

Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1594

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-31

S.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 301 : Cell Biology - I

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - III)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) Question 2 to Question 5 carry equal marks.*
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Solve Any Five of the following:

[5]

- a) State the principle of cell theory.
- b) Define active transport.
- c) Mention any two functions of nucleus.
- d) Give an example of light junctions.
- e) Mention the role of microfilaments.
- f) Give any two functions of membrane proteins.

Q2) a) Illustrate with a diagram, the Fluid Mosaic model of cell membrane. [6]

OR

Explain the structure of mitochondria and add a note on its functions.

- b) Compare and contrast between prokaryote and Eukaryotic cell. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Describe the composition of ECM. [6]

OR

Explain the process of carrier-mediated transport.

b) Comment on intermediate filaments. [4]

Q4) a) Explain structure and functions of golgi bodies. [6]

OR

Enlist different types of cell junctions. Explain any one in detail.

b) Differentiate between plant cell and animal cell. [4]

Q5) Write a short note on Any Four of the following: [10]

a) Facilitated diffusion.

b) Desmosomes.

c) Nuclear pores.

d) Fibronectin.

e) Anchoring junctions.

f) Basal bodies.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1595

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-32

S.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 302 : Molecular Biology - I

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - III)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.
- 3) Question 2 to Question 5 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve Any Five of the following:

[5]

- a) Define nuclein.
- b) Give the structure of Adenine.
- c) What is polycistronic mRNA.
- d) Define Okazaki fragments.
- e) Give role of α DNA polymerase.
- f) Define Heterochromatin.

Q2) a) Explain Messelson & Stahl experiment with help of diagram.

[6]

OR

Explain genome organization in viruses & bacteria.

- b) Differentiate between Nucleotide & Nucleoside.

[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) 'Histones are highly conserved proteins'. Justify. [6]

OR

Give the experiment that proved DNA as a genetic material in brief.

b) Draw & explain structure of t RNA. [4]

Q4) a) Compare A, B & Z forms of DNA. [6]

OR

Write in detail Eukaryotic DNA replication.

b) Explain genome organization in mitochondria. [4]

Q5) Write a short note on Any Four of the following: [10]

- a) Centromere
- b) Initiation of prokaryotic DNA replication
- c) Regulatory sequences
- d) 'Genetic code is degenerate'. Explain
- e) mi RNA
- f) 30nm fiber of DNA



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1596

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329] - 33
S.Y. B.Sc.
BIOTECHNOLOGY
BBt-303: Genetics
(Revised 2019 Pattern) (Semester-III)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) Questions 2 to Q.5 carry equal marks*

Q1) Solve any five of the following :

[5]

- a) Define Hot spot mutation.
- b) Identify the disorders i) $44A + XXY$ ii) $44A + XO$
- c) Define Epistasis
- d) Write significance of Amniocentesis
- e) Write formula to calculate recombination frequency.
- f) What is maternal effect?

Q2) a) State Mendel's law of dominance. Elaborate incomplete dominance & Co-dominance using suitable examples.

[6]

OR

State Lyon's hypothesis of x-inactivation How is it brought about in organisms having heterogametic males?

- b) What is Genetic Counselling? Mention the conditions in which it should be done.

[4]

P.T.O.

- Q3) a)** Define translocation. Diagrammatically explain Robertsonian translocation and Philadelphia chromosome. [6]

OR

Define spontaneous and induced mutations. Add a note on mutations brought about by Physical mutagens.

- b) Write a note on Environmental sex determination. [4]

- Q4) a)** State the examples of autosomal dominant & recessive disorders describe their characteristic features using representative pedigree charts. [6]

OR

Describe duplicate and complementary gene interactions with suitable examples.

- b) Write a note on hyperploidy. [4]

- Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following :** [10]

- a) Crossing over.
- b) Y - linked inheritance
- c) Multiple alleles
- d) Modifiers and suppressors.
- e) Morphological & Biochemical mutations
- f) Polygenic Inheritance.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1597

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329] - 34
S.Y. B.Sc. (Biotechnology)
BBt-304: Metabolism
(Rev. 2019 Pattern) (Semester-III)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Question 2 to Q.5 carry equal marks*

Q1) Attempt any five of the following :

[5]

- a) Role of carnitine
- b) Define catabolism
- c) What is junction point in metabolism
- d) ATP energy cycle
- e) Define salvage pathway
- f) Define entropy

Q2) a) Explain the mechanism of oxidation of an odd chain fatty acid

[6]

OR

Discuss the reactions involved in glycogen synthesis

[6]

b) Comment on transamination reaction.

[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Explain the anaerobic mode of oxidation of glucose [6]

OR

Discuss the do novo process for the synthesis of purines [6]

b) Comment on the allosteric regulation of glutamine synthase [4]

Q4) a) Describe the hormonal regulation of glucose metabolism [6]

OR

Explain the metabolic reactions involved in conversion of amino group of amino acid to urea [6]

b) Comment on central role of glutamate and glutamine in amino acid metabolism. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following : [10]

- a) Phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate
- b) Significance of pentose phosphate pathway
- c) Essential and non essential amino acids
- d) Fatty acid synthase
- e) Dehydrogenase reaction of TCA cycle
- f) Regulation of glycogenolysis



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1598

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-35

S.Y.B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 305 : Environmental Biotechnology

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any Three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following.

[5 x 1 = 5]

- a) Define Acid Rain.
- b) Define Trophic level.
- c) Define Ecological Niche.
- d) What is meant by climax community.
- e) Write down the full form of TRAFIC.
- f) Define Ecosystem.

Q2) a) What are Bioindicators? Describe use of Bioindicators in environment monitoring. **[6]**

OR

Describe how greenhouse gas affect Environment.

b) Describe Biotechnological approaches for pollution control. **[4]**

Q3) a) Discuss the ECA and the stages involved in the EIA Procedure. **[6]**

OR

Define Ecological succession & give its general processes for the succession.

b) Explain the microbial degradation of plastic. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Describe in detail proper disposal of biomedical Waste. **[6]**

OR

Discuss the process of phytoremediation and its importance.

b) Hydro sphere is an important Abiotic factor. Discuss. **[4]**

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following. **[10]**

a) Consequences of Air Pollution.

b) 5 R'S for reducing solid waste.

c) Red data book

d) BOD

e) Energy efficiency

f) Write down the effect of global warming on marine ecosystem.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1599

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-36
S.Y.B.Sc.
BIOTECHNOLOGY
BBt - 306 : Bio-Analytical Techniques
(Revised 2019) (Semester - III)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any Three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following: **[5]**

- a) Enlist any two applications of UV-visible spectroscopy.
- b) Define sedimentation rate.
- c) State the purpose of mobile phase in chromatography.
- d) What is role of separating buffer in SDS - PAGE.
- e) Enlist the applications of TLC.
- f) Define molar extinction coefficient.

Q2)a) Explain the principle, process and applications of Native PAGE. **[6]**
OR

Describe in detail, construction and working of UV-Visible spectroscopy with neat labelled diagram.

b) Explain the density gradient technique with suitable example. **[4]**

Q3) a) Explain the principle of agarose gel electrophoresis . Add a note on factors affecting to electrophoresis. **[6]**

OR

Explain principle, process & applications of Ion Exchange chromatography in detail.

b) Describe Random & systematic errors in Experimentation. **[4]**

P.T.O.

- Q4)** a) Discuss in detail, mechanism and significance of size exclusion chromatography. [6]

OR

Write the principle and applications of centrifuge in biology. Add a note on preparative centrifugation.

- b) Explain Beer's Lambert's law & mention its limitations. [4]
- Q5)** Write short notes on any four of the following: [10]
- a) Scientific notation
 - b) Paper chromatography
 - c) Role of different chemicals in SDS - PAGE
 - d) Analytical centrifugation.
 - e) Calibration of Pipettes.
 - f) Packing of column in Column chromatography.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1600

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329] - 41

S.Y. B.Sc. (Biotechnology)

BBT-401: Cell Biology - II

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (Semester-IV)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to Q.5 carry equal marks*

Q1) Solve any five of the following :

[5]

- a) Define signal transduction.
- b) What are cyclins?
- c) What are bivalent chromosomes?
- d) Define necrosis
- e) What is significance of Gap phase?
- f) Give any two examples of signalling molecules.

Q2) a) Describe in detail, cytological & molecular events during cell cycle. [6]

OR

Describe the process of autophagy. its regulatory mechanism & significance.

- b) Explain the anaphase & telophase stages with neat labelled diagram.[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Compare & contrast between intrinsic & extrinsic pathway of apoptosis [6]

OR

What is cell signalling? Describe the syncrise & paracrine signalling.

b) Give an account of cell surface receptors. [4]

Q4) a) Describe different phases of meiosis I with neat labelled diagram. [6]

OR

Discuss in detail, process of cellular ageing with respect to telomerase, oxidative stress & DNA damage.

b) Elaborate on cell cycle checkpoints & its regulation. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following : [10]

- a) Pyroptosis
- b) Small intracellular mediators.
- c) Neoplasia.
- d) G-protein associated receptors
- e) Enzyme linked receptors
- f) Significance of cell division



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1601

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-42

S.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 402 : Molecular Biology - II

(Rev. 2019) (Semester - IV)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Question 2 to Question 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve Any Five of the following:

[5]

- a) Define Promotor.
- b) Give the names of structural genes of lactose operon.
- c) Give any two inhibitors of translation.
- d) Define mutation.
- e) Give the name of cofactor of RNA polymerase in Prokaryotic transcription.
- f) What is glycosylation?

Q2) a) Explain transcription in Eukaryotes in detail.

[6]

OR

Explain in detail transcription in prokaryotes.

- b) Give an account of processing of mRNA.

[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) What are induced mutations? Explain base Excision Repair Mechanism. [6]

OR

What are the spontaneous mutations? Explain Mismatch Repair mechanism.

b) What are the post translational modifications? Explain with examples.[4]

Q4) a) Give an account on Tryptophan operon. Comment on regulation by attenuation. [6]

OR

Give an account of arabinose operon. Explain positive and negative regulation of ara operon.

b) Explain in brief lactose operon and catabolite repression. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any Four of the following: [10]

- a) Ribosome
- b) Initiation of translation in prokaryotes
- c) SOS repair
- d) Rho-dependent termination of transcription
- e) t-RNA charging
- f) Ubiquitination



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1602

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-43

S.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 403 : Immunology

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - IV)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three of Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Q.2 to Q.5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Attempt any Five of the following:

[5]

- a) Draw the structure of TCR.
- b) Differentiate between MHC-I and MHC-II.
- c) Enlist the names of cells that perform phagocytosis.
- d) Name any four types of vaccines.
- e) Define chimeric antibody.
- f) What is Hapten?

Q2) a) Explain adjuvants with suitable examples.

[6]

OR

- a) Describe lattice hypothesis and zone of equivalence . **[6]**
- b) Draw the structure of immunoglobulin produced in primary infections.**[4]**

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Describe the monoclonal antibodies and its applications. [6]

OR

a) Write an essay on 'clonal selection theory'. [6]

b) Draw the structure of antibody that crosses placenta, also state its isotypes. [4]

Q4) a) Explain thymus with suitable diagram, add a note on maturation of T-lymphocytes. [6]

OR

a) Describe classical pathway of complement activation. [6]

b) Draw the structure of antibody in secretions, write its isotypes. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on (Any Four): [10]

a) Ouchterlony's method

b) ELISA

c) Lymph node

d) Inflammation

e) CFT (Wassermann's test)

f) Hypersensitivity



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1603

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-44

S.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBT-404: Animal Development

(Rev. 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - IV)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.
- 3) Question 2 to Question 5 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve Any Five of the following:

[5 × 1 = 5]

- a) Define Differentiation.
- b) What is Hensen's node.
- c) What is Blastema.
- d) Write any 2 characteristics of stemcells.
- e) Define stereoblastula.
- f) Define spermiogenesis

Q2) a) Describe the process of oogenesis. With neat labelled diagram explain the structure of ovum. **[6]**

OR

Describe fertilization in sea urchin.

b) What are progenitor cells. Explain their role during development. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Describe the process of gastrulation in frog. [6]

OR

Describe the process of gastrulation in drosophila.

b) Elaborate on different patterns of cleavages with examples. [4]

Q4) a) Explain Antero-Posterior patterning in Drosophila. [6]

OR

Describe any one mechanism to prevent polyspermy. Give its significance.

b) Explain Secondary Neuralation. [4]

Q5) Write a short note on Any Four of the following: [10]

- a) Extrinsic pathway
- b) Any Two theories of ageing
- c) Morphogenesis
- d) Cell lineage
- e) Zebrafish as a model system in developmental biology
- f) Alcohol as Teratogen



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1604

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329] - 45
S.Y. B.Sc.
BIOTECHNOLOGY
BBt-405: Plant Development
(Rev. 2019) (Semester - IV)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to Q.5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any five of the following :

[5]

- a) What are homeotic genes?
- b) Define dedifferentiation.
- c) Explain the term microsporogenesis.
- d) What is pro-embryo?
- e) Give two applications of plant development in biotechnology.
- f) Explain the term coleoptile.

Q2) a) Write note on floral patterning in plant development.

[6]

OR

Explain megasporogenesis and development of female gametophyte.

- b) What is parthenocarpy? Explain it's types.

[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) What is double fertilization and triple fusion? Give it's significance. [6]

OR

Enlist and explain various external stimuli that bring about transition from vegetative to reproductive phase.

b) What is seed? Explain seed dispersal in detail. [4]

Q4) a) What is endosperm? Give modes of development of endosperm in detail. [6]

OR

Describe the root patterning (Radial patterning) in plants and also mention some of the genes playing important role during the process.

b) Explain the concept of embryogenesis in plant. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following : [10]

- a) Molecular regulation of Arabidopsis plant.
- b) Explain dedifferentiation in vivo with one example.
- c) Explain plant development at organ level.
- d) Write principles and unique features of plant development.
- e) Give importance of seed.
- f) Write a note on flower structure.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1605

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329] - 46

S.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt-406: Microbial biotechnology

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester-IV)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.
- 3) Questions 2 to Q.5 carry equal marks
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Solve any five of the following :

[5]

- a) What is food spoilage?
- b) What is significance of BOD determination in waste water treatment?
- c) Define: Biofertilizer
- d) State importance of normal flora in human health.
- e) Give any two applications of microbial toxins.
- f) What is VDRL test?

Q2) a) Enlist various tests used for grading of milk. Explain MBRT test in detail.

[6]

OR

- a) Draw a neat labelled diagram of overview of sewage treatment process and add a note on Activated sludge process **[6]**
- b) Justify: E.coli is indicator of faecal pollution of water. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Explain disease Tuberculosis w.r.t [6]

- i) Causitive agent
- ii) Pathogenesis
- iii) Symptoms
- iv) Diagnosis
- v) Treatment

OR

a) Describe MPN test to check potability of water. [6]

b) Explain use of Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO) in industry/ agriculture with at least the examples. [4]

Q4) a) Enlist various extrinsic factors affecting food spoilage. Explain process of canning in detail. [6]

OR

a) Elaborate on Bioleaching with following points [6]

- i) Micro organisms used
- ii) Method
- iii) Advantages and Disadvantages.

b) What is food preservation? Explain chemical preservation with any two examples. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following : [10]

- a) Pasteurization
- b) MEOR.
- c) Cheese
- d) Membrane filter Techniques
- e) Ropiness
- f) Microbial polysaccharides



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1606

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-51

T.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt-501 : Industrial Microbiology

(2019 Revised) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *Question. 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any Three questions from Q 2 to Q 5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*
- 4) *Figures to right indicate full marks.*
- 5) *Draw neat labelled diagram whenever necessary.*

Q1) Attempt any five of the following :

[5]

- a) Define fermentation.
- b) How to prevent Vortex in bioreactor?
- c) What is duel culture fermentation?
- d) Give the role of filter aids in filtration.
- e) What will be the consequences of foaming?
- f) What is inhibitor? Give one example.

Q2) a) Describe the process of large scale production of alcohol.

[6]

OR

- a) Explain plate heat exchanger used in media sterilization.
- b) What is impeller? Describe different type of implerler.

[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Enlist different types of centrifuge used in recovery of fermentation products. Describe construction, working of disc bowl centrifuge. [6]

OR

a) Give an account on permeability modification as a method of strain improvement.

b) Explain measurement and control of foam in fermentation process. [4]

Q4) a) Enlist mechanical methods of cell disruption. With neat labelled diagram Explain any one method. [6]

OR

a) Describe Plackett-Burman model for media designing.

b) Describe packed bed reactor with example. [4]

Q5) Write a note on (any four) : [10]

a) Scale up

b) Indicator dye technique

c) Isoelectric precipitation in recovery

d) Fixed and non fixed pore filters.

e) Inducer

f) Bakers yeast



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC1607

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-52

T.Y. B.Sc. (Biotechnology)

BBI - 502 : RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q.1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Questions no.2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any five of the following:

[5]

- a) What is Vector?
- b) Define Recombinant DNA technology.
- c) Mention role of polynucleotide kinases.
- d) Enlist any two applications of recombinant DNA technology.
- e) What do you mean by transformation process in recombinant DNA technology.
- f) What is Host organism.

Q2) a) Explain type II restriction endonucleases Add a note on their types and applications. **[6]**

OR

- a) Describe the construction and applications of cDNA libraries. **[6]**
- b) Give significance of alkaline phosphatases. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q3) a) What is PCR? Describe the steps involved and applications of PCR.[6]

OR

a) Comment on the steps involved in construction of recombinant DNA technology. [6]

b) Mention role of biotechnology in production of recombinant insulin.[4]

Q4) a) Elaborate on Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer. [6]

OR

a) Explain plasmids as a gene carrying vehicle. Add a note on any one plasmid vector. [6]

b) Elaborate on Automated DNA sequencing method in brief [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following: [10]

a) Linkers and adapters.

b) Blue - White screening.

c) Role of Gene therapy in treating various diseases.

d) Cosmid vectors.

e) Production of biotherapeutics using recombinant DNA technology.

f) Real time PCR.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC1608

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-53

T.Y. B.Sc. (Biotechnology)

BBt - 503 : PLANT TISSUE CULTURE

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q.1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Question No. 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following :

[5]

- a) Define caulogenesis.
- b) What is synchronized culture?
- c) What is cybrid?
- d) Differentiate between hard & Soft callus.
- e) Define - indirect organogenesis .
- f) How rooting & shooting response is regulated by auxin concentration?

Q2) a) Define suspension culture. Discuss suspension culture with respect to. **[6]**

- i) Types & synchronization.
- ii) Assessment of growth measurements & viability.

OR

- a) Give various criterias applied for designing plant tissue culture laboratory. Describe various rooms in PTC lab. **[6]**
- b) What is embryo culture? Comment on factors affecting embryo culture. **[4]**

Q3) a) Define micropropagation. Describe various stages of micropropagation & add a note on its application. **[6]**

OR

- a) Define tissue culture media. Enlist various types of PTC media & comment on MS media composition along with role of components. **[6]**
- b) Which culture technique is used to raise virus free plant? Give protocol of the same. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) What is androgenesis? Diagrammatically represent pathways of androgenesis & describe factors influencing androgenesis. [6]

OR

a) Define protoplast. Give different methods for protoplast isolation & fusion & explain any one method in detail from each. [6]

b) Define Organ culture. Give importance of organ culture. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any Four of the following. [10]

a) Principal and working of Laminar air flow.

b) Surface sterilization of explant.

c) PGR & its role in PTC.

d) Morphology & internal structure of callus.

e) Commercial application of plant tissue Culture.

f) Leaf Culture.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1609

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-54

T.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 504 : Animal Tissue Culture

(Revised 2019) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q. 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any five of the following.

[5]

- a) Define confluency.
- b) Write a role of trypsin in animal tissue culture.
- c) Give any two examples of natural media in ATC.
- d) Who is a father of animal tissue culture?
- e) What is population doubling time?
- f) Name any two cell banks to procure animal cell lines.

Q2) a) Explain in detail primary culture of fibroblast cells with emphasis on sources, selection and methodology. **[6]**

OR

Microbial contamination is a major issue in ATC. Write in detail different types of microbial contaminants. Add a note on how to overcome those contaminations?

b) Enlist properties of finite cell line. **[4]**

Q3) a) How do you characterize the cell line on the basis of enzymes? Enlist any two enzyme markers associated with specific cell lines. **[6]**

OR

What is significance of cryopreservation? Explain in detail components of cryopreservation facility.

b) Write down various advantages of serum containing media in ATC. **[4]**

P.T.O.

- Q4)** a) Explain in detail methods of organ culture. Add a note on merits and demerits of organ culture. [6]

OR

Write down working principle and uses of laminar air flow and CO₂ incubator.

- b) Describe the purpose and design of ATC laboratory. [4]

- Q5)** Write short notes on any four. [10]

- a) Mammalian cell culture
- b) Balanced salt solution
- c) Criteria for subculture
- d) Applications of animal cell culture
- e) Determination of viable cell count
- f) Sterilization of ATC media



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1610

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-55

T.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt-505 : Applied Biotechnology - I
(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q.1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions of Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Q.2 to Q.5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Attempt any five of the following : **[5]**

- a) Define Biochip
- b) Dendrimers
- c) Enlist two Biomarkers of disease
- d) Distinguish between Top down & Bottom up method.
- e) Name any two barophilic organisms.
- f) Enlist two methods of characterization of nanoparticles.

Q2) a) Write an essay on composting. **[6]**

OR

Explain molecular diagnostics.

b) Describe use of living organisms in nanoparticle synthesis? **[4]**

Q3) a) Explain the infrastructure requirement for vermicomposting. **[6]**

OR

Describe secondary metabolites of marine organisms.

b) Microalgae as a potential source of energy in future, justify. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Liposome based nanomedicine and its application, write a note. [6]

OR

Describe use of PCR in Covid-19.

b) Explain 'Marine actinobacteria' in detail. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of following : [10]

- a) Cellular diagnostics
- b) Nanotubes
- c) Conditions for composting
- d) GFP and RFP
- e) Genomics in diagnostics
- f) Marine bioresources



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1611

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-56

T.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 506 : Biodiversity and Systematics

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q. 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Question No. 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following.

[5]

- a) Define genetic diversity.
- b) What is Population density.
- c) Define 'Niche'
- d) Define Adaptation
- e) What is species extinction?
- f) What is classification system?

Q2) a) Describe "Population density and relative abundance" with one method for estimating abundance.

[6]

OR

Comment on "Biodiversity in cities and towns" and explain "Opportunistic species".

b) Describe applications of Biodiversity studies.

[4]

Q3) a) Define carrying capacity and add a note on growth forms of population.

[6]

OR

Explain morphological and molecular tools in taxonomy.

b) Explain chipko movement and panipanchayat movement.

[4]

P.T.O.

- Q4)** a) Write a note on methods used in insitu conservation and justify its significance over ex-situ conservation. [6]

OR

Explain wildlife protection act of India & add a note on CITES and TRAFFIC.

- b) Role of ZSI and BSI. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following. [10]

- a) Simpson's index of Biodiversity
- b) Concept Ecological equivalance of species.
- c) Biodiversity Hotspots.
- d) Survivorship curves of population.
- e) Explain the need of taxonomy
- f) Types of Biodiversity.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC1612

[6329]-61

[Total No. of Pages :2

T.Y.B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBT-601 : Enzyme and Enzyme Technology

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester- VI)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any 3 questions from Q2 to Q5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any five of the following: **[5]**

- a) Active site
- b) Maximum velocity
- c) Steady state assumption
- d) Zymogens
- e) Transition state
- f) Optimum pH

Q2) a) Discuss the effect of substrate concentration on enzyme activity. **[6]**

OR

Describe the process of Lysosomal degradation of enzymes. **[6]**

- b) Enlist carries of matrices used for enzyme immobilization. Explain any one. **[4]**

Q3) a) Discuss the covalent catalysis mechanism of enzyme action. **[6]**

OR

Give an account on multi enzyme complex with appropriate example. **[6]**

- b) Explain the importance of transaminases in clinical diagnosis. **[4]**

P.T.O.

- Q4)** a) Explain the need of transformations of MM equation/Plot to study enzyme kinetics. [6]

OR

Discuss the construction of glucose oxidase biosensor. [6]

- b) Explain the mechanism of covalent modification for enzyme regulation.[4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following. [10]

- a) Cellulose degrading enzymes.
- b) Cell immobilization.
- c) Significance of K_m .
- d) Enzyme commission for classification of enzymes.
- e) Turnover number.
- f) Enzymes in membrane.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC1613

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-62

T.Y. B.Sc. (Biotechnology)

BBt - 602 : AGRICULTURE BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q.1 is compulsory*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5*
- 3) *Question no.2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following :

[5]

- a) Define Abiotic stress.
- b) Define e-Agriculture.
- c) What is biocontrol?
- d) What is Pathogen diagnosis?
- e) Define classical Agriculture biotechnology.
- f) Enlist two important biofertilizer manufacturing industries.

Q2) a) What are molecular markers? How is molecular marker assisted breeding done? Write the significance. **[6]**

OR

Explain Various modes of gene transfer in plants with suitable examples. **[6]**

b) Write a note on quality control and various parameters of the biofertilizers. **[4]**

Q3) a) Describe in detail types, importance and scope of Green house technology. **[6]**

OR

Write in detail role of transgenic plants against diseases. **[6]**

b) Write a note on herbicide resistant plants. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Discuss important criteria to develop drought resistant plants. [6]

OR

Write the role of biotechnology in recycling of horticulture waste as live stock and green manures. [6]

b) Compare and contrast classical and modern agriculture biotechnology.[4]

Q5) Write short notes on any Four of the following : [10]

- a) Use of ICT in Agriculture biotechnology.
- b) Detoxification of herbicides.
- c) Genetically engineered microbes in biofertilizer.
- d) Non Conventional fertilizers.
- e) Phytosanitation.
- f) Urban Agriculture.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC1614

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-63

T.Y. B.Sc. (Biotechnology)

BBI - 603 : APPLIED BIOTECHNOLOGY - II

(Revised 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Question 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any five of the following. **[5]**

- a) What are 2nd generation biofuels.
- b) Give importance of algal biomass.
- c) What are GMO? Give one example of GM plant.
- d) What is 'GUARDIAN'?
- e) List any four bioactive compound produced from system biology.
- f) Define totipotent stem cells.

Q2) a) How can be microbe used to decrease the use of chemical Fertilizer and pesticide. **[6]**

OR

- a) Explain various types of renewable energy technologies.
- b) Xenobiotic compound may be recalcitrant: Justify. **[4]**

Q3) a) What is DNA fingerprinting? DNA fingerprinting used in forensic to identify closely related relatives: Justify **[6]**

OR

- a) Describe 'Personalised medicine' concept with example.
- b) Describe various applications of synthetic biology. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Describe therapeutic applications of stem cells in human degenerative diseases. [6]

OR

- a) Give an account of rice-3k project.
- b) Write the various applications of 'Human genome project' in health. [4]

Q5) Write a note on: (any four) [10]

- a) Cord blood banking.
- b) Ethical policy of Indian government on stem cell use.
- c) Biodiesel.
- d) Potential risk of GM food.
- e) Directed graph in system biology.
- f) RFLP.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1615

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-64

T.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt - 604: Food and Pharmaceutical Biotechnology
(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *Q. 1 is Compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions.*
- 3) *Question no 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any five from the following : **[5]**

- a) What are food adulterants? Give its example.
- b) What is TQM stand for?
- c) Define ED50.
- d) What is drug compendia? Give its classification.
- e) Write role of α amylase in food processing.
- f) Write the food source for vit B₁₂.

Q2) a) What were the recommendations of drug enquiry committee. **[6]**

OR

Describe the objectives of pharmacy Act 1948. **[6]**

b) Explain in detail about pre biotics and its role. **[4]**

Q3) a) Explain the principles of food safety management system (FSM5). **[6]**

OR

Describe the objectives of food packaging laws.

b) Discuss benefits of non alcoholic beverages. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Describe Aseptic packaging of food. [6]

OR

Write the selection criteria of probiotic organisms. [6]

b) What is therapeutic modulation of gut microflora. [4]

Q5) Write short notes on any four of the following : [10]

a) Probiotic and cancer.

b) Allergy Vs intolerance.

c) Nutra ceuticals.

d) Food contaninants.

e) Give account on IP.

f) Rational drug discovery.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1616

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-65

T.Y. B.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BBt-605 : Bioinformatics

(Revised 2019) (Semester - VI)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *Question. 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q 2 to Q 5.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following:

[5]

- a) What is Entrez?
- b) Give significance of BLAST.
- c) What is metadata search?
- d) What do you mean by local alignment?
- e) Enlist types of data used in bioinformatics.
- f) What is orthologs?

Q2) a) What is Flat file? Explain in detail PDB file format.

[6]

OR

Explain in detail Dot plot as a method for PSA.

- b) Explain MEDLINE database.

[4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) How data is generated for bioinformatics? Discuss NGS sequencing as a data generation tool in detail. [6]

OR

Explain the concept of MSA with example.

b) Differentiate between CATH&SCOP. [4]

Q4) a) How Boolean operator ease the search? Explain different boolean operators in detail. [6]

OR

What is biological database? Explain EMBL & DDBJ database in detail.

b) Explain PyMOL as a protein structure visualization tool. [4]

Q5) Attempt any FOUR of the following: [10]

- a) Explain role of bioinformatics.
- b) Swissprot.
- c) PSI - BLAST
- d) Global alignment
- e) Relational database.
- f) Clustal - W



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

PC-1617

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6329]-66
T.Y.B.Sc.
BIOTECHNOLOGY
BBT-606 : Biosafety & Bioethics & IPR
(Revised 2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any Three questions from Q2 to Q5.*
- 3) *Question 2 to 5 carry equal marks.*
- 4) *Figure to the right indicate full marks.*
- 5) *Draw neat labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

Q1) Solve any Five of the following: **[5]**

- a) What can be protected under Copyright?
- b) BSC - I, define.
- c) Write the benefit of granting patent.
- d) Define GCP.
- e) Give the difference between invention and innovation.
- f) What is ICM and its role?

Q2) a) Highlight the significance of types of Intellectual Property. **[6]**

OR

Write an explanatory note on TRIPS Agreement. **[6]**

- b) With justification name the organisms that can be handled in BSL-3 facility. **[4]**

Q3) a) Explain Declaration of Melsinki as a statement of ethical principles. **[6]**

OR

Describe tuskegee syphilis study. **[6]**

- b) Discuss the inventions that are patentable & non-patentable in India. **[4]**

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Explain concepts, symbols and significance in experimental biological science. [6]

OR

Regulatory bodies in India for Bioethics. [6]

b) Why do Geographical Indication needs protection 3 Hours GI are protected? [4]

Q5) Write a short notes on any Four of the following: [10]

- a) Patent of Addition.
- b) Filters used in caminar air flow.
- c) Objective & function of WTO.
- d) Autonomy in research.
- e) Indian Patent Law.
- f) Beneficence in research in human subjects.

