

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

**PC4154**

**[6337]-1001R**

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**M.Sc. -I**

**BIO - CHEMISTRY**

**CHB-501 MJ : Biomolecules (T)**  
**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester-I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q1 and Q6 are compulsory. Carry 5 marks each.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 5.*
- 3) *Attempt any three questions from Q No 7 to Q No 10.*
- 4) *Use separate answer sheets for both sections.*
- 5) *Figure to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**Q1)** Answer the following. **[5]**

- a) Write the structure of cyclic form of  $\alpha$ -D-glucose.
- b) Define the term Enantiomer give example.
- c) List the coenzyme form of Niacin.
- d) What are conjugated lipids give example?
- e) Write the deficiency symptom of Vitamin C.

**Q2)** a) Answer the following two questions. **[6]**

- i) Write short account on 'Rancidity'. **[3]**
- ii) What are disaccharides? How they are formed? Give the structure and importance of sucrose. **[3]**

b) Answer the following two questions. **[4]**

- i) Why water is called universal solvent? **[2]**
- ii) Differentiate the fat soluble and water soluble vitamins with examples. **[2]**

**Q3)** Write short notes on the following five. **[10]**

- a) Significance of phospholipids
- b) Amino Sugar
- c) Structure of water molecules
- d) Reducing sugars
- e) Monosaccharides.

*P.T.O.*

- Q4)** a) Answer the following. [6]
- i) Write the short account on lipoproteins with their significances. [3]
  - ii) What are polysaccharides? How are they classify? Give structures and examples. [3]
- b) Attempt the following. [4]
- i) What are coenzymes? Elaborate the function of coenzyme giving one example of reaction. [2]
  - ii) What are fatty acids? How they are classify? [2]
- Q5)** Attempt the following questions. [10]
- a) What are lipids? How they are classify? [5]
  - b) Describe the biochemical function and deficiency of riboflavin. [5]

## **SECTION - II**

- Q6)** Answer the following questions. [5]
- a) Write structure of Phenyl alanine.
  - b) What are the characteristics of peptide bond?
  - c) What is denaturation of proteins?
  - d) What are globular proteins?
  - e) List non-essential amino acids.
- Q7)** a) Answer the following questions. [6]
- i) Explain Ramchandran Plot. [3]
  - ii) Write short account on End-group analysis. [3]
- b) Answer the following questions. [4]
- i) How peptide bond is formed? [2]
  - ii) Write about the structure of myoglobin. [2]

**Q8)** Write short notes on the following.

**[5×2=10]**

- a) Rare amino acids.
- b) Fibrous proteins
- c) Zwitterion.
- d) Branched chain amino acids.
- e) Significance of electric pH.

**Q9)** a) Write the answers of following questions.

**[6]**

i) Explain Ninhydrin reaction of amino acids.

**[3]**

ii) Explain  $\beta$  pleated sheets with diagram.

**[3]**

b) Answer the following questions.

**[4]**

i) Write the structure of Glutamate and aspartate.

**[2]**

ii) Write about biological significance of protein.

**[2]**

**Q10)** Answer the following.

**[10]**

a) With the structure of Glycine explain the titration curve and write its significances.

**[5]**

b) Write short account on 'quaternary structure' of protein.

**[5]**



Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**PC4155**

**[6337]-1002**

**M.Sc. - I**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-502 MJ : Enzymology and Biophysical Techniques  
(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q.1 and Q.6 are compulsory and carry 5 marks.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Attempt any three questions from Q.7 to Q.10.*
- 4) *Answer to the both sections should be written in separate answer sheets.*
- 5) *Figures to the right hand side indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Engymology)**

**Q1)** Answer any five of the following. **[5]**

- a) What do you mean by apoenzyme and holoenzyme?
- b) Give the significance of  $K_m$ .
- c) What is the effect of substrate concentration of enzyme activity?
- d) What is transition state in enzyme catalysed reaction?
- e) What type of reactions are catalysed by ligase enzyme in enzyme classification?
- f) What is the turnover number of lysozyme enzyme?

**Q2)** Answer the following:

- a)
  - i) Explain covalent catalysis with example. **[3]**
  - ii) Explain Fischer's lock & key hypothesis. **[3]**
- b)
  - i) Explain what happens to MM. equation when  $S \ll K_m$ . **[2]**
  - ii) Explain double displacement method in enzyme catalysed reaction. **[2]**

**P.T.O.**

**Q3) Write short notes on. (any five)** **[10]**

- a) Noncompetitive inhibition
- b) Presteady state kinetics
- c) Affinity label
- d) Isoenzyme
- e) K.N.F. model
- f) Suicide inhibitors

**Q4) Solve the following:**

- a) i) Comment on any two factors leading to rate enhancement of enzyme catalysed reaction. **[3]**  
ii) What is side chain modification of amino acids. Explain with example. **[3]**
- b) i) Give salient features of active site. **[2]**  
ii) Enlist seven classes of enzymes with example. **[2]**

**Q5) Attempt any two of the following.** **[10]**

- a) Give mechanism of enzyme degradation.
- b) Discuss the mechanism of reaction catalysed by chymotrypsin.
- c) Derive Lineweaver burk equation. How do you find  $K_m$  of double reciprocal plot?

## **SECTION - II**

### **(Biophysical Techniques)**

**Q6) Answer the following. (any five)** **[5]**

- a) Why is it necessary to purify enzymes?
- b) What is a stationary phase in paper chromatography?
- c) Which buffer is used in SDS-PAGE?
- d) What is ion exchange resin in chromatography?
- e) How is molecular weight determined by electrophoresis?
- f) Why is ammonium per sulphate used in page?

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) i) What is the difference between SDS and native page? [3]
- ii) Why is protein precipitation important? [3]
- b) i) Why is agarose used in gel electrophoresis instead of agar? [2]
- ii) What type of detector is used in gas chromatography? [2]

**Q8)** Write short notes on. (any five) [10]

- a) Diffraction grating of spectrophotometer
- b) Nitrocellulose membrane
- c) Hydrophobic interaction
- d) Monochromator
- e) Metal chelate chromatography
- f) Paper electrophoresis

**Q9)** Solve the following:

- a) i) How are proteins eluted in affinity chromatography? [3]
- ii) Write the disadvantages of Ion exchange chromatography. [3]
- b) i) Why are ampholytes used in isoelectric focusing? [2]
- ii) What are the steps of extraction technique? [2]

**Q10)** Attempt any two of the following. [10]

- a) Explain any two applications of disc electrophoresis.
- b) Describe the method of purification by gel chromatography.
- c) Discuss the components of HPLC.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4156**

**[6337]-1003**

**First Year M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB - 503 - MJ : CELL BIOLOGY**

**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

**[Max. Marks : 35**

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Question No. 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q. 2. to Q. 5.*
- 3) *Figures on right hand side indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt the following questions. (Any five)

**[5]**

- a) Write the function of Golgi-apparatus.
- b) Define stem cell.
- c) What is role of collagen?
- d) Define the term organogenesis.
- e) What is extracellular matrix?
- f) What is the function of Peroxisomes?

**Q2) a)** Answer the following questions.

**[6]**

- i) With the help of diagram explain fungi cell structure.
- ii) Draw a diagram of chloroplast and explain its functions.

**b)** Answer the following questions.

**[4]**

- i) Write about the function of xylem and phloem.
- ii) What is yeast? Give its important.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write short notes on following. **[10]**

- a) Plasmodesmata.
- b) Mitochondria structure and function.
- c) Cell adhesion molecules.
- d) Stains and Markers for nucleus.
- e) Endoplasmic Reticulum [ER].

**Q4)** a) Answer the following questions. **[6]**

- i) Explain with diagram the gap junction.
- ii) Comment on Mitosis.

b) Answer the following questions. **[4]**

- i) What is cytoskeleton? list it's components?
- ii) What is cell differentiation?

**Q5)** Answer the following. (Any Two) **[10]**

- a) With the help of diagram describe the process of meiosis.
- b) Explain how cyclins and cyclin dependent kinases control cell cycle.
- c) Write short account on subcellular fractionation.





Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4157**

**[6337]-1004**

**M.Sc. (Part - I)**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-505-MJ : Microbiology**

**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 35*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q.1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any two questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following :

**[5]**

- a) Define autotrophs with example.
- b) What is difference between disinfectant and sanitizer?
- c) Define mutation and mutagen.
- d) What are different types of antibodies?
- e) Define mycoplasma.
- f) What is the role of flagella?

**Q2)** a) Write short note on the following :

**[6]**

- i) Cell division in microorganism.
- ii) Microbial production of glutamic acid.

b) Attempt the following :

**[4]**

- i) Describe the selection of auxotrophic mutants.
- ii) Explain diseases associated with microorganisms.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write short notes on the following (any 5) :

**[10]**

- a) Nitrogen fixation
- b) Plant viruses
- c) Pure culture
- d) Moist heat sterilization
- e) SEM
- f) Bacteriological media

**Q4)** a) Answer the following :

**[6]**

- i) Classify bacteriophages based on their morphology.
- ii) Differentiate between continuous culture and batch culture.

b) Attempt the following :

**[4]**

- i) Explain cell wall structure of Gram negative bacteria.
- ii) Write the applications of fluorescent microscope.

**Q5)** Attempt any two of the following :

**[10]**

- a) Explain lysine production using microorganisms.
- b) Explain the mechanism of action endotoxin with example.
- c) Describe production of mutants by physical agent.



Total No. of Questions : 6]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4158**

**[6337]-1006**

**First Year M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-508 MJ : Research Methodology  
(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures on the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *There is no section. Calculators are allowed.*

**Q1)** Answer the following questions.

**[5×2=10]**

- a) Define Trade secrete.
- b) List the safety equipments in Labs.
- c) Write the use of Lab coat.
- d) Why filtration is used in Laboratory.
- e) Write the Mean of following Raw data.

21. 22, 25, 19, 17, 26, 23, 17, 11, 23.

**Q2)** Attempt the following questions any two.

**[2×5=10]**

- a) List the basic Rules for Laboratory work.
- b) Find the median of the following data.  
11, 10, 09, 13, 15.
- c) Explain Autoclaving use for disinfection.

**Q3)** Write short notes on (any three)

**[3×5=15]**

- a) Major action taken during chemical spill.
- b) Gas sterilization.
- c) Respirator.
- d) Eye and face protection.

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Answer the following questions.

**[2×5=10]**

- a) What is patent? Give important rights of patents.
- b) Calculate the median for frequency distribution using following data.

Marks	Frequency
0-10	05
10-20	10
20-30	20
30-40	12
40-50	08

**Q5)** Answer the following questions.

**[3×5=15]**

- a) Write application of Irradiation.
- b) What is Intellectual property right (IPR)? List the tools of IPR.
- c) What is Radiological spill? Explain use of 'SWIMS'.

**Q6)** Answer the following question.

**[2×5=10]**

- a) Write short account on 'Plagiarism'.
- b) Find A.M. (Arithmetic mean) for the following frequency distribution.

Class	F
0-10	02
10-20	05
20-30	20
30-40	03
40-50	02



Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**PC4159**

**[6337]-2001**

**M.Sc. - I**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-551MJ : Bioenergetics and Metabolism**

**(Credit 2023 Pattern) (Semester-II)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Question 1 and Q.6 are compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from question 2 to question 5.*
- 3) *Attempt any three questions from question 7 to question 10.*
- 4) *Answers of both sections should be written on separate answer sheet.*
- 5) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION-I**

**Q1)** Answer the following. **[5]**

- a) List the energy rich compounds of our body.
- b) What are ketone bodies.
- c) Write the glyoxylate cycle significance.
- d) Define the term oxidative phosphorylation.
- e) List out the Gluconergetic precursor of our body.

**Q2) a)** Answer the following: **[6]**

- i) Write the role of enzymes and coenzymes involved in the conversion of pyruvate to acetyl-coA.
- ii) Explain with the help of diagram Electron Transport Chain (ETC).

**b)** Answer the following questions: **[4]**

- i) Write the significance of pentose phosphate pathway.
- ii) Write short account on glycogen degradation to release on sugar molecule.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write short account/notes on the following.

**[5×2=10]**

- a) ATP synthase complex.
- b) Types of fatty and oxidation
- c) Substrate level phosphorylation
- d) Fatty acid synthase complex
- e) Anapleurotic reactions of TCA cycle.

**Q4)** a) Answer the following questions.

**[6]**

- i) How Glycolysis is regulated?
- ii) Why TCA is called Amphobolic in nature?

b) Attempt the following.

**[4]**

- i) Explain carnithine shuttle.
- ii) Write about inborn error of carbohydrate metabolism.

**Q5)** Attempt the following questions.

**[10]**

- a) Explain  $\beta$  oxidation of palmitic acid with energetics.
- b) Write in details with every step how many molecules of ATP are generated after oxidation of one glucose molecule.

### **SECTION-II**

**Q6)** Answer the following questions.

**[5]**

- a) Write the fate of amino acids in the body.
- b) Write the Energetics of urea cycle.
- c) What is the significance of Gama-Gutamyl cycle.
- d) Write the significance of purine synthesis.
- e) What is the importance of Gutathione in the body.

**Q7) a)** Answer the following questions. [6]

- i) How urea cycle is regulated?
- ii) Write short account on purine salvage pathway.

**b)** Answer the following questions, conversions.

- i) dUMP  $\rightarrow$  dTMP [2]
- ii) Tyrosine  $\rightarrow$  Epinephrine [2]

**Q8)** Write short notes on the following. [5×2=10]

- a) Maple syrup urine disease
- b) Proteolysis
- c) Regulation of pyrimidine synthesis
- d) Gout
- e) Difference between salvage & de-nova pathway

**Q9) a)** Answer the following. [6]

- i) Describe the role of Tetra-Hydro-biopterin in the synthesis of phenyl alanine  $\rightarrow$  Tyrosine.
- ii) Explain regulation of purine biosynthesis.

**b)** Write the following conversions.

- i) UMP  $\rightarrow$  UTP [2]
- ii) IMP  $\rightarrow$  AMP [2]

**Q10)** Attempt the following questions. [10]

- a) Explain urea cycle
- b) Explain the synthesis of deoxyribonucleotide



Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**PC4160**

**[6337]-2002**

**M.Sc. (Part - I)**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-552-MJ : Membrane Biochemistry and Genetics  
(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - II)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) Q.1 and Q.6 are compulsory and carry 5 marks.*
- 2) Attempt any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) Attempt any three questions from Q.7 to Q.10.*
- 4) Answers to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 5) Figures to the right hand side indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Membrane Biochemistry)**

**Q1)** Answer any five of the following : **[5]**

- a) Explain the term hyperpolarization.
- b) Define endocytosis.
- c) What is symport?
- d) What is the role of phospholipid translocase in membrane transport?
- e) Give example of secondary active transport.
- f) Give the role of lipid Rafts.

**Q2)** Attempt the following questions.

- a) i) Explain the functioning of ligand gated channel. **[3]**  
ii) Discuss the cell components of plasma membrane and give their function. **[3]**
- b) i) What happens to the blood cells when suspended in isotonic and hypertonic solutions? **[2]**  
ii) State different types of transport of molecules across membrane. **[2]**

**P.T.O.**



- Q3)** Write short notes on any five of the following [10]
- Integral proteins
  - Ion channel
  - Davson - Danielle Model
  - Factors affecting membrane permeability
  - FRAP Technique
  - Osmoregulation
- Q4)** Answer the following questions.
- Discuss Active transport of sodium and potassium ions. [3]
    - Discuss the specialized mechanism of transport of macromolecules.[3]
  - Give the difference between uniport and antiport with example.[2]
    - Comment on the role of cholesterol in membrane structure. [2]
- Q5)** Attempt any two of the following : [10]
- Discuss facilitated diffusion and its types.
  - Explain mechanism of action of ionophores and their significance in a cell.
  - Explain the Mechanism of ATP-ADP translocase and its importance.
- SECTION - II**  
**(Genetics)**
- Q6)** Answer any five of the following : [5]
- Define genotype and phenotype.
  - Draw a well labelled diagram of double helical DNA.
  - Define cosmids.
  - Write the degeneracy of codon with example.
  - Define mutation and mutagen.
  - Explain human teratogenesis.
- Q7)** a) Answer the following : [6]
- Explain semiconservative mechanism of DNA replication.
  - Explain complementation test and co-linearity.
- b) Attempt the following : [4]
- What are vectors? Enlist the properties of good vector.
  - Explain frameshift mutation.

**Q8)** Write a short note on any five of the following **[10]**

- a) Genetic code
- b) Transduction
- c) PBR322
- d) Turner syndrome
- e) Nearest neighbor analysis
- f) Genetics

**Q9)** a) Answer the following : **[6]**

- i) What is point mutation. Explain one example.
- ii) Explain positive regulation of lac operon.

b) Attempt the following : **[4]**

- i) Elaborate denaturation of DNA.
- ii) Explain the experiment performed by Frederick Griffith.

**Q10)** Attempt any two of the following : **[10]**

- a) Describe the following terms.
  - i) Monohybrid
  - ii) Dihybrid
  - iii) Homozygous
  - iv) Heterozygous
  - v) Dominance & Recessive
- b) Explain the concept of gene by Benzer.
- c) Explain  $\lambda$  phage as vector.

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Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4161**

**[6337]-2003**

**First Year M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB - 553 - MJ : Techniques in Characterization of Biomolecules**

**(Credit 2023 Pattern) (Semester - II)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 35*

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Figures on right hand side indicate marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt the following questions.

**[5]**

- a) What is diffusion coefficient?
- b) Write any two applications of x-ray diffraction.
- c) List two advantages of LCMS.
- d) What is viscosity?
- e) Write the principle of zonal centrifugation.

**Q2)** a) Answer the following questions.

**[6]**

- i) Explain any one application of ORD & CD.
- ii) What is band sedimentation?

b) Attempt the following questions.

**[4]**

- i) Write the mobile phases used in LCMS.
- ii) What is polarization of fluorescence.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write short notes on the following.

**[5×2=10]**

- a) Ostwalds capillary viscometer.
- b) Factors affecting sedimentation.
- c) Principle of NMR.
- d) Application of GCMS.
- e) Ramchandran plot.

**Q4)** a) Attempt following questions.

**[6]**

- i) Explain the partial specific volume.
- ii) What is polarization of fluorescence?

b) Answer the following questions.

**[4]**

- i) List the factors affecting sedimentation.
- ii) What is sedimentation velocity.

**Q5)** Answer the following questions.

**[10]**

- a) Discuss the equipments used in circular Dichroism (CD).
- b) Explain stripping method of autoradiography.

**[5]**

**[5]**



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4162**

**[6337]-2004**

**First Year M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-560-MJ : Bioinformatics**

**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - II)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 35*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Questions 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any 3 questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following question (any 5) **[5]**

- a) Describe one method for visualizing protein structures.
- b) How does the PDB categorize protein structures?
- c) What is the purpose of the uni parc database?
- d) Explain Scopus.
- e) Mention one RNA Sequence databases.
- f) What is phylogentic analysis?

**Q2)** a) Answer the following questions : **[6]**

- i) Describe any major DNA sequence databases.
- ii) Explain the concept of impact factor and its significance in scientific publishing.

b) Answer the following question. **[4]**

- i) Explain DDBJ database.
- ii) Define pair - wise sequence alignment.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write a short note (any 5)

**[10]**

- a) PDB
- b) Multiple sequence alignment
- c) NCBI
- d) i 10 - index
- e) Next Prot
- f) Gen Pept

**Q4)** a) Answer the following questions :

**[6]**

- i) Provide an overview of the resources available at the European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI).
- ii) Describe the process of constructing a phylogenetic tree and interpreting its results.

b) Answer the following questions.

**[4]**

- i) Explain PubMed.
- ii) Explain any file format used in bioinformatic.

**Q5)** Answer the following questions :

**[10]**

- a) Describe the process of conducting a scientific literature search using Pubmed, scopus and Google scholar.
- b) Comment on impact factor and h-index in assessing the quality and significance of scientific research.
- c) Give importance of bioinformatics in drug discovery.

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Total No. of Questions : 7]

SEAT No. :

**PC4163**

**[6337]-3001**

**[Total No. of Pages : 2**

**S.Y.M.Sc.**

**BIO CHEMISTRY**

**CHB-601 MJ : Molecular Biology  
(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester-III)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *There is no section.*

**Q1)** Answer in short (any 5):

**[10]**

- a) What is Replication?
- b) Give the function of DNA polymerase I.
- c) Differentiate between Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic promoters.
- d) What is the role of ribosomes in Translation?
- e) Give the significance of signal recognition particle.
- f) What is the function of mRNA in Translation?
- g) What is protein Trafficking?

**Q2)** a) Answer any 2 of the following:

**[6]**

- i) Explain the mechanism of protein degradation.
  - ii) Describe the pathway taken by protein destined for lysosomes.
  - iii) Name any three key enzymes involved in DNA synthesis and describe their function.
- b) What is replication fork? What are the key processes occurring at this site?

**[4]**

**Q3)** a) Answer any 2 of the following:

**[6]**

- i) How proteins are transported from ER to golgi?
  - ii) Describe the inhibitors of translation in Eukaryotes.
  - iii) What is Ames test? How it is used to detect mutagenic potential?
- b) Describe in detail the functions of Rec A, Rec B, Rec C and Rec D in genetic recombination.

**[4]**

**P.T.O.**

- Q4) a)** Answer any 2 of the following: [6]
- i) Write a short note on Genome protection.
  - ii) Explain in detail about CRISPR-Cas 9.
  - iii) What is the role of Holiday structure in genetic recombination?
- b) Describe the structure of chromatin and its role in gene expression. [4]
- 
- Q5) a)** Answer any 2 of the following: [6]
- i) Write a short note on RNAi.
  - ii) Explain SOS response in Bacteria.
  - iii) Describe the structure of tRNA. What are codons and anticodons.
- b) What is signal hypothesis? How does it relate to intracellular protein targetting? [4]
- 
- Q6) a)** Answer any 2 of the following: [6]
- i) Describe the structure of ribosomes in Eukaryotes and explain ribosomal sites for protein synthesis.
  - ii) Write the significance of RNA.
  - iii) What are spliceosome? Explain in detail.
- b) Describe post transcriptional modification of mRNA. [4]
- 
- Q7) Answer any 4 of the following: [10]**
- a) Enlist stop codons and give its role.
  - b) Explain the role of EF-Tu in E.coli during Translation.
  - c) What is the significance of 5' capping and 3' polyadenylation in mRNA?
  - d) What is a ribozyme, and how does it function as catalytic RNA?
  - e) Enlist the common types of DNA damages.





Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**PC4164**

**[6337]-3002**

**S.Y. M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-602 MJ : Medical Biochemistry and Immunology  
(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 6 are compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Attempt any three questions from Q.7 to Q.10.*
- 4) *Use separate answer sheet for both section.*
- 5) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Medical Biochemistry)**

**Q1)** Answer the following questions.

**[5]**

- a) What is point mutation?
- b) List the lysosomal enzymes.
- c) List the enzymes studied in myocardial infraction.
- d) Define the term pinocytosis.
- e) Write significances of apoptosis.

**Q2) a)** Attempt the following questions.

**[6]**

- i) Explain the mechanism of antibiotic that inhibit 50s ribosomal unit with diagram.
- ii) How 'macrolides' work against infection?

b) Attempt the following.

**[4]**

- i) Define the term protooncogenes and oncogenes.
- ii) List the agents involved in cancer, as a causative agents.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Attempt the following short notes. [10]

- a) Phagocytosis
- b) Sickle cell anemia
- c) Lysosomal storage diseases
- d) Sulfonamides and their action
- e) Hallucinogens

**Q4)** a) Attempt the following questions. [6]

- i) Explain mode of action of 'folate antagonist'.
- ii) Write short account on Thalassemia.

b) Answer the following questions. [4]

- i) What are caspases?
- ii) What is the structural characteristic of lysosomal membrane?

**Q5)** Attempt the following questions (Any Two). [10]

- a) Discuss various Mechanisms of 'antibiotic resistance' with examples.
- b) How penicillin work as a cell wall synthesis inhibitor?
- c) What are azoles? Discuss mechanism of action as antifungal drug.

## **SECTION - II** **(Immunology)**

**Q6)** Answer the following questions. [5×1=5]

- a) List any two advantages of Western blotting.
- b) What are cytokines?
- c) What are Interferone?
- d) What is passive Immunity?
- e) Write the principle of RIA (Radio Immuno Assay).

**Q7)** a) Answer the following questions. [6]

- i) Explain Type II Hypersensitivity reaction.
- ii) Discuss the antigen presentation and processing of cytosolic pathway.

b) Attempt following questions. [4]

- i) Write principle of ImmunoElectrophoresis.
- ii) What is spleen?

**Q8)** Write short notes on the following.

**[5×2=10]**

- a) Blood group substances.
- b) Autoimmune diseases.
- c) Monoclonal antibody production.
- d) Toll like Receptors. (TLR's)
- e) Anatomical barrier in Innate Immune responses.

**Q9)** a) Answer the following questions.

**[6]**

- i) What are the types of T cell? Write function of each cell type.
- ii) What is Haematopoiesis? Elaborate your answer with diagram.

b) Answer the following questions.

**[4]**

- i) Discuss the types of Immunodiffusion.
- ii) Why booster dose of polio vaccine is require?

**Q10)** Attempt the following questions (Any Two).

**[10]**

- a) What is ELISA? Discuss various types using diagrams.
- b) Discuss the structure of MHC I molecule and write in short about antigen presentation by Endocytic pathway.
- c) Discuss cell mediated Immune response with the help of diagrams.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4165**

**[6337]-3003**

**S.Y.M.Sc.**

**BIO - CHEMISTRY**

**CHB - 603 MJ : Biochemistry of Specialized Tissues**

**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

**[Max. Marks : 35**

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q. 1. is compulsory and carries 5 marks.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q. 2. to Q. 5.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following. (Any five)

**[5]**

- a) What do you mean by cell motility?
- b) Which protein binds ATP during contraction?
- c) What is rhodopsin and where is it found?
- d) How do neurotoxins affect the synapse?
- e) What role do taste receptor cells play in taste sensation?
- f) What are the main types of touch receptors in human skin?

**Q2)** a) Answer the following questions.

- i) Explain the sliding filament theory of muscle contraction. **[3]**
- ii) Describe the role of G-proteins in olfactory signaling. **[3]**
- b) i) Explain the function of the sarcoplasmic reticulum in muscle cells. **[2]**
- ii) Describe the structure of a skeletal muscle cell. **[2]**

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write short notes on. (any five)

**[10]**

- a) Visual excitation.
- b) Cyclic GMP in the phototransduction pathway.
- c) Olfactory receptor.
- d) Sensation of touch.
- e) Olfactory signal transduction.
- f) Taste buds.

**Q4)** Solve the following.

- a) i) Describe the role of creatine phosphate in muscle metabolism. **[3]**  
ii) What is the significance of myelin in nerve conduction? **[3]**
- b) i) What is a sarcomere and why is it important? **[2]**  
ii) How does potassium enter neurons? **[2]**

**Q5)** Attempt any two of the following.

**[10]**

- a) Describe the generation and propagation of action potentials in detail, including the roles of voltage-gated ion channels.
- b) Discuss the ultrastructural organization of skeletal muscle, including the arrangement of myofibrils and the role of the sarcoplasmic reticulum.
- c) Describe the structure and function of rhodopsin.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4166**

**[6337]-3004**

**S.Y.M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-610 MJ: Toxicology**

**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 35*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q. No.1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any three questions from Q. No.2 to Q. No.5.*
- 3) *Figures on right hand side indicate marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following questions. **[5]**

- a) What is clinical Toxicology?
- b) Define narcotics?
- c) List neurotic poisons.
- d) What are Hallucinogens.
- e) Define the term Idiosyncratic reactions.

**Q2)** a) Answer the following questions. **[6]**

- i) Give the characteristics of cytochrome P450 complex.
- ii) Enlist the route and site of exposure of toxic agents.

b) Answer the following questions. **[4]**

- i) What are the medico-legal aspects of poisons?
- ii) Define the term Tolerance with types.

**Q3)** Write short note on the following. **[10]**

- a) Metallic poison.
- b) Selective Toxicity.
- c) Psychotropic substances & its uses.
- d) Diagnosis of poison in dead.
- e) Cardiac poisons.

**P.T.O.**

**Q4) a)** Attempt the following questions. **[6]**

- i) What are corrosive poisons? Write the classification with examples.
- ii) What is local versus systemic toxicity?

**b)** Attempt the following questions. **[4]**

- i) Write short on General Toxicity.
- ii) Write significances for Detoxication Reactions.

**Q5)** Answer the following questions. **[10]**

- a) Explain phase I & phase II reactions of biotransformation.
- b) What are antidotes. Explain its types with examples and significances.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

**PC4167**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**[6337]-3005**  
**S.Y.M.Sc.**  
**BIOCHEMISTRY**  
**CHB-611-MJ : Physiological Biochemistry**  
**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 35*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q.1 is Compulsory.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from Q.No.2 to Q.No.5*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt the following Questions. **[5]**

- a) Write the function of mineral, calcium and potassium.
- b) Write functions of liver.
- c) Write functions of kidney.
- d) Define the term Anemia.
- e) List the pathological/diseases conditions of liver.

**Q2)** a) Answer the following questions. **[6]**

- i) What is Jaundice? Explain Types of Jaundice in detail.
- ii) Write about Intrinsic pathway of blood coagulation

b) Attempt the following questions. **[4]**

- i) How carbohydrates are digested?
- ii) Define Respiratory alkalosis.

**P.T.O.**



**Q3)** Write short notes on the following.

**[5×2=10]**

- a) Respiratory acidosis
- b) Fibrinolysis
- c) Transport and absorption of digested carbohydrates.
- d) Polycythemia.
- e) Diagnostic test of liver function (LFT).

**Q4)** a) Answer the following Questions.

**[6]**

- i) Write about Extrinsic pathway.
- ii) 'Digestion and absorption of protein' write short account.

b) Answer the following.

**[4]**

- i) Absorption of vitamin, write short account
- ii) Transport of CO<sub>2</sub>

**Q5)** Attempt the following questions. (any two)

**[2×5=10]**

- a) What is nephron? Explain with the help of diagram.
- b) Explain the formation of urine
- c) How oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) is transported in the body. Explain using diagram.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**PC4168**

**[6337]-3006**

**S.Y. M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**CHB-612-MJ : Applied Plant Biochemistry  
(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 2 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 35*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Q.1 is compulsory and carry 5 marks.*
- 2) *Attempt any two questions from Q.2 to Q.5.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following (Any 5) :

**[5]**

- a) Give role of Mg in plants.
- b) Define photosynthesis.
- c) Name any two N<sub>2</sub> fixing bacteria.
- d) Give any two applications of rubber.
- e) Give names of synthetic Auxin (any two).
- f) Give accessory pigments involved in photosynthesis.

**Q2)** Answer the following :

- a) i) Explain the process of sulphur assimilation. **[3]**
- ii) Explain the working of nitrogenase. **[3]**
- b) i) Write a note on flavonoids. **[2]**
- ii) Why Green house technique in forming yields more? **[2]**

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Write short notes on (any five) :

**[10]**

- a) Nitrogen cycle
- b) CAM pathway
- c) Senescence
- d) Cytokinin
- e) Plant growth hormone
- f) Gibberellin

**Q4)** Solve the following :

- a) i) Enlist some hydroponic systems. **[3]**  
ii) Give role of Auxin in Apical dominance. **[3]**
- b) i) Give any two applications of secondary metabolites. **[2]**  
ii) What is parthenocarpy? **[2]**

**Q5)** Attempt any two of the following :

**[10]**

- a) What are photosystems. Describe cyclic photophosphorylation.
- b) Discuss phytoremediation with any one example.
- c) Draw the structure of chloroplast and indicate the location of dark and light reaction.

