 100	Read (X)
Write (X)	X = X - Z
Read (Y)	Write (X)
Read (Z)	Read (Y)
Y = Y + Z	Y = Y - 100
Write (Y)	Write (Y)

T<sub>1</sub>

Read (X)

 $[5 \times 5 = 25]$ 

 $[5 \times 4 = 20]$ 

= Y - 100

c) Following is the list of events in an interleaved execution of set  $T_1$ ,  $T_2$  and  $T_3$  assuming 2PL(Two Phase Lock). Is there a Deadlock? If yes which transactions are involved in Deadlock?

Time	Transaction	Code
t <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	Lock (A,X)
t <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	Lock (B,S)
t <sub>3</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>	Lock (A,S)
t <sub>4</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	Lock (C,X)
t <sub>5</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	Lock (D,X)
t <sub>6</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	Lock (D,S)
t <sub>7</sub>	Τ <sub>2</sub>	Lock (C,S)

- d) Explain different types of failure of transaction.
- e) Consider following database: Doctor (dno, dname, dcity) Hospital (hno, hname, h - city) DH (dno, hno)
  Write a carsor which display Hospital wise doctor details.
- f) Write a short note on
  - i) Checkpoint
  - ii) Multiple Granularity
- g) Following are the log entries at the time of system crash.
  - < start transation, T<sub>1</sub>>
  - < Write item, T<sub>1</sub>, A, 10, 100>
  - < Commit, T<sub>1</sub>>
  - < Check point >
  - < Start transaction, T<sub>2</sub> >
  - < Write item, T<sub>2</sub>, B, 20, 200 >
  - < Commit, T<sub>2</sub>>
  - < Start-transaction, T<sub>3</sub>>
  - < Write item, T<sub>3</sub>, C,  $30,300 > \leftarrow$  system crash if immediate update technique with a checkpoint is used, what will be the recovery procedure?

かかか

Total No. of Questions : 4]

**PC-1634** 

[Max. Marks : 70

# [6331] - 33

# S.Y. B.C.A (Science) **BCA-233:** Computer Networks (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

*Time : 3 Hours]* Instructions to the candidates:

- All questions are compulsory 1)
- Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2)
- Draw diagram whenever necessary. 3)

### **Q1**) Attempt the following :

A) Choose the correct option

a)	When data packet is transmitted to a subset of network, it is				
	i) Broadcas	sting	ii)	Multicasting	
	iii) Unicastir	lg	iv)	Subcasting	
b)	IANA range f	for registered port is			
	i) 1024 to 4	9151	ii)	0 to 1023	
	iii) 0 to 1024	4	iv)	1025 to 49151	
c)	Physical layer	concerns with	deli	ivery.	
	i) process	to process	ii)	node - to - node	
	iii) end to en	nd	iv)	bit - to - bit	
d)	CRC stands f	for			
	i) Cyclic re	edundancy check	ii)	Code repeat check	
	iii) Code rec	lundancy check	iv)	Cyclic repeat check	
e)	is the s	size of Host ID in cl	ass C.		
	i) 16 bits		ii)	8 bits	
	iii) 8 bytes		iv)	24 bits	

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ 

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**SEAT No. :** 

*P.T.O.* 

# B) Attempt the following :a) What is mean by hamming distance?

- b) List the UDP services.
- c) What is analog and digital signal?
- d) Define computer network.
- e) What is address space for n bit address?

### **Q2**) Answer the following (any five) :

- a) Write note on WWW.
- b) Explain subnetting with help of an example.
- c) Explain HDLC frame format.
- d) Explain circuit switching with advantages and disadvantages.
- e) Enlist and explain function of presentation layer.
- f) Explain the components of data communication with the help of diagram.

### **Q3**) Answer the following (any five) :

- a) What are the services provided by user agent?
- b) Explain how fragmentation of IP datagram takes place.
- c) Identify the address classes for following address
  - i) 192.168.10.5
  - ii) 71.224.183.10
  - iii) 10010110 10110110 11011011 10101111
  - iv) 11011011 10101111 11011000 10110110

2

[6331]-33

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ 

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$ 

 $[5 \times 4 = 20]$ 

- d) What are the different techniques used by data link layer for framing?
- e) Explain the various transmission modes.
- f) Explain concept of layered network model.
- g) Define topology. Explain any three with diagram.

#### **Q4**) Answer the following (any five) :

#### $[5 \times 5 = 25]$

- a) What are the application of computer network?
- b) Compare between TCP/IP and ISO-OSI model.
- c) Explain HTTP request and response message.
- d) Write note of UDP? Explain UDP datagram format.
- e) Describe IPv6 packet format with extension header.
- f) What is channelization? What are the strategies used?
- g) Draw NRZ-L and differential manchester encoding for following data stream.
  - i) 00000000
  - ii) 11111111
  - iii) 10101010
  - iv) 11001100
  - v) 11011100

### **64 64 64**

Total No. of Questions : 4]

**PC1635** 

**SEAT No. :** 

[Total No. of Pages : 5

#### [6331]-41

# S.Y. B.C.A. (Science)

# BCA - 241 : OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING AND C++ (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

*Time : 3 Hours]* 

Instructions to the candidates:

- *1*) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Draw neat diagram wherever necessary. 3)

Q1) A) Choose the correct option

- Which amongst the following is used to format the data display. a)
  - Interators i) ii) **Punctuators**
  - Allocators Manipulators iii) iv)
- For constructor overloading each constructor must differ in \_\_\_\_\_ b) and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Number and type of arguments i)
  - ii) Number of arguments and return type
  - iii) Return type and type of argument
  - Return type and definition iv)
- ofstream, ifstream and fstream are \_\_\_\_\_. c)
  - Libraries Header Files i) ii)
  - Built in classes iii) iv) **String Arrays**

[5×1=5]

[*Max. Marks* : 70

- d) Multiple use of << and >> in one statement is called as
  - i) Cascading ii) Overriding
  - iii) Overloading iv) Repeating
- e) In public inheritance the public and protected data members of base class remain \_\_\_\_\_ in derived class.
  - i) Public
  - ii) Private
  - iii) Public and protected respectively
  - iv) Protected
- B) Answer the following :
  - a) State any one advantage of object oriented programming over procedure oriented programming.
  - b) Define Inheritance.
  - c) The name of constructor and any other function name declared in the class are same. State True/False and justify.
  - d) Mention the file mode which is used to open the file for reading purpose only.
  - e) List the types of constructors.
- **Q2**) Answer the following (any five)
  - a) Explain the following terms
    - i) Object
    - ii) Data Encapsulation
  - b) Define Destructor. Write the characteristics of Destructor.
  - c) List types of Inheritance. Write advantages of Inheritance (any two)
  - d) What is Reference variable? Give its syntax and explain with example.
  - e) Explain use of try, catch and throw block.

[6331]-41

[5×3=15]

[5×1=5]

```
Read the code and answer the questions
     class Emp
{
     int Eno;
     float salary;
public;
            Emp() _____ function 1
     {
             }
            Emp (int no, float sal) _____ function 2
{
     Eno = no;
     Salary = sal;
}
     void display ()
{
     cout << " Emp no is = " << Eno ;
     cout << " Emp salary is = " << salary ;
}
     main()
{
     Emp e, e1;
     e1(501, 8000.55);
     e display ();
     e1 \cdot display();
}
     What is the name of function 2 and by which line in the given code
i)
     will it be involved.
```

f)

What is the name of function 1 and by which statement will it be ii) involved. [6331]-41

```
3
```

Q3) Answer the following (Any five) :

```
What is pure virtual function? Explain with example.
a)
```

- Explain copy constructor with example. b)
- Compare procedure oriented programming and object oriented c) programming.
- Create a class student having Roll No., Name and Marks of five subjects. d) Write accept and display function for accepting details of 'n' students.
- Explain member function defined outside the class with example. e)
- Write a C++ program display area of circle, square and rectangle using f) inline function.

```
Trace the output and justify
g)
```

```
# include <isotream.h>
               class Base 1
          {
               Public
                         Base 1 ()
                    {
                         cout << "Base1's constructor called" << end1 ;
                    }
          };
               class Base 2
          {
               Public :
                         Base 2()
                    {
                    cout << "Base 2's constructor called" << end1;
                    }
          };
               class Derived : Public Base 1, public Base 2
          {
               Public :
                    Derived ()
                {
                 cout << "Derived's constructor called" << end1;
                 }
          };
               main()
          {
               Derived d;
          }
[6331]-41
```

*Q4*) Answer the following (Any five)

- a) Explain Multiple Inheritance with example.
- b) Write a C++ program that copies the contents of one file to another.
- c) Write the rules of operator overloading.
- d) What is file? List the operations performed on file. Also list different file opening modes.
- e) What is Function overloading. Give its syntax and explain with example.
- f) Explain Virtual Base class with example.
- g) Explain the following
  - i) Scope Resolution Operator
  - ii) New and Delete Operator

# x x x

**PC-1636** 

[Total No. of Pages : 2

# [6331]-42 S.Y. B.C.A. (Science) **BCA-242 : WEB TECHNOLOGY** (2019 Pattern) (Semester IV)

*Time : 3 Hours ]* [*Max. Marks* : 70 Instructions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. 1) 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. Draw neat diagram whenever necessary. 3) *Q1*) A) Choose the correct option :  $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ As compared to associative arrays index arrays are much \_\_\_\_\_. i) Faster Slower a) b) Stable Complex c) d) ii) Prepare () method is used to \_\_\_\_\_ the query. debug a) b) run compile d) fetch c) iii) AJAX is based on \_\_\_\_\_ \_. JavaScript and XML b) Vbscript and XML a) JavaScript and Java d) JSP and Java c) iv) Which one of the following function is used to start a session? begin\_session( ) session\_begin( ) b) a) session\_start( ) c) d) start\_session( ) PHP supported variable usage without declaring its \_\_\_\_\_. V) data type object type b) a) c) Name d) reference Answer the following:  $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ B) What is the purpose of \$ this variable? a) What is Web server? b) c) What is sticky form? Write any two applications of XML. d) Which function is used to execute a query? e)

**SEAT No. :** 

- Q2) Answer the following (any five) :
  - a) Explain the concept of serialization.
  - b) Describe passing parameters by value with example.
  - c) Compare between GET method and post method.
  - d) Write PHP script to calculate factorial of given number using function.
  - e) What are the differences between AJAX and JavaScript?
  - f) What is Interface? Give its Syntax.

Q3) Answer the following (Any Five) :

- a) Explain the function for making connection and executing a query using PEAR DB.
- b) Define constructor. Explain it with the example.
- c) Explain Anonymous function with the example.
- d) Write short note on cookies.
- e) What are the advantages and disadvantages of using database extension to get connected to the database?
- f) Explain rules to write XML elements and attributes.
- g) Write a PHP program to accept student rno, name on first .php and marks of three subjects on second .php and display students all information on third .php.
- Q4) Answer the following (Any Five) :

 $[5 \times 5 = 25]$ 

- a) Explain different iterator function with example.
- b) What is self processing form? Explain with the help of example.
- c) Define an Interface which has methods area(), volume(), define constant PI. Create a class cylinder which implements this interface and calculate area and volume.
- d) Write a php script which implements AJAX for addition of two numbers.
- e) What is introspection? Explain any four introspective functions provided by PHP.
- f) What is DOM? How does it relate to XML?
- g) Consider the following relational database student (seat-no, name, class, P-group\_no) Project (P\_group\_no, P\_title) Student : project shares many : one relationship. Write a PHP script to accept project title and display list of students those who are working in the particular project.

# жжж

 $[5 \times 4 = 20]$ 

PC-1637

[6331]-43

# S.Y. B.C.A. (SCIENCE) BCA-243: SOFTWARE ENGINEERING (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Figure to right indicate full marks.
- 2) All Questions are compulsory.
- 3) Draw neat sketches wherever necessary to illustrate answer.

### *Q1)* A) Choose the correct option:

- i) \_\_\_\_\_ is not the component of data dictionary.
  - a) Data element b) Structure chart
  - c) Data flow d) Data type
- ii) \_\_\_\_\_ is the software development activity that is not a part of software processes.
  - a) Validation b) Specification
  - c) Development d) Dependence

### iii) \_\_\_\_\_ is not the element of the system

- a) Control b) Feedback
- c) Risk d) Environment
- iv) \_\_\_\_\_ is correct sequence of SDLC steps
  - a) Design, Requirement Analysis, Coding, Testing
  - b) Requirement Analysis, Design, Coding, Testing
  - c) Requirement Analysis, Design, Testing, Coding.
  - d) Design, Requirement Analysis, Testing, Coding.
- v) \_\_\_\_\_ is the technique used to extract information from large number of people.
  - a) Record view b) Questionnaire
  - c) Observation d) Design

[Total No. of Pages : 3

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ 

[Max. Marks : 70]

SEAT No. :

#### **B)** Answer the following:

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ 

- a) What is Subsystem?
- b) What is process model?
- c) What is agile process.
- d) Define specification.
- e) Define Actions.

# Q2) Answer the following (Any 5)

### $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

- a) Explain any two phases of XP process along with a neat diagram.
- b) List all phases of SDLC and explain analysis phase in detail.
- c) Write a short note on feasibility study.
- d) Justify 'Software doesn't wear out'.
- e) Define the following terms:
  - i) Pseudocode
  - ii) Questionnaire
  - iii) Data capture
- f) Draw the decision table for the following scenario:

A Co-operative bank will grant loans under the following conditions:

- If a customer has an account with the bank and has no loan outstanding, loan will be granted
- . If the customer has an account with the bank but some amount outstanding from previous loans, the loan will be granted if special management approval is obtained.
- . Reject loan applications in all other cases.

# Q3) Answer the following (Any 5):

- a) Explain process flow in detail.
- b) Draw context level and 1<sup>st</sup> level DFD of "Library Management System".
- c) Differentiate between open system and closed system.
- d) Explain with neat diagram any three practices in XP.
- e) Explain general principles of software Engineering.
- f) State the advantages and disadvantages of scrum.
- g) Define SRS. Explain characteristics of SRS.

# **Q4**) Answer the following (Any 5):

# $[5 \times 5 = 25]$

- a) Differentiate between structured interviews and unstructured interview.
- b) Explain Adaptive Software Development (ASD) life cycle diagrammatically.
- c) Define Software Engineering. Discuss its layers diagrammatically.
- d) Differentiate between physical DFD and Logical DFD.
- e) Explain Software process Framework Activities.
- f) Define system. Explain types of system in detail.
- g) Write compareative analysis of prototyping model, increamental model and spiral model.



Total No. of Questions : 4]

# **PC1638**

#### SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :3

# [6331]-51 T.Y.B.C.A. SCIENCE

# B.C.A.-351-DSE-I: Programming in Java

# (2019 Pattern) (Semester- V)

Time : 3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 70 Instructions to the candidates: *1*) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2) Draw diagram wherever necessary. *Q1*) Attempt the following: [5×1=5] A) Choose the correct options: a) \_\_\_\_\_ allows the programmer to destroy an object  $\times$ ? i) x. delete() ii) Runtime.getRuntime().gc() iii) x. finalize() iv) Only garbage collection Linked List is a collection framework present in \_\_\_\_\_. **b**) java.util.\*; i) ii) java.lang.\*; iii) java.io.\*; java.collection.\*; iv) Final keyword in java is used with \_\_\_\_\_. c) **Class** attributes Class i) ii) **Class functions** iv) All mentioned iii) d) To create a menu user need to use \_\_\_\_\_ class. Jaw+ J Frame i) ii) J Menu iv) J Panel iii) driver is called as thin-driver of JDBC. e) Type-4 driver Type-1 driver i) ii) iii) Type-3 driver iv) Type-2 driver

- B) Attempt the following:
  - a) What is the use of JDBC API?
  - b) What is a listener?
  - c) What is final class?
  - d) State any two differences between throw & throws.
  - e) Write any two implicit object in JSP?
- **Q2**) Answer the following (any five):
  - a) Why JSP is Fly compilation? Explain in brief Implicit object in JSP.
  - b) Explain the use of try, catch & finally block.
  - c) Enlist the features of swing.
  - d) Explain nested interface.
  - e) What is Result set? Explain types of Result set.
  - f) Explain Anonymous Inner Class.
- *Q3*) Answer the following (any five):
  - a) What is array? How to declare single & multi-dimensional array with example.
  - b) Explain Runtime polymorphism using interface.
  - c) Differentiate between checked and unchecked Exception.
  - d) Explain types of Drivers with example.
  - e) What is swing? Explain MVK Architecture.
  - f) Explain life cycle of a servlet.
  - g) What is JSP Page Directive & include Directive?

[6331]-51

[5×3=15]

[5×4=20]

2

*Q4*) Answer the following (any five):

- a) Define:
  - i) Scriplets
  - ii) Implicit objects
  - iii) Mouse Adapter
  - iv) J Text Field
  - v) JMenu
- b) Differentiate between Statement and prepared statement.
- c) Write a Java program to accept Number from user and display factorial.
- d) Create a following JFrame using Swing.

Name :
Address;
Phone !
Same Cancel

- e) Write a java program to accept a string from user. Check whether given string is Palindrome or not.
- f) What is event? How to hande awt events? Explain with example.
- g) Explain Abstraction in detail.



**PC1639** 

**SEAT No. :** 

[Total No. of Pages : 3

#### [6331]-52

#### T.Y.B.C.A. (Science)

# DSE - II : DATA MINING AND DATA SCIENCE

# (2019 Pattern) (Semester - V) (BCA 352)

*Time : 3 Hours ]* Instructions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2) 3) Draw labeled diagram wherever necessary. **Q1**) Attempt the following : A) Choose the correct option Data stored in Data warehouse for \_\_\_\_\_ purpose. a) Validation Real - Time operation ii) i) iv) None of the above iii) Analysis \_\_\_\_\_ is a supervised Learning technique. b) Classification i) ii) Clustering Regression iv) All of the above iii) Frequency of occurence of an itemset is called as \_\_\_\_\_. c) Support Confidence i) ii) Support Count iii) iv) Rules Which method shows hierarchical data in a nested format? d) Tree maps ii) Scatter plots i) Area charts iv) Population pyramids iii) A distribution where only two outcomes are possible, such as gain e) or loss is called . Uniform distribution **Binomial distribution** ii) i)

> Normal distribution Exponential distribution iii) iv)

[Max. Marks : 70

[5×1=5]

- B) Attempt the following.
  - a) What is Data Mart?
  - b) What is data analytics?
  - c) What is perception?
  - d) What is fact table?
  - e) What is binning?

#### *Q2*) Answer the following (Any Five)

- a) Explain benefits of Data visualization.
- b) Explain statistical Modeling.
- c) Explain Bayesian network with example (diagram).
- d) Explain market basket analysis.
- e) Explain working of SVM.
- f) Explain snow Flake Schema.
- *Q3*) Answer the following (Any Five)
  - a) Explain applications of data science in various fields.
  - b) What is clustering? Explain any 2 types of clustering method.
  - c) Explain types of Regression.
  - d) Explain the terms
    - i) OLTP ii) OLAP
  - e) Explain KDD process.
  - f) Explain analytical operations of OLAP.
  - g) Explain steps in EDA.
- *Q4*) Answer the following (Any Five)

#### [6331]-52

2

[5×3=15]

[5×4=20]

[5×5=25]

a) Consider the following set of transactions. Find the Frequent item sets using Apriori algorithm.

Tid	Itemsets	Given :
T1	A,B	minimum support =2
T2	B,D	
Т3	B,C	
T4	A,B,D	
Т5	A,C	
T6	B,C	
Τ7	A,C	
T8	A,B,C,E	
Т9	A,B,C	

b) Explain SVM classifiers and it's types.

c) Explain any 3 types of probability distribution.

- d) Explain different data visualization techniques.
- e) Explain three tier architecture of Data warehouse.
- f) Explain Data preprocessing in Data mining.
- g) Explain different types of Association rules.

# **PC1640**

#### SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

# [6331]-53 T.Y. B.C.A. SCIENCE

# BCA - 353 - DSE - III : Principles of Operating Systems (2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)

*Time : 3 Hours ]* [Max. Marks : 70 Instructions to the candidates: Figures to the right indicate full marks. 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) 3) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary. *Q1*) Attempt the following :-A) Choose the correct options : [5×1=5] is a CPU scheduler. a) Short - Term Scheduler i) Long - Term Scheduler ii) iii) Medium - Term Scheduler None of the above iv) Semaphores are mostly used to implement \_\_\_\_\_. **b**) i) System calls ii) System protection System prevention iv) IPC mechanisms iii) \_\_\_\_\_ is the deadlock avoidance algorithm. c) Banker's algorithm i) ii) Round - Robin algorithm Karn's algorithm iii) FCFS algorithm iv) A logical address is an address generated by \_\_\_\_\_. d) Memory Unit i) Last Unit ii) Graphics Processing Unit iii) iv) **Central Processing Unit** name defines a path from the current directory to that e) specified file. A relative Path An Absolute Path i) ii)

iii) Both (i) and (ii) iv) None of the above

- B) Attempt the following.
  - a) Define : Race Condition
  - b) What is Rollback
  - c) State any two advantages of Dynamic Loading
  - d) Define : File
  - e) What is Disk controller?
- **Q2**) Attempt the following : (Any Five)
  - a) Discuss the requirements of the critical problem solution.
  - b) Explain necessary conditions for a deadlock.
  - c) Explain overlays.
  - d) List advantages and disadvantages of indexed allocation.
  - e) Explain Methods to handle bad blocks.
  - f) State and explain different types of threads.
- *Q3*) Attempt the following : (Any Five)
  - a) Consider the following set of processes with CPU burst time given in milli seconds.

Process	Burst time	Arrival time
P1	5	1
P2	3	0
P3	2	2
P4	4	3
P5	8	2

Illustrate the execution of these process using F.CFS. Calculate average turn around time and average waiting time.

- b) What is a semaphore? Discuss its types.
- c) With the help of example describe resource allocation graph.
- d) Consider the following page reference string.

7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2.

How many page Faults would occur for the LRU (Least Recently Used) page replacement algorithm? Assume three frames.

- e) Write a short note on Virtual File Systems.
- f) Explain disk structure along with diagram.
- g) Explain SCAN disk scheduling algorithm with example.

[6331]-53

[5×4=20]

[5×3=15]

# Q4) Attempt the following : (Any Five)

[5×5=25]

- a) What is priority scheduling? Explain with example.
- b) Explain the producer consumer problem in detail.
- c) Consider the given snapshot of system.

	Allocation				
	A	В	С		
$P_0$	0	1	0		
$P_1$	2	0	0		
P <sub>2</sub>	3	0	2		
P <sub>3</sub>	2	1	1		
$P_4$	0	0	2		

Max			
A	В	С	
7	5	3	
3	2	2	
9	0	2	
2	2	2	
4	3	3	

Available			
Α	В	С	
3	3	2	

Using Banker's algorithm :

- i) What is the content of matrix need?
- ii) Is the system in safe state?
- d) Compare between MFT and MVT algorithm.
- e) Explain free space management techniques.
- f) Consider a disk queue with requests for F/o to blocks on cylinders 95, 180, 34, 119, 11, 123, 62, 64 With the Read - Write head. Initially Cylinder 50 & tail at 199. Assume direction towards 0. Calculate total head movement using :
  - i) SCAN
  - ii) C- SCAN
- g) Explain file operations in detail.

# 

**PC-1641** 

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

# [6331]-54

# T.Y. B.C.A. (Science) **BCA - 354 SEC 1 - ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE** (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

*Time : 2 Hours]* 

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- 3) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

*Q1*) Attempt any eight of the following (out of ten) :  $[8 \times 1 = 8]$ 

- Which instruments are used for perceiving and acting upon the a) environment.
  - i) Sensors and Actuators ii) Sensors
  - iv) Perceiver & sensors iii) Perceiver
- Which of the following search method takes less memory. b)
  - i) Depth First Search ii) Breadth First Search
  - Linear Search optimal search iii) iv)
- Which of the following is true regarding BFS? c)
  - i) BFS will get trapped exploring is single path
  - The entire tree so far been generated must be stored in BFS. ii)
  - iii) BFS is not guaranteed to find a solution.
  - BFS is nothing but Binary First Search. iv)
- Which statement is false regarding propositional logic? d)
  - Can have answer other than true or False i)
  - Each sentence is a knowledge declarative sentence ii)
  - It is knowledge representation iii)
  - iv) None of the above

[*Max. Marks : 35*]

e)	Which of the following elements constitute the frame structure?			
	i)	Facts or data	ii)	Procedures and default values
	iii)	Frame name	iv)	Frame reference in hierarchy
f) In which of the following learning, the teacher returns reware punishment to the learner?				ne teacher returns reward and
	i)	Unsupervised learning	ii)	Supervised learning
	iii)	Active learning	iv)	Reinforcement learning
g)	Who	o is the father of AI?		
	i)	Fisher Ada	ii)	Alan Turing
	iii)	John McCarthy	iv)	Allen Newell
h)		is a representation of p	roble	m elements at a given moment.
	i)	Search	ii)	Problem
	iii)	State	iv)	State - Space
i)	Wha	t is the problem space of Mean	ns-En	d Analysis?
	i) An initial state and one or more goal state			
	ii)	One or more initial states and	one g	goal
	iii)	One or more initial states and	one	or more goals
	iv)	One initial and one goal state		
j)	Whi knov	ch of the following option is wledge representation?	used	to build complex sentences in
	i)	Symbol	ii)	Connectives
	iii)	Quantifiers	iv)	Word
Ansv	wer a	ny four of the following.		$[4 \times 2 = 8]$
a)	) What is Heuristic search? Give example.			
	<ul> <li>e)</li> <li>f)</li> <li>g)</li> <li>h)</li> <li>i)</li> <li>j)</li> <li>Ansy</li> <li>a)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>e) Whi</li> <li>i)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>f) In w puni</li> <li>i)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>g) Who</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>ii)</li> <li>iii)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>e) Which of the following elements contained in Facts or data</li> <li>ii) Frame name</li> <li>f) In which of the following learning punishment to the learner? <ul> <li>i) Unsupervised learning</li> <li>ii) Active learning</li> </ul> </li> <li>g) Who is the father of AI? <ul> <li>i) Fisher Ada</li> <li>ii) John McCarthy</li> </ul> </li> <li>h) is a representation of point of the problem space of Mean i) An initial state and one or more initial states and ii) One or more initial states and iii) One or more initi</li></ul>	<ul> <li>e) Which of the following elements constitution in the following learning in the punishment to the following learning in the punishment to the learner?</li> <li>i) Unsupervised learning in in initial states and one or more gravitation of problem space of Means-Endring in the problem space</li></ul>

- b) List any two advantages of BFS.
- c) What is resolution? Explain with example.
- d) What are the properties of representation of knowledge?
- e) What are the components of script?

[6331]-54

2

### *Q3*) Attempt any two of the following.

- a) Explain how AI and Machine learning differ from each other?
- b) Give state space representation of "Monkey Banana Problem".
- c) Explain A\* algorithm.
- *Q4*) Attempt any two of the following.
  - a) Consider the following statements.
    - i) All philosophers are Indian.
    - ii) All Indians are happy.
    - iii) Either Aryabhatta or C.V. Raman is a Philosopher.
    - iv) C.V. Raman is not a philosopher. Translate above statements in FOPL.
  - b) Write a short note on semantic networks.
  - c) What is predictive analytics? Explain with example.

*Q5*) Attempt any one of the following.

- a) What is resolution? Explain with example.
- b) Write a detailed note on Generate and test algorithm.



 $[2 \times 4 = 8]$ 

 $[2 \times 4 = 8]$ 

 $[1 \times 3 = 3]$ 

SEAT No. :

**PC-1642** 

[Total No. of Pages : 3

# [6331]-55

# T.Y. B.C.A. (Science) BCA SEC - 11 - 355 : CLOUD COMPUTING (2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time	e : 2 I	Hours	s]		[Max. Marks : 35
Instr	ructio	ons to	the candidates :		
	1)	All	questions are compulsory.		
	2)	Fig	ures to the right indicate full	marks.	
	3)	Dra	w labelled diagram whereve	r necessa	ry.
Q1)	Atte	empt	any Eight of the following :	: (out of ]	Ten) [8 × 1 = 8]
	i)	Iaas	s usually shares issues with	the	
		a)	PaaS	b)	KaaS
		c)	IooS	d)	Cloud tab
	ii)	The	e technology used to distribu	te service	e requests to resources is referred
		as _	·		
		a)	load balancing	b)	load performing
		c)	load scheduling	d)	load adding
	iii)	The	e program which provides pa	rtitioning	, isolation or abstraction is called
			·		
		a)	Hardware hypervisor	b)	Software hypervisor
		c)	Virtualize hypervisor	d)	System hypervisor
	iv)		of the following is r	not type o	of virtualization
		a)	Physical	b)	Para
		c)	Os-level	d)	Full
	v)		of the following is a	structura	l data store that support indexing
		and	queries to both $EC_2$ and S	3•	
		a)	Amazon cloud front	b)	Cloud watch
		c)	Amazon simple DB	d)	Amazon Hardware
	vi)	Goo	ogle offers a suite of cloud o	computin	g services called as
		a)	Google Docs	b)	Google cloud platform
		c)	Google Drive	d)	Google Web Service

- vii) \_\_\_\_\_ is a "Serverless" style offering that lets you write just the code you need.
  - a) Azure App Engine b) Azure virtual Machine
  - c) Azure Function d) Azure Fabric Service
- viii) \_\_\_\_\_ Images are more adaptable than some of its competitors since they run on variety of service.
  - a) Docker b) Care OS
  - c) Cloud Foundry d) Amazon AWS
- ix) \_\_\_\_\_ containerization has become a key trend in software development.
  - a) Web server b) Virtualization
  - c) Machine d) API
- x) \_\_\_\_\_ of the should a company consider before implementing cloud computing technology.
  - a) Information Sensitivity b) Potential cost reduction
  - c) Employee Satisfaction d) Product
- **Q2**) Attempt any Four of the following : (out of Five)  $[4 \times 2 = 8]$ 
  - a) What is PaaS SalesForce?
  - b) Write a note on Azure AI.
  - c) What are the Benefits of Intelligent SaaS?
  - d) Describe the steps involve in cloud risk management framework.
  - e) Which services provided by window azure operating system?
- **Q3**) Attempt any Two of the following : (out of Three)  $[2 \times 4 = 8]$ 
  - a) What are the different emerging technologies in cloud computing?
  - b) Give the impact of cloud services on education.
  - c) Explain cloud security in detail.

- *Q4*) Attempt any Two of the following : (out of Three)  $[2 \times 4 = 8]$ 
  - a) Explain different types of cloud computing.
  - b) How does virtual clustering work?
  - c) What are the characteristics of Block chain Technology?
- **Q5**) Attempt any One of the following : (out of Two)  $[1 \times 3 = 3]$ 
  - a) Explain risk management in detail.
  - b) Differentiate between Google App Engine and Google compute engine.



Total No. of Questions : 4]

**PC1643** 

[6331]-61

T.Y.B.C.A. (Science)

# **DSE - IV : ANDROID PROGRAMMING**

# (2019 Pattern) (Semester- VI) (BCA361)

*Time : 3 Hours]* 

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Draw diagram wherever necessary. 3)

#### *Q1*) Attempt the following:

- A) Choose the correct options.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ is a text messaging service in Android mobile device. a)
    - i) SMS ii) MMS
    - iii) SEND iv) RECEIVE
  - CRUD stands for \_\_\_\_\_. **b**)
    - i) Create, delete
    - Create, update, delete ii)
    - Create, read, update iii)
    - iv) Create, read, update, delete
  - Menu displays information related to the current activity. c)
    - i) Context ii) Option
    - Pop ups iv) Delete iii)
  - is a view which groups several items in vertical scrollable d) list.
    - i) Text view List view ii)
    - iii) Button iv) Check box
  - ADT is a plugin for \_\_\_\_\_. e)
    - Android Studio Eclipse i) ii)
    - iii) AIDE iv) AIC

[Total No. of Pages :2

[5×1=5]

[Max. Marks : 70

SEAT No. :

- B) Answer the following:
  - a) What is Google Map?
  - b) What is SMS?
  - c) Enlist functions of Open Helper Class (SQLite).
  - d) Example of Button view.
  - e) What dynamic fragmentation?
- *Q2*) Answer the following (any five):
  - a) What is Menu? Explain types of menus.
  - b) Define terms:
    - i) SQLite Database
    - ii) SQLite Open Helper
  - c) Create Android application for performing the following operation on the menu
    - i) Factorial
    - ii) Fibonnaci Series.
  - d) Explain any four Layouts with example.
  - e) Explain List view using Adapter with the help of example.
  - f) Write features of Android Programming.
- *Q3*) Answer the following (any five):
  - a) How to calling built-in applications using intent? Explain with example.
  - b) Explain the Android stack diagrammatically.
  - c) Explain with the example fragment data sent from one Activity to another.
  - d) Explain the term utilizing action bar in detail.
  - e) What is meant by Progress Bar? Describe with example.
  - f) With the help of example describe getting location data.
  - g) What is scrollview? Explain with example.
- *Q4*) Answer the following (any five):
  - a) What is marker? How to add marker?
  - b) Write short note on : Receiving SMS.
  - c) With the help of diagram describe context menu.
  - d) What is dialogfragment? Explain its uses.
  - e) Write Android program to evaluate the perfect number or not.
  - f) Explain the Auto Complete Text View in detail.
  - g) Create android Application to sent email using intent.



[5×4=20]

[5×5=25]

[5×3=15]

**PC1644** 

[6331]-62

# T.Y.B.C.A. (Science) DSE - V : PROGRAMMING IN GO (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (BCA - 362)

*Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:* 

- 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks
- 2) All questions (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4) are compulsory
- 3) Assume suitable data if required

#### **Q1**) Attempt the following :

- A) Choose the correct option
  - a) Which of the following terminates the for loop or switch statement and transfers execution to the statement immediately following the for loop or switch statement in Go
  - i) ii) break goto continue iii) iv) switch The blank identifier in Go language is the \_\_\_\_\_ operator b) Underscore i) ii) Semicolon iii) Colon iv) Constant Array elements are by default initialized to c) i) Zero ii) 1 iii) -1 iv) Null undefined value can be defined inline without the need for a name d) Package i) Array ii) Class Anonymous functions iii) iv) \_ is the minimum Go entity that can be executed e) concurrently Go routine Channel i) ii) iv) None of the above iii) Concurrency

*P.T.O.* 

#### [Total No. of Pages : 3

**SEAT No. :** 

#### [5×1=5]

[Max. Marks : 70

- B) Attempt the following :
  - a) What is a token?
  - b) What is the use of defer statements?
  - c) Write the syntax to pass an array as a parameter to a function
  - d) What is a type assertion?
  - e) Which are the Interface types in Go?
- **Q2**) Answer the following (Any Five) :
  - a) State any three advantages and disadvantages of Go language.
  - b) Explain the string functions : contains, count, tolower with syntax.
  - c) Explain length and capacity of array slices? How to create array slice with low and high values?
  - d) Write any three points of difference between a Method and a Function.
  - e) Write a short note on wait Groups.
  - f) What are Buffered and unbuffered channels.

**Q3**) Answer the following (Any Five) :

- a) Write a note on benchmarking.
- b) Explain Table Tests and Random Tests.
- c) What is a Go routine function? How is concurrency implemented with Go routine?
- d) Explain Timer and Ticker.
- e) What are Embedded Interfaces and Empty Interfaces?
- f) Write a note on Slice and Slice parameters.
- g) What are the benefits of multiple return values for a function?

[6331]-62

[5×3=15]

[5×4=20]

*Q4*) Answer the following (Any Five) :

- a) Write a program in Go language to print whether number is even or odd
- b) Write a program in Go language using function to check whether accepted number is palindrome or not
- c) Write a program in Go language to create and print multi dimensional slice (For integer).
- d) Write a program in Go language to sort array elements in ascending order.
- e) Write a program to illustrate the use of append function (For String).
- f) Discuss 'call by value' and call by Reference' method of passing argements to a function.
- g) Write a note on Type assertions and Type switches

### 

PC1645

#### SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[Max. Marks : 70

# [6331]-63 T.Y.B.C.A. SCIENCE

# BCA - 363 - DSE- VI : Software Project Management (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 2) Draw labeled diagram wherenever necessary.

**Q1**) Attempt the following :

A) Choose the correct options.

#### [5×1=5]

- a) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following project phases is the project schedule developed.
  - i) Initiate ii) Planning
  - iii) Execution iv) Deployment
- b) There are \_\_\_\_\_ types of Work breakdown Structures.
  - i) Two ii) Three
  - iii) Four iv) Five
- c) The PERT technique gives most weightage to \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) The most pessimistic estimate obtained
  - ii) The most optimistic estimate obtained
  - iii) The most likely estimate obtained
  - iv) All the estimates is equal
- d) Agile is an \_\_\_\_\_ of software development methodology.
  - i) Linear approaches ii) Incremental approach
  - iii) Iterative approach iv) Simple approach
- e) \_\_\_\_\_ is a Software Configuration Management concept that helps us to control change.
  - i) Procedure ii) Audit
  - iii) Baseline iv) Process

[6331]-63

Explain project Scheduling in agile methodology. **g**)

- What are the different dependencies? Explain. e)
- Explain the oldham hackman job model.
- State and explain visualizing progress in detail. **g**)
- *Q4*) Answer the following : (Any Five)
  - Explain critical path method with an example. a)
  - b) Differentiate between risk management and cost management.
  - Explain Network diagram in detail. c)
  - d) Define organizational structure and explain its types with the help of diagram.
  - State and explain SCM in details. e)
  - f) Explain project knowledge areas of project management.

- Discuss the project Life Cycle in detail.
- Q3) Answer the following : (Any Five)
  - Describe the PEPT chart in details. a)
  - b) Explain the different activity relationships in detail.

  - Explain Work break down structure. c)

  - d) What are the responsibilities of an agile team.

  - f)

- b) Explain Backward pass technique with example. What is health and safety management? c)
- Differentiate predictive process and Empirical process.
- d)
- e) What is change control? How to use it?
- f)
- Explain Gantt chart in details. a)

#### What is project planning. b)

- B) Attempt the following. Define portfolio management. a)

  - Define Forward pass method. c)
  - d) Staffing in project management.
  - e) What is predictive control?

# **Q2**) Answer the following : (Any Five)

[5×3=15]

[5×1=5]

[5×4=20]

 $[5 \times 5 = 25]$ 

2

Total No. of Questions : 5]

**PC-1646** 

*Time : 2\frac{1}{2} Hours ]* 

[Total No. of Pages : 2

# [6331]-64

# T.Y.B.C.A. (Science)

# **BCA 364 : Sec - III : Management Information Systems** (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Instructions to the candidates : All questions are compulsory. 1) 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks. 3) Draw diagram wherever necessary. Q1) Attempt any Eight of the following : \_\_\_\_\_ is the primary characteristics must be processed by information. a) Transformation Accuracy ii) i) iii) Conversion iv) Data b) \_ is first step in decision making. Design i) Choice ii) Intelligence iii) Implementation iv) developed a model of Decision making process. c) i) Ronald A. Howard ii) **Robert A Simon** iii) Herbert A Simon iv) Herbert A. Howard d)  $\rightarrow$  symbol used for \_\_\_\_\_ in VSM Electronic information flow i) Manual Information flow ii) Safety stock iii) iv) Shipment There are \_\_\_\_\_ types of VSM. e) 2 i) ii) 3 iii) 0 iv) 9 SCM stands for \_\_\_\_\_ f) Supply Chain Management i) ii) Segment Chain Management Shipment Chain Management iii) iv) Store Chain Management

 $[8 \times 1 = 8]$ 

*P.T.O.* 

[Max. Marks : 35]

**SEAT No. :** 

	g) There are types of supply chain model.					
		i)	3	ii)	2	
		iii)	20	iv)	1	
	h)		_ are the typical users of	EIS.		
		i)	Senior executives	ii)	Workers	
		iii)	Managers	iv)	Professionals	
	i)		process converts expl	icit to	explict knowledge.	
		i)	Combination	ii)	Internalization	
		iii)	Socialization	iv)	Externalization	
	j)		is sub system of ma	rketin	g m/s.	
		i)	Product deployment	ii)	Product development	
		iii)	Product management	iv)	Product monitoring	
<b>02</b> )	Atte	mpt a	any four of the following	•		$[2 \times 4 = 8]$
£-7	a)	Wha	at is role of m/s in Decisi	on ma	king process?	[_ · · · •]
	b)	Wha	at is Quasi resolution of c	conflic	ct?	
	c)	State	e various phases of CRN	<b>1</b> .		
	d)	State	e any two differences be	tween	EIS and DSS.	
	e)	State	e any two applications o	f servi	ice sectors.	
03)	Atte	mnts	any two of the following	•		$[2 \times 4 - 8]$
Q3)	a)	Fyn	lain what - if analysis	•		
	h)	Exp	lain various steps of sup	nlv ch	ain	
	c)	State	e various reasons to dev	elon I	220	
	()	Stati				
<b>Q4</b> )	Atte	mpt a	any two of the following	•		$[2 \times 4 = 8]$
	a)	Exp	lain the Administrative m	nodel	of decision makers.	
	b)	Wha	at are various advantages	and c	lisadvantages of BPR?	
	c)	Exp	lain various characteristi	cs of l	ERP systems.	
<b>Q</b> 5)	Atte	mpt a	any one of the following	•		$[1 \times 3 = 3]$
~ /	a)	Writ	te a short note on m/s an	d BPF	<b>λ</b> .	

b) Explain different models of knowledge conversion.



# [6331]-64

2

Total No. of Questions : 5]

**PC-1647** 

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[Max. Marks : 35

 $[8 \times 1 = 8]$ 

**SEAT No. :** 

# [6331]-65

# T.Y.B.C.A. (Science) BCA 365 : SEC-IV: Internet of Things (IoT) (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

*Time : 2 Hours] Instructions to the candidates :* 

- 1) Figures to right indicate full marks.
- 2) Draw diagram whenever necessary.

#### **Q1**) Attempt any Eight of the following (Out of Ten) :

# a) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following is the way in which an IoT device is associated with data.

- i) Internet ii) Cloud
- iii) Automata iv) Network
- b) \_\_\_\_\_ an embedded system communicates with the outside world.
  - i) Memory ii) Output
  - iii) Peripherals iv) Input

### c) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following IoT networks has a very short range.

- i) Short Network
- ii) LPWAN
- iii) Short range wireless network
- iv) Sigfox
- d) WSN stands for \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) Wireless sensor network
  - ii) Wired sensor node
  - iii) Wireless sensor node
  - iv) Wired sensor network
- e) Role of the cloud in smart grid architecture is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - i) Collect data ii) Manage data
  - iii) Security iv) Store data
- f) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following is not an IoT device.
  - i) Table ii) Laptop
  - iii) Arduino iv) Tablet

	g)	) are the key components of M2M system.					
		i)	Vortex DDS	ii)	Smart homes		
		iii)	Sensors and Wi-Fi	iv)	Protocols		
	h)	of the following is not fundamental components of IoT system.					
		i) Sensors ii) Connectivity and data			processing		
		iii) User interface iv) Transformer					
	i)	IoT is					
		i) Network of physical objects embedded with sensors					
		ii) Network of virtual objects					
		iii) Network of sensors					
		iv) Network of objects in the ring structure					
	j)	of the following is not IoT platform.					
		i)	Flipkart	ii)	Amazon web services		
		iii)	Microsoft Azure	iv)	Sales force		
<b>Q</b> 2)	Attempt any four of the following (out of five): $[4 \times 2 = 8]$						
	a)	What is an embedded system?					
	b)	Short note on IoT communication APIs.					
	c)	What is cloud storage model?					
	d)	Short note on AWS IoT.					
	e)	What is Threat Modeling?					
Q3)	3) Attempt any two of the following (out of Three):						
	a)	what are the components of an embedded system?					
	D)	Explain 101 security model in details.					
	C)	Explain web services of 101.					
<b>04</b> )	4) Attempt any two of the following (out of three): $[2 \times$						
27)	Attempt any two of the following (out of three). $[2 \times 4 -$						
	a) b)	Explain any two protocols of IoT					
	( <b>0</b> )	Differentiate between IoT devices and computers					
	()	biller between for devices and computers.					
<b>0</b> 5)	<b>95</b> ) Attempt any one of the following (out of two): $[1 \times 3 = 3]$						
2-1	a) Explain Real time system in detail.						
	b)	) What are key elements of IoT security.					
	c, , that are not elemente of for becarly.						

