PC3948

[6345]-101

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

First Year M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT-101: Advanced Biological Chemistry (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - I)

Time	[ime : 3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 2		
Instru	uctio	ons to the candidates:	
-	<i>I</i>)	Question I is compulsory.	
4	2) 2)	Solve any 5 questions from Q.2 to Q.7.	
•	3)	Questions 2 10 7 carry equal marks.	
Q1)	So	lve any five of the following. [10)]
	a)	What is meant by Pre-steady state in enzyme catalyzed reaction?	
	b)	What is Motif in Protein structure?	
	c)	Define Metabolism.	
	d)	What is an Isoprene unit?	
	e)	Define Active site of enzyme.	
	f)	What are chaperons?	
Q2)	a)	Write a detail account on secondary structure of protein.	7]
	b)	Discuss enzymes on biosensors.	5]
<i>03</i>)	a)	Give types of phenotics and comment on their pharmacological propertie	s.
~ /	,		7]
	b)	Explain with an suitable example hormonal regulation of enzymes.	5]
Q 4)	a)	Explain metabolic engineering with a representative example of polyketic	le
		synthesis.	7]
	b)	Enlist different methods for extraction of secondary metabolites an	ıd
		explain anyone in detail.	5]
		Р.Т.С).

Q5)	a)	Derive Michaelis-Menten (MM) equation for single substrate enzyme catalyzed reaction.	ne 7]
	b)	Discuss about integration of metabolic pathways.	5]
Q6)	a)	Explain with suitable example methods adopted for protein engineering	g. 7]
	b)	Write a note on protein- DNA interaction.	5]
Q7)	Writ	te short notes on any two of the following. [12]	2]
	a)	Metabolic flux analysis.	
	b)	Eadie-Hofster plot for enzyme catalyzed reaction.	
	c)	Diagnostic and therapeutic application of enzymes.	

PC3949

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-102

M.Sc.-I

BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT 102 : Cell & Molecular Biology

(2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time	Time : 3 Hours] [Max.		1ax. Marks : 70
Instructions to the candidates:			
	1)	Q.1 is compulsory.	
	2)	Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.	
	3)	Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.	
Q1)	Sol	lve any five of the following :	[10]
	a)	Enlist functions of calcitonin hormone.	
	b)	Why caspases are so called? Give one example.	
	c)	Write the checkpoint of G_1 to S phase.	
	d)	Name any four part translational modification.	
	e)	Mention sensitivity of RNA pol. to α -amyntin and Rifamin	1.
	f)	Define SINES and LINES.	
Q2)	a)	Explain treadmilling of actin filaments.	[7]
	b)	Describe Na ⁺ /K ⁺ ATPase with a suitable diagram.	[5]
Q3)	a)	Describe Base excision repair and nucleotide excision repair	air. [7]
	b)	Explain photoreactivation mechanism.	[5]

Q4)	a)	Distinguish benign and malignant tumor, add a note on what triggers tumorogenisis.	the [7]
	b)	Explain the pathway that leads to apoptosis.	[5]
Q5)	a)	Explain prokaryotic replication in detail.	[7]
	b)	Describe post transcriptional modifications.	[5]
	Ň		
Q6)	a)	Explain molecular mechanism of release of neurotransmitter at synap with the help of SNARE proteins.	ses [7]
	b)	Illustrate RTKase signaling pathway.	[5]
Q7)	Writ	e short notes on any two of the following :	12]
	a)	Gene silencing.	
	b)	Rho independent termination.	
	c)	Thyroid hormones.	



PC3950

[6345]-103 M.Sc. - I BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT-103: Genetics and Immunology (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time Instru	: 3 1 uctio 1) 2) 3)	Hours] [Max. Marks ons to the candidates: Question 1 is compulsory. Solve any 5 questions from Q.2 to Q.7. Questions 2 to 7 carry equal marks.	:70
Q1)	So	lve any five of the following.	[10]
	a)	State the law of independent assortment.	
	b)	What is inbreeding depression?	
	c)	Define back cross.	
	d)	Enlist any two examples of PRRs.	
	e)	What is sIgA and state its function.	
	f)	Give any two examples of cytokines secreted by Th 1 cells.	
Q2)	a)	Describe the molecular marker and their applications in genetic mapp	ing. [7]
	b)	What are cytokines? Explain its importance in immune induction.	[5]
Q3)	a)	Explain any complement activation pathway involved in innate immu	nity. [7]
	b)	Explain sex linkage and its associated genetic disorders.	[5]
Q4)	a)	Discuss the genetics of Alzhimer disease.	[7]
	b)	Describe in detail structure and function of any one primary lymplorgan.	noid [5]

P.T.O.

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

- *Q5*) a) Describe subunit and conjugate vaccine with suitable example. State their significance.[7]
 - b) In population of 240 individuals dominant allele (A) frequency is 0.7 and recessive allele (a) is 0.3. Determine the number of heterozygous individuals. [5]
- Q6) a) Explain epistasis. Discuss dominant and recessive epistasis with example.
 - b) What is antibody engineering? Comment on chimeric antibodies. [5]

[7]

- Q7) Write short notes on any two of the following. [12]
 - a) Arabidopsis as model organism for genetics.
 - b) Linkage and recombination.
 - c) Western blotting.

PC3951

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-104 M.Sc. - I (Biotechnology) MBT-105 : ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 35 Instructions to the candidates: 1) Q.1 is compulsory. 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5. 3) Q.2 to Q.5. carry equal marks. **Q1**) Answer any five of the following. [5] What conventional energy? a) **Define Biomining** b) What is remote sensing? c) Mention significance of ecostandards d) Write limitations of the water Act 1974 e) What is bioremediation? f) Justify biomaterials as substitute for non degradable materials. *Q2*) a) **[6]**

b) Comment on environmental priorities of India. [4]

P.T.O.

Q3)	a)	How do the three categories of municipal solid waste manageme (compost, recycling & landfill) differs [ent [6]
	b)	Enlist & explain different steps involved in EIA process.	[4]
Q 4)	a)	Biological waste water treatment methods are superior over physical chemical methods. Justify	& [6]
	b)	Write objectives of environmental laws & policies [[4]
Q5)	Writ	te short notes on any two of the following. [1	.0]
	a)	Rio conference	
	b)	Phytoremediation	

c) Bioleaching

* * *

PC3952

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-105 M.Sc.-I (Biotechnology) MBT - 106 : FOOD BIOTECHNOLOGY (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - I)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates: [Max. Marks : 70

[10]

- 1) Q.1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any Five question from Q.2 to Q.7.
- 3) Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve any 5 of the following.

- a) Write health benefits of 'curcumin'.
- b) Give any two significance of carnitine
- c) Define antioxidants.
- d) Define QA and QC.
- e) E.coli 0157 H7.
- f) Name any four bacteria that generally contaminate fruits & vegetables.

Q2) a)	Explain salmonellosis in detail	[7]
b)	Describe panary fermentation, add a note on its application	[5]
Q3) a)	With example, write the purpose, significance of nutraceuticals	[7]

b) Explain the production of Ascorbic acid by fermentation.

[5]

Q4)	a)	Describe the role of FSSAI in food adulteration & misbranding.	[7]
	b)	Explain prebiotics and probiotic giving examples.	[5]
Q5)	a)	Explain Nutrigenomics and its role in food biotechnology.	[7]
	b)	Write an essay on food safety and adverse effects of functional food	.[5]
Q6)	a)	Explain nanoencapsulation, add a note on its application.	[7]
	b)	Describe the role of Enzymes in food processing.	[5]
Q7)	Writ	e short notes on any two. [[12]
	a)	Beer production	
	b)	Mycotoxins	

c) Food waste management

* * *

[6345]-105

PC3953

[6345]-201

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

[Max. Marks : 70

[10]

M.Sc. - **I**

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT-201 : Genetic Engineering

(2019 Pattern) (Semester- II)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- 3) Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.

Q1) Answer the following (any five):

- a) Importance of colony hybridization.
- b) Use of alkaline phosphatase in genetic engineering.
- c) Give two examples of synthetic promoters.
- d) What is ORI site?
- e) Significance of TA cloning.
- f) Structure and use of ddNTP.

Q2) Answer the following:

- a) Explain any one method for quantitative (real time) PCR. [7]
- b) Discuss the method for chemical synthesis of oligonucleotides. [5]
- *Q3*) Answer the following:
 - a) Discuss the genetic elements of a typical expression vector. [7]
 - b) Explain any two methods for foreign DNA insertion in animal cells. [5]

Q4) Answer the following:

- a) Explain the method for cDNA synthesis. [7]
- b) Comment on genetic disorders and its diagnosis with a representative examples. [5]

P.T.O.

- **Q5**) Answer the following:
 - a) Describe the use of DNA markers in the study of plants. [7]
 - b) Explain the conditional knockout method for successful directional insertion of gene. [5]
- *Q6*) Answer the following:
 - a) Why RNA sequencing is considered superior than microarray? [7]
 - b) Explain any one method for mutation detection. [5]
- *Q7*) Write notes on the following (any two)

[12]

- a) Restriction digestion
- b) Gene therapy
- c) Pichia vector system

PC3954

[6345]-202

M.Sc. -I (Biotechnology) **MBT-202: BACTERIOLOGYAND VIROLOGY** (2019 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time : 3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 70 Instructions to the candidates: Question 1 is compulsory. 1) 2) Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7. Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks. 3) *Q1*) Solve any five of the following. [10] What is numerical taxonomy? a) Give any two examples of cell inclusions. b) What is bioluminescence? Give its application in Biotechnology. c) What are Prions? Name any two diseases caused by them. d) 'HIV is a retrovirus'. Justify. e) Give importance of viral diseases in poultry. f) *Q2*) a) Compare & Contrast cell wall of eubacteria and archaea. [7] Elaborate rules for classification and nomenclature of Viruses as per b) ICTV. [5] Give an account of therapeutic antiviral agents. **Q3**) a) [7] Give significance of fatty acid profile in bacterial taxonomy. [5] b) Discuss 'Agro bacterium as a Valuable tool in the field of biotechnology'. **Q4**) a) [7] Elaborate use of electron microscopy in the detection of viruses. [5] b)

P.T.O.

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

Q5)	a)	Discuss antigenic characters & transmission of SARS and H1N1virus	es. [7]
	b)	Write significance of 165 rRNA in bacterial identification.	[5]
Q6)	a)	Give an account of Pathogenecity of Mycobacterium.	[7]
	b)	Describe any two diagnostic tests for quantitative estimation of Viruses.	[5]
Q7)	Writ	the short notes on any Two of the following. [1	l 2]
	a)	Microbial Fuel Cell	
	b)	Ultrastructure of bacterial Flagella	
	c)	M13 Phage	

PC3955

[6345]-203 First Year M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY **MBT - 203 : Plant Biotechnology** (2019 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credits - 4)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

- *Q.1 is compulsory.* 1)
- 2) Solve any 5 questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- 3) Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve any five of the following.

- What are artificial seeds? a)
- b) Explain the term-somatic hybridisation.
- What are cointegrate vectors? c)
- d) Enlist the various biotic stresses of plants.
- What is organogenesis with respect to plant tissue culture. e)
- What is meant by hardening of in Vitro raised plants? f)
- Explain the use of transgenics in the improvement of plants for abiotic *Q2*) a) stress tolerance. [7]
 - Explain the gene transfer method-particle bom bardment. [5] **b**)
- *Q3*) a) Give a detailed account of the process of generating and rogenic haploids and give the application of this technique. [7]
 - Give an account of the various additives that can be supplemented to a **b**) plant tissue culture medium and explain their role. [5]

P.T.O.

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[*Max. Marks* : 70

[10]

a)	Describe in detail QTL mapping techniques and its importance in plan breeding. [7	1t 7]
b)	Explain the methods of cryopreservation and add a note on th applications. [5	.e 5]
a)	Explain the role of transgenics in increase in productivity by manipulatio of photosynthesis in plants. [7	n /]
b)	Explain the mechanism of T-DNA transfer to plants. [5	;]
a)	Explain how synthetic biology can be used for the production of bi active compounds with examples. [7	.0 /]
b)	What is Marker assisted back crossing? Explain procedure. [5	;]
Writ	e short notes on any two: [12	2]
a)	Molecular farming of therapeutic proteins.	
b)	Commercial application of micropropagation.	
	 a) b) a) b) Writt a) b) 	 a) Describe in detail QTL mapping techniques and its importance in plat breeding. [7 b) Explain the methods of cryopreservation and add a note on th applications. [5 a) Explain the role of transgenics in increase in productivity by manipulatio of photosynthesis in plants. [7 b) Explain the mechanism of T-DNA transfer to plants. [5 a) Explain how synthetic biology can be used for the production of bi active compounds with examples. [7 b) What is Marker assisted back crossing? Explain procedure. [5 Write short notes on any two: [12 a) Molecular farming of therapeutic proteins. b) Commercial application of micropropagation.

c) Role of reporter genes and markers in plant vectors.



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PC3956

[6345]-204

M.Sc. - **I**

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT - 205 : Clinical Research, Data Base Management and IPR (2019 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

Question 1 is compulsory. **1**)

- 2) Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- Questions 2 to 7 carry equal marks. 3)

Q1) Solve any five of the following.

- Give rational to protect IP. a)
- What are vulnerable subjects? b)
- Differentiate between licensee and assignee. c)
- Define 'Randomization' in clinical trials. d)
- Explain with suitable example meaning of 'True and first inventor'. e)
- Enlist any four essential documents required before the conduct of clinical f) trial.

Q2) a)	Explain in detail TRIPS agreement.	[7]

- Discuss in detail phases of clinical trial. b) [5]
- **Q3**) a) Give an account of responsibilities of sponsor in clinical trial. [7]
 - Decribe the contents of complete specifications and it's importance in b) grant of patent. [5]

P.T.O.

[*Max. Marks* : 70

[10]

[Total No. of Pages : 2

SEAT No. :

- Explain procedure for registration of copyright. [7] **Q4**) a) Define SAE. Discuss in detail responsibilities of Investigator in reporting b) of SAE. [5] **Q5**) a) What are international procedures for pharmacovigilance. [7] Comment on non - patentable inventions under Indian patent Act. 1970.[5] b) **Q6**) a) Discuss query raising and resolution in clinical data management. [7] Describe significance of registration of plant varieties and it's benifits b) with suitable example. [5]
- Q7) Write short notes on any 2.
 - a) IRB
 - b) ICH
 - c) Budapest Treaty

 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc

[12]

PC3957

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-205

First Year M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT - 206 : Medical Biotechnology

(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - II) (4 Credits)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any 5 questions of remaining Q2 to Q7.
- 3) Q2 to Q7 carries equal marks.

Q1) Solve any five of the following.

- a) Illustrate the chromosome structural abnormality associated with Pallister Killian syndrome.
- b) Draw a flowchart of diagnosis used in Brunner syndrome using monoamine oxidase.
- c) Enlist any four vectors used in gene therapy.
- d) Distinguish between adult and embryonic stem cells.
- e) A vaccine is a sheep in wolf clothing, justify.
- f) Write the names of Physical components of Biosensor.
- Q2) a) Explain in detail Thalassemia; add a note how it can be diagnosed? [7]
 - b) With a flow chart, explain diagnosis of newly emerged n CoV coronavirus.[5]
- Q3) You have been supplied a normal and cancer tissue of a patient, using PCR; how will you detect the genes gone wrong? [12]

P.T.O.

[10]

,

[*Max. Marks* : 70

- Q4) a) Describe the potential used of nanotechnology in alleviating chronic diseases.[7]
 - b) Explain any one commercial diagnostic test which employs enzyme technology. [5]
- Q5) a) Classify, giving examples single gene and polygenic disorders. [7]
 - b) Explain: 2D and 3D hepatic tissue engineering a potential cure for hepatic ailments. [5]
- Q6) a) Compare and contrast ex-vivo and in-vivo gene therapy. [7]
 - b) Describe the construction, principle and working of a biosensor. [5]
- *Q7*) Write note on any two of the following. [12]
 - a) Alzheimer
 - b) Microarray
 - c) Gene agumentation.



PC3958

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-301 M.Sc. -II BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT-301: Animal and Stem Cell Technology (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time : 3 Hours]			[Max. Marks : 70
Instru	uctio 1)	ons to the candidates: O 1 is compulsory	
ار م 4	2)	Solve any five questions from 0.2 to 0.7.	
	-, 3)	Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.	
Q1)	So	lve any five of the following.	[10]
	a)	Define cell senescence.	
	b)	What are knock in animal?	
	c)	Define cell synchronization.	
	d)	What are cryoprotectants? Give examples.	
	e)	Define totipotent stem cell with example.	
	f)	State any two functions of cell repositories.	
Q2)	a)	Explain in detail "Embryo Transfer Technology".	[7]
	b)	Write a note on tissue engineering.	[5]
Q3)	a)	Explain in detail cryopreservation of animal cell.	[7]
	b)	Comment on applications of animal cell line in Pharma production.	aceutical protein [5]
Q4) a)	Define Suspension culture. Describe criteria for suspension culture.	subculturing of [7]
	b)	Write a note on advantages of monolayer culture over o	organ culture. [5] <i>P.T.O</i> .

Q5)	a)	Write a note induced pluripotent stem cell and its applications.	[7]
	b)	Explain in detail production of monoclonal antibody.	[5]
Q6)	a)	Elaborate on cell cycle regulation in stem cells.	[7]
	b)	Write a note on advantages and limitations of serum free media.	[5]
Q7)	Writ	e short notes on any Two of the following.	[12]
	a)	RNA interference technology.	
	b)	Concept of knock out in animals.	
	c)	Animal cloning.	

PC3959

[6345]-302

S.Y. M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT 302 : Bioprocess Engineering (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Q.1 is compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- 3) Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve any five of the following :

- a) What is dual fermentation? Give example.
- b) Write importance of scale down process in bioprocess.
- c) What are growth linked product? Give example.
- d) What are Newtonian & non-Newtonian fluids?

current method of liquid - liquid extraction.

- e) Give role of inhibitors in fermentation media with example.
- f) State any two roles of quality assurance department in fermentation industry.
- Q2) a) Describe large scale production of Glutamic acid. [7]
 b) Discuss importance of standard operating procedures in fermentation industry. [5]
 Q3) a) With neat labeled diagram describe principle and working of counter
 - b) Explain biotransformation of steroid. [5]

P.T.O.

[7]

[Total No. of Pages : 2

SEAT No. :

[10]

[Max. Marks : 70

- Q4) a) What is kLa? Explain any two methods of determination of kLa. [7]
 - b) Describe process of inoculum development. [5]
- Q5) a) With suitable example discuss use of auxotrophic mutant for overproduction of economically important product. [7]
 - b) Briefly describe role of computer in measurement and control of bioprocess parameter. [5]
- *Q6*) a) What is screening? Discuss various methods of primary screening for isolation of industrially important microbes. [7]
 - b) Enlist various quality control test conducted in fermented industry. Explain LAL test in detail. [5]
- Q7) Write short note on any two of the following : [12]
 - a) Plackett Burman design of media optimization.
 - b) Plate and Frame filter.
 - c) Two film theory.

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PC3960

[6345]-303

S.Y.M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT 303 : Bioinformatics & Biostatistics

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Q.1. is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any five questions from Q. 2. to Q. 7.
- Q.2. to Q.7. carry equal marks. 3)

Q1) Solve any five of the following.

- a) Enlist any two literature database.
- What is level of significance in hypothesis testing? b)
- What are scoring matrices? c)
- Explain the term 'treatment' in the design of experiment. d)
- Name any two pose prediction strategies in docking. e)
- Write down the formula for co-efficient of Kurtosis based on moments. f)
- What is multiple sequence alignment? Explain its applications in detail.[7] *Q2*) a)
 - Assume blood-glucose level in a population are normally distributed with b) mean 85 mg/dL and standard deviation 24 mg/dL. Suppose the abnormal range were defined to the glucose levels outside of 2 standard deviations of the mean. What percentage of individuals would be now called 'abnormal'? Compute the lower bound and upper bound values for the blood glucose level. [5]

P.T.O.

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[Max. Marks: 70

[10]

SEAT No. :

Q3) a) Perform chi-square test to infer whether School-A and School-B has any effect on the average marks obtained by students. Prepare the contingency table for expected value. [7]

Observed value					
	Math	Science	English	Total	
School - A	12	16	21	49	
School - B	20	11	20	51	
Total	32	27	41	100	

[Critical value : 5.991 at 95% c.I.]

- b) Explain Needle man & Wunsch algorithm of pairwise sequence alignment. [5]
- Q4) a) Explain the term 'Skewness'. Write its types. Write formula for co-efficient of skewness based on moments. [7]
 - b) Explain structure based drug designing in detail. [5]
- Q5) a) Calculate a t-test for the following data of the sleeping duration with and without exercise. [7]

Sleeping hours (hr)				
With exercise (x_1)	Without exercise (x_2)			
4	3			
5	8			
7	6			
6	4			
9	7			

b) What is Homology modelling? Explain its applications in tertiary structure prediction. [5]

[6345]-303

Q6)	a)	Explain the principles of randomization and replication in experiments.	1 design of [7]
	b)	Explain molecular file formats.	[5]
Q7)	Writ	te a short notes on any two of the following.	[12]
	a)	Types of probability based sampling	

- b) HMM
- c) Protein structure databases



PC3961

[Total No. of Pages : 2

SEAT No. :

[6345]-304 S.Y.M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT - 305 : Nanobiotechnology (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (CBCS)

Time : 2 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsorry.
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.
- 3) Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve any 5 of the following.

- a) What are Biosensors?
- b) What is the approach used for synthesis of nanotechnology?
- c) State scope of nanoparticles in diagnostics.
- d) Enlist different types of nanoparticles as per size.
- e) Define NTA.
- f) What are Nanocomposites?
- Q2) a) Explain in detail principle, working of x-ray diffraction method used for characterization of nanoparticles. [6]
 - b) Give uses of nanoparticles for detecting anti-viral activity. [4]
- Q3) a) Comment on nanobots as medicine to cross the blood-brain barrier [6]
 - b) Write the significance of Anisotropic and Magnetic particles. [4]

P.T.O.

[Max. Marks: 35

[5]

Q4) a) Comment on Microemulsion synthesis method for nanoparticle synthesis.
[6]
b) Explain peptide and DNA coupled Nanoparticle.
[4]

[10]

Q5) Write short note on any two:

- a) Nanoparticles in plant growth.
- b) Antibactrial effect of silver Nanoparticles.
- c) NEMS based on Nanomaterials.

* * *

PC3962

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-305 M.Sc. - II BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT - 306 : Agricultural Biotechnology (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - III)

Time : 2 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

ions to the candidates:

- 1) Q.1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any three question from Q.2 to Q.5.
- 3) Questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks.

Q1) Answer of the following.

- a) What is endosperm
- b) What is somaclonal variants?
- c) What are siderophores?
- d) What are bioinsecticides
- e) Explain bioinoculants

Q2) a) Explain the term virus indexing & briefly discuss the methodology involved in it. [6]

b) Comment on improvement of crop quality in agriculture. [4]

Q3) a) Which bioreactors are used in plant production, explain with example.[6]

b) Explain the methodology used to carry out RFLP [4]

P.T.O.

[Max. Marks : 35

[5]

Q4) a) Explain the production method of sudless plants varieties with example. [6]

b) Comment on CRISPR based technology. [4]

[10]

- *Q5*) Write short notes on: (any 2)
 - a) Virus free plants.
 - b) Major pests & disease of horticulture crops.
 - c) Applications of agriculture biotechnology.

* * *

PC3963

[6345]-401

S.Y.M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT-401 : Genomics & Proteomics

(2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester- IV)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks. 3)

Q1) Solve any five of the following:

- Write the goal of structural genomics. a)
- Define pharmacogenomics & enlist its applications. b)
- What are SNP's? Give their significance. c)
- What are components of mass spectrometry? d)
- What are the goals of functional genomics? e)
- What is Iso Electric Focussing (IEF)? Which reductant commonly used f) in IEF?

Q2) a)	Explain the concept of DNA sequencing including the different s	equencing
	methods used in genomics.	[7]
b)	Explain NMR.	[5]

- Describe MALDI-TDF with its advantages and disadvantages. **03**) a) [7]
 - Explain goals, methods and applications of structural genomics. [5] b)
- Discuss the concept of toxicogenomics and its significance in studying **Q4**) a) the effect of toxic substances on living organisms. [7]
 - What is SILAC (stable isotopelabeling by Amino acid in cell culture)? b) Write advantages of SILAC. [5]

P.T.O.

[Total No. of Pages :2

[10]

[Max. Marks : 70

SEAT No. :

- Q5) a) Describe construction principle and working of Electron Spray Ionization (ESI).[7]
 - b) Explain the difference between RNA-sequencing and Microarray approaches. [5]

Q6) a) Discuss the significance of genomics in basic research including the study of genefunction regulation and evolution. [7]

b) Give an account on 2D PAGE. [5]

Q7) Write short notes on any Two of the following. [12]

- a) Comparative genomics.
- b) Applications of proteomics in drug discovery.
- c) EST.



SEAT No. :

PC3964

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-402 M.Sc. - II BIOTECHNOLOGY MBT-402: Advanced Bioanalytical Techniques (2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No.1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- 3) Q. 2 to Q. 7 carry equal marks.

Q1) Solve any five of the following:

- a) Principle of IR.
- b) Isoelectric point.
- c) GISH.
- d) Retention time.
- e) DGGE.
- f) Electromagnets.
- Q2) a) Give the principle of scanning Electron Microscopy. Add a note on staining and Visualization of Cells using SEM. [7]
 - b) Discuss the working of UV-visible spectro-photometer to quantify the concentration of unknown sample. [5]
- **Q3**) a) Comment on designing of an DNA microarray and give its applications.[7]
 - b) Elaborate on the principle and working of flow cytometry. [5]
- *Q4*) a) Discuss the working principle of HPLC with a representative diagram.[7]
 - b) Explain the principle and use of confocal Microscopy in study of cells.[5]

[Max. Marks : 70

[10]

P.T.O.

Q5)	a)	NGS has resulted in huge amount of database. Justify, how is the comprocessed and managed?	lata [7]
	b)	Explain the process of Molecular structure determination using X-crystallography.	-ray [5]
Q6)	a)	Discuss in situ localization technique by GISH.	[7]
	b)	Explain the applications of GLC.	[5]
Q7)	Wri	te short notes on any Two of the following. [1	12]
	a)	Freeze - Fracture methods for EM.	
	b)	Capillary electrophoresis.	
	c)	Detection of antigen in living cells.	

PC3965

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-403 S.Y.M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT - 404 : Bio-entrepreneurship & Start up Designing (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - IV)

Tim Inst	Time : 3 Hours][Max. MaInstructions to the candidates:1)Q.1 is compulsory.2)Solve any 5 questions from Q.2 to Q.7.3)Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.		rks : 70	
Q1)	Sol	lve any five of the following.	[10]	
	a)	Enlist the qualities of good entrepreneur.		
	b)	Define ethical entrepreneurship.		
	c)	Define business plan.		
	d)	Define corporate venturing.		
	e)	State the source of new ideas.		
	f)	Define 'Start up'.		
Q2)	a)	Explain SWOT analysis, add a note on competitive strategies.	[7]	
	b)	Entrepreneur-a problem solver, justify the statement.	[5]	
Q3)	a)	Explain factors affecting in the emergence of entrepreneur.	[7]	
	b)	Describe methods used for generation of new ideas.	[5]	

Q4)	a)	Discuss in detail 'Market feasibility study.	[7]
	b)	Explain barriers in entrepreneurship.	[5]
Q5)	a)	Discuss the challenges encountered in new venture.	[7]
	b)	Explain in detail entrepreneurial culture.	[5]
Q6)	a)	Entrepreneur and its role in economic development.	[7]
	b)	Explain in detail business incubation centre.	[5]
Q7)	Writ	te short notes on any two of the following.	[12]
	a)	Value chain analysis.	
	b)	Government scheme to promote entrepreneur.	
	c)	Women entrepreneur.	



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PC3966

[6345]-404

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT - 405 : Pharmaceutical Biotechnology and Drug Designing (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any five questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
- Questions 2 to 7 carry equal marks. 3)

Q1) Solve any five of the following.

- Define a)
 - API i)
 - **Biosimilars** ii)
- Enlist any two softwares used in molecular docking b)
- What is drug allergy? c)
- What is FDA? State its role d)
- Explain in brief pharmacodynamics e)
- f) What is upstream processing?
- *Q2*) a) Explain different approaches used for target identification and validation.[7]
 - b) Compare and contrast conventional and modern drug development [5] process.
- Enlist types of anti cancer drugs. Explain mechanism of action of any *O3*) a) two anticancer drugs. [7]
 - Elaborate on different phases of clinical trials. [5] b)

P.T.O.

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[*Max. Marks* : 70

[10]

SEAT No. :

- *Q4*) a) What is molecular docking? Discuss different types and principle with suitable examples. [7]
 - b) What are biotherapeutics? Explain the role of haematopoietic growth factors and coagulation factors in therapeutics. [5]
- Q5) a) What is molecular modeling? Give an account on molecular modeling of proteins.[7]
 - b) Comment on drug tolerance and intolerance state it's effect on drug action.[5]
- *Q6*) a) Define drug. Elaborate on physicochemical properties of drugs. [7]
 - b) Explain new drug approval system in Europe. [5]
- Q7) Write short note on any two of the following. [12]
 - a) Anti inflammatory drugs
 - b) Drug toxicity testing
 - c) Indian drug regulations



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[6345]-405

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT406: Research Methodology and Scientific Communications (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (CBCS)

Time : 3 Hours]		[Max. Marks : 70	
Instr	ructio	ns to the candidates:	
	1)	Question 1 is compulsory.	
	2)	Solve any five question from Q.2 to Q.7.	
	3)	Questions 2 to 7 carry equal marks.	
Q1)	Solv	ve Any <u>Five</u> of the following:	[10]
	a)	Define JIF.	
	b)	What is h-g Index?	
	c)	Explain 'i-thenticate'.	
	d)	What is power analysis?	
	e)	Write names of two Bibliography style's software.	
	f)	Write any four types of research reports.	
Q2)	a)	Discuss laws governing the human experimentation ethic	es. [7]
	b)	Elaborate on guidelines for report writing.	[5]
Q3)	a) b)	What is ANOVA? Discuss its use in scientific data analy Write a note on patenting of Biotechnological inventions	sis. [7] and product. [5]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

Q4)	a)	Compare & contract between primary and secondary data collect with suitable examples.	ction [7]
	b)	Discuss important points for effective oral presentation.	[5]
Q5)	a)	Elaborate on holistic approaches in scientific research.	[7]
	b)	Write a note on wildlife ethics in research.	[5]
Q6)	a)	What is plagiarism? Write a note on its detection and prevention.	[7]
	b)	Explain Experimental design and its significance.	[5]
Q7)	Wri	te short notes on Any <u>Two</u> of the following:	[12]
	a)	Write important factors for developing a research proposal.	
	b)	Explain significance of Lab book and add a note on data tabulation	1.

c) What is Citation Index? Explain any one in detail.



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SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6345]-406 M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

MBT-407 : Quality Control, Biosafety and Bioethics (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - IV)

Tim Inst	e:3. ructi	Hours]	[Max. Marks : 70
11131	1) 2) 3)	Question 1 is compulsory. Solve any five questions from Q.No. 2 to Q.No. 7. Q.2 to Q.7 carry equal marks.	
Q1)) An	swer any five questions from the following.	[10]
	a)	State any four advantages of ac in pharma industry.	
	b)	Explain in brief two main types of clinical studies.	
	c)	State the differente between ethics and bioethics.	
	d)	Discuss any two misconducts in publication ethics.	
	e)	Define biohazard.	
	f)	Enlist fire preventive methods.	
Q2)) a)	Explain in detail the differences in roles of quality c assuarance.	ontrol and quality [7]
	b)	Explain GMO and LMO guidlines of India.	[5]
Q3)) a)	Describe containment controls in BSL3 laboratory.	[7]
	b)	State any five ways of controlling quality variations.	[5]

Q4)	a)	Explain in detail what is ethical decision.	[7]
	b)	What is blue cross in India?	[5]
Q5)	a)	Discuss mis conducts of publication ethics.	[7]
	b)	What is occupational exposure limit (OEL)	[5]
Q6)	a)	Discuss in detail about sources of quality variations.	[7]
	b)	Explain legal and socio economic impact of biotechnology.	[5]
Q 7)	Writ	e short notes on any two of the following.	[12]
	a)	Master formula records	
	b)	Bio piaracy	
	c)	Risk assessment	
27)	a) b)	Master formula records Bio piaracy	
	c)	Risk assessment	

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