PC-4992

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-111 F.Y.Pharm.D **1.1 : HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY** (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat, labeled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1 Long Answers (Any 1 out of 2) :

- Draw a neat, labeled diagram of different types of tissue and write their a) function in detail.
- Write Anatomy and functions of the cardiovascular system. b)

Q2) Short Answers (Any 5 out of 7) :

- Write a note on bones of face and cranium. a)
- Write a note on internal respiration. b)
- Define Angina Pectoris, Atherosclerosis and Congestive heart failure. c)
- Write a note on ECG d)
- Write a note on blood pressure and its maintenance. e)
- f) Write a note on functions of platelets and enlist various disorders of coagulation.
- Write components of Lymphatic system and add a note on Composition g) and function of Lymph.

Q3) Medium Answers (Any 2 out of 4) :

- Explain anatomy and functions of respiratory organs. a)
- b) Write a note on Osseous system including anatomy and functions.
- Write a note on Vertebral column and draw a neat, labeled diagram of c) different types of vertebrae.
- Write a note on different types of circulations. d)

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

[Max. Marks : 70

$$[5 \times 3 = 15]$$

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

Q4) Long Answers (Any 1 out of 2) :

- a) Draw a neat labeled diagram of pituitary gland. Describe the different hormones secreted by pituitary gland.
- b) Draw a neat labeled diagram of brain and discuss about the functional areas of cerebrum.

Q5) Short Answers (Any 5 out of 7) :

- a) What is reflex action? Draw a neat labeled diagram of T.S of spinal cord.
- b) Explain the various stages in oogenesis.
- c) Explain the different phases of digestion.
- d) Write a note on Adrenal gland.
- e) Differentiate between sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system.
- f) Explain the functions of digestive system.
- g) What is the effect of hormone ADH, ANP and PTH on kidney?

Q6) Medium Answers (Any 2 out of 4) :

- a) Explain the physiology of hearing with help of neat labeled diagram.
- b) Describe the process of urine formation.
- c) Explain the mechanical and chemical digestion in small intestine.
- d) Explain the internal structure of kidney with help of neat labeled diagram.

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

PC-4993

[6374]-112 F.Y.Pharm.D **1.2 T : PHARMACEUTICS** (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat, labeled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Attempt any one of the followings (Any 1 out of 2) $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- Define and classify emulsion with example. Write in detail about adjurants a) use in formulation of emulsion.
- Define and classify dosage forms. Discuss in detail various dosage forms. b)

Q2) Attempt any five of the followings (Any 5 out of 7)

- What is maceration? a)
- b) Define synergism with suitable example.
- What is phase inversion? How it can be prevented? c)
- Define and classify powders. d)
- What is the importance of inscription in prescription? e)
- Describe ideal characteristics of a suppository bases. f)
- Give the metric equivalents for the following. **g**)
 - One grain i)
 - ii) One ounce
 - iii) one teaspoonful

$[2 \times 5 = 10]$ Q3) Attempt any two of the followings (Any 2 out of 4)

- Discuss in detail about sutures and ligatures. a)
- Define displacement value. Explain the importance of displacement value b) in formulation of suppository.
- Explain various semi-solid dosage forms. c)
- Elaborate the factors influencing dose selection. d)

[Total No. of Pages : 2

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

[Max. Marks : 70

SEAT No. :

Q4) Attempt any one of the followings (Any 1 out of 2) $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Define and classify suppositories. Write in detail about various types of bases used in formulation of suppositories.
- b) Define suspension. Elaborate methods of preparation and evalution of suspension.

Q5) Attempt any five of the followings (Any 5 out of 7) $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) What is difference between hypotonic and hypertonic solution?
- b) Write a short note on tinctures.
- c) Discuss on surgical dressings.
- d) What is the metric system? Explain with suitable example.
- e) What are throat paints?
- f) Short note on emulsifying agensts.
- g) Calculate the actual strength of 25° o.p.(over proof)

Q6) Attempt any two of the followings (Any 2 out of 4) $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

- a) Describe the formulation aspects of liniments and lotions.
- b) Discuss the various methods of preparation of emulsion with suitable example.
- c) Write a short note on Indian pharmacopoeia.
- d) Explain the standardization of surgical catgut.



[6374]-112

PC-5003

[Total No. of Pages : 2

SEAT No. :

[6374]-113

First Year Pharm. D. 1.3 : MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) All questions are compulsory. Internal choices are given.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat diagrams, cycles and structures wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

Q1) Answer any 1 out of 2 :

- a) Define glycolysis? Describe the biochemical pathway for the breakdown of glucose to pyruvate and lactate. Write about the energetics.
- b) Define an enzyme? Classify of enzymes with suitable examples. Explain the mechanism of enzyme action and factors affecting enzyme activity.

Q2) Answer any 5 out of 7 :

- a) What is fatty liver? Name the two causes responsible for fatty liver?
- b) Discuss the biochemical role and deficiency symptoms of vitamin B2 and B6.
- c) Discuss the glucose tolerance test with its significance.
- d) Discuss nitrogen balance of human body.
- e) What is ETC, Discuss uncouplers of ETC?
- f) What is ketosis?
- g) What is Line-Weaver Burk plot? Give its significance.

[Max. Marks : 70

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

Q3) Answer any 2 out of 4 :

- a) Define enzyme inhibition and discuss the different types of enzyme inhibitions.
- b) Explain Citric acid cycle (TCA cycle) with net energy calculation.
- c) Explain the β -oxidation of saturated fatty acids.
- d) Outline the various biochemical reactions involved in HMP shunt pathway and write its significance.

SECTION - II

Q4) Answer any 1 out of 2 :

- a) Discuss the Urea cycle and the metabolic disorders related to Urea Cycle. Add a note on Urea clearance test.
- b) Enlist various liver function tests. Elaborate on various tests and their importance in diagnosis of Jaundice.

Q5) Answer any 5 out of 7 : $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Explain the abnormal urine constituents.
- b) Discuss the hormonal regulation of electrolyte balance in the biological fluids.
- c) Explain phenylketonuria.
- d) Explain transamination with examples.
- e) Explain Mutation and its repair mechanism.
- f) Explain the dye test and prothrombin test.
- g) What are bile acids? Brief the importance.

Q6) Answer any 2 out of 4 :

- a) Discuss Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA).
- b) Explain DNA structure and its replication.
- c) Explain Creatinine clearance test and its importance.
- d) Write a note on gout and its treatment.

$\nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$

[6374]-113

2

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

PC-5004

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-114

F.Y. Pharm. D. 1.4T : PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Answer to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 4) Draw well labeled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 5) Do not write anything on question paper except seat number.

SECTION - I

Q1) Discuss Reaction mechanism, Kinetics of Substitution Nucleophilic bimolecular reaction with suitable example. Differentiate between SN_1 and SN_2 . [10] OR

Discuss rule for orientation in elimination reactions with suitable example. Add a note on hydrogen isotope effect in E_2 elimination.

Q2) Attempt any five :

- a) Write a note on Intermolecular forces and polarity of molecule.
- b) Define with example.
 - i) Lewis acid
 - ii) Protic solvent
 - iii) Isomer
- c) Draw the structures of,
 - i) 2-propanone
 - ii) 1, 2-dichloro-3-methoxypentane
 - iii) ethyl-2-oxobutanoate
- d) Discuss Williamson synthesis with suitable example.
- e) Write the medicinal uses of,
 - i) Dimethyl pthalate,
 - ii) Sodium lauryl sulphate,
 - iii) Saccharin sodium
- f) Discuss resonance effect with example.
- g) Explain allylic rearrangement.

[Max. Marks : 70

[15]

Q3) Attempt any Two :

- a) Write a note on Cannizzaro reaction and crossed Cannizzaro reaction.
- b) Discuss in detail Knoevenagel and benzoin condensation.
- c) Write a note on Sandmeyer's reaction and Michael addition.
- d) Discuss mechanism of nitration of Toluene. Justify the orientation.

SECTION - II

Q4) Enlist activating and deactivating groups for Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution Reaction. Explain how Amino group is activating and Nitro group is deactivating for the reaction. [10]

OR

Explain the Markownikoff's Rule for addition of hydrogen halides to the Carbon-Carbon double bond. Add a note on its Mechanism and the effect of peroxides on the addition.

Q5) Attempt any Five :

- a) Write a note on acidity of phenols.
- b) Discuss carbocation and their stability.
- c) Explain the diazotization and coupling reaction of amines with examples.
- d) Discuss in brief nucleophilic aromatic substitution.
- e) Explain free radical substitution in alkanes.
- f) Give examples of conversion of acid to acid chloride, esters.
- g) Explain Friedel craft acylation mechanism.

Q6) Attempt any Two :

- a) Write Reaction & Mechanism of following reactions.
 - i) Aldol Condensation.
 - ii) Claisen Condensation.
- b) Discuss Acidity of carboxylic acids and effect of substituents on Acidity.
- c) Explain why halogens are deactivating yet ortho-para directing in Aromatic electrophilic substitution.
- d) Explain mechanism of E_1 elimination.

$\nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$

[15]

[10]

PC-5005

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-115 F.Y.Pharm.D

15 : PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks
- 3) Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 4) Do not write anything on question paper except seat number.

SECTION - I

Q1) Write any one out of two :

- Classify different types of indicators used in volumetric analysis and explain a) in detail theory of indicators.
- State the principle of complexometric titration. Elaborate complexometric b) titration.

Q2) Attempt any five out of Seven.

- Discuss aprotic solvents in non- aqueous titration. a)
- b) What is error? How can we minimize errors during analysis?
- Differentiate between primary standard and secondary standard solutions. c)
- What are the oxidizing and reducing agents? d)
- What is the acid base titration? Explain with example. e)
- Explain titration curve for strong acid vs strong base. f)
- Discuss Mohr's method in precipitation titration. **g**)

Q3) Write any two out of four.

- Summarize equipment's used in volumetric analysis. a)
- Explain oxidation number method to balance redox reaction. b)
- What is precipitation titration? Explain Volhard's and Modified Volhard's c) method.
- d) Discuss methodology involved in gravimetric analysis.

[Max. Marks : 70

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

SEAT No. :

[6374]-115

SECTION - II

Q4) Write of any one out of two.

- a) Define electrolytes. Explain calcium and potassium for replacement therapy.
- b) Discuss mechanism of action of antimicrobial agent. Discuss pharmaceutical compounds which act as antimicrobial agent.

Q5) Attempt any five out of seven.

- a) What is limit test? Explain limit test for sulphate.
- b) Explain Zinc as essential trace element.
- c) Short note on Limit test for chloride.
- d) Differentiate between systemic and non-systemic antacid.
- e) What is cathartics?
- f) What is acidifiers? Explain with example
- g) Discuss anti-caries agents.

Q6) Write any two out of four.

- a) Discuss medicinal uses of medical air and Carbon dioxide.
- b) Discuss ideal properties for an antacid preparation and explain side effects of long term antacid therapy.
- c) Classify and explain different pharmaceutical aids.
- d) What is radiopharmaceuticals? Explain precaution for handling of radioactive substances.





 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

2

PC2131

[6374]-121

[Total No. of Pages :2

SEAT No. :

S.Y. Pharm. D. 2.1T : PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate books.
- Draw a neat, labeled diagram wherever necessary. 3)
- Figures to the right indicate full marks. **4**)

SECTION - I

Q1) Attempt any one of the following (Any 1 out of 2): [1×10=10]

- Discuss detailed pathophysiology of malignancy. a)
- b) Explain in detail glycogen storage diseases with examples.

Q2) Attempt any five of the following (Any 5 out of 7): [5×3=15]

- Explain the process of healing by Primary Intention. a)
- Explain the mechanism of autoimmunity. b)
- Explain the biological effects of radiation. c)
- Give two examples each for direct and indirect-acting carcinogens. d)
- Define Pyknosis, Karyorrhexis and Karyolysis. e)
- f) Define Inflammation. What are cardinal signs of inflammation?
- Explain the process of phagocytosis. **g**)
- Q3) Attempt any two of the following (Any 2 out of 4): $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
 - Discuss the etiology and pathogenesis of shock. a)
 - b) Explain the pathogenesis of Reversible cell Injury.
 - c) Discuss briefly types of necrosis.
 - Explain the pathogenesis of chronic inflammation. d)

[*Max. Marks* : 70

Q4) Attempt any one of the following (Any 1 out of 2): [1×10=10]

- a) Define angina pectoris. Briefly discuss types and pathogenesis of angina.
- b) Define; classify Hypertension and explain its pathophysiology in detail.

Q5) Attempt any five of the following (Any 5 out of 7): [5×3=15]

- a) Define and enlist type of Hepatitis.
- b) Write the diagnostic tests for Typhoid, Pneumonia.
- c) Define COPD & explain its causes.
- d) Differentiate between Marasmus and Kwashiorkor.
- e) Name two fat-soluble vitamins and their function.
- f) Enlist air pollutants and their effects.
- g) Discuss signs, symptoms and risk factors of depression.
- Q6) Attempt any two of the following (Any 2 out of 4): [2×5=10]
 - a) What are metabolic disorders? Explain the pathogenesis of type II diabetes mellitus.
 - b) Explain the Pathogenesis of acute renal failure.
 - c) Define stroke. Explain the pathogenesis of Stroke.
 - d) Explain the pathogenesis and clinical symptoms of cirrhosis.



PC2132

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-122

Second Year Pharm.D

2.2 PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY

(2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer book.
- 3) Neat labelled diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Attempt any one of the followings (Any 1 out of 2) [1×10=10]

- Define sterilization. Enlist different methods of sterilization. Discuss dry a) & moist heat sterilization.
- Discuss in details the role of microbes in the pharmaceutical and medical b) field.

02) Attempt any five of the followings (Any 5 out of 7): [5×3=15]

- Name the major divisions of microbial world. a)
- Discuss morphological features of mold. b)
- How to maintain culture in laboratory? c)
- Define validation and explain the validation process. d)
- Write contributions of Alexander Fleming. e)
- Give note on enriched media. f)
- How to sterilise thermolabile pharmaceutical formulations? Justify it. g)
- Q3) Attempt any two of the followings (Any 2 out of 4): [2×5=10]
 - Write a note on sterility indicators. a)
 - Discuss applications of cell culture in pharma industry. b)
 - Explain different types of medium and methods to isolate the Bacteria. c)
 - Describe the sterility testing for different Pharmaceutical preparations. d)

[Max. Marks : 70

Q4) Attempt any one of the following (Any 1 out of 2) [1×10=10]

- a) Define antibody. Explain in detail different types of antibodies.
- b) What is microbiological assay? Discuss in detail general methods used for microbial assays of antibiotics
- **Q5**) Attempt any five of the followings (Any 5 out of 7): $[5 \times 3 = 15]$
 - a) Differentiate between active and passive immunity.
 - b) Discuss the procedure and interpretation of Mantaux test
 - c) Explain in detail about symptoms, source and control of typhoid?
 - d) Explain in detail about preparation of vaccine?
 - e) Explain in detail about role of complement system in host defence mechanism?
 - f) Discuss in detail the Agglutination reaction?
 - g) What is MIC? Explain the method for its determination.

Q6) Attempt any two of the following (Any 2 out of 4): [2×5=10]

- a) Define and classify immunity? Explain any two types?
- b) Describe in detail chemical agents as disinfectants.
- c) Explain about meningitis.
- d) Explain in detail about precipitation reaction.



SEAT No. :

PC2133

[6374]-123

S.Y.Pharm D.

2.3 T : PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates: [Max. Marks : 70

[Total No. of Pages : 3

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw a neat, labeled diagram wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

Q1) Attempt any one of the followings (Any 1 out of 2) $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Explain the cell inclusions in detail.
- b) Define cultivation. Explain methods of cultivation with suitable examples.

Q2) Attempt any five of the followings (Any 5 out of 7) $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define
 - i) Pharmacognosy
 - ii) Crude drug
- b) Explain the process of collection of crude drug.
- c) Give synonym, biological source and uses of neem.
- d) Describe Unani system of medicine.
- e) Elaborate the significance of drying with suitable example.
- f) Enlist the constituents of cell wall with their function.
- g) Explain chemical classification of crude drug with suitable examples.

- **Q3)** Attempt any two of the followings (Any 2 out of 4) $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
 - a) Write Pharmacognosy of Tobacco in detail.
 - b) Explain processing and storage of crude drug.
 - c) Describe the scope of Pharmacognosy in detail
 - d) Explain powder microscopy of organized crude drug

Q4) Attempt any one of the followings (Any 1 out of 2) $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Define volatile oil and fixed oil with suitable example. Explain methods of extraction of volatile oil.
- b) Define lipid. Explain methods of analysis of lipids.

Q5) Attempt any five of the followings (Any 5 out of 7) $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Give biological source, chemical constituents and uses of Acacia
- b) Define
 - i) Adulteration
 - ii) Fibers
- c) Write the significance of adulteration.
- d) What is substitution with vegetative matter? Explain with suitable examples.
- e) Give biological source, chemical constituents and identification test for starch.
- f) Explain properties of plant fibers.
- g) Give details on cell constituents.

[6374]-123

- *Q6*) Attempt any two of the followings (Any 2 out of 4) $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
 - a) Explain Pharmacognosy of Isapgoal in detail.
 - b) Define carbohydrates. Explain its classification with suitable examples.
 - c) Describe the methods of extraction of lipids.
 - d) Explain the chemistry of Proteins.



PC-2134

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-124 **Second Year Pharm D** 2.4. - PHARMACOLOGY - I (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

- All questions are compulsory. 1)
- Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. 2)
- Black figures to the right indicates full marks. 3)

SECTION - I

Q1 Long Answers (Any 1 out of 2) :

- Define and classify anticholinergic drugs. Add a note on Pharmacology a) of Acetylcholine.
- Discuss the routes of administration of drugs with advantages and b) disadvantages of each route of drug administration. Add a note on factors influencing the choice of route of drug administration.

Q2) Short Answers (Any 5 out of 7) :

- What is drug distribution? Enlist factors affecting distribution and add a a) note on Volume of distribution.
- b) Write Pharmacology of acetylcholine.
- Write pharmacological account of antianginal drugs. c)
- Define and classify drug interactions with suitable examples. d)
- Classify Drugs used for hyperlipidaemias with suitable examples. e)
- Classify antihypertensive drugs with suitable examples and MoA. f)
- Give pharmacological account of anti-adrenergics. g)

Q3) Medium Answers (Any 2 out of 4) :

- Write a note on Enzyme Induction with suitable example. a)
- Define Bioavailability and explain the methods of determination of b) bioavailability in short.
- Write a short note on factors affecting drug effects. c)
- d) Define Pharmacology and write a note on scope of Pharmacology.

[Max. Marks : 70]

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

$[5 \times 3 = 15]$

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

SEAT No.:

Q4) Long Answers (Any 1 out of 2) :

- a) Discuss biosynthesis, mechanism of action, pharmacological actions and therapeutic uses of testosterone.
- b) Classify Bronchodilators Discuss mechanism of Action, Pharmacological action, therapeutic uses and adverse effects of salbutamol.

Q5) Short Answers (Any 5 out of 7) :

- a) Define hypnotics and give two examples of each.
- b) Describe biosynthesis, storage, release & action of thyroid hormone?
- c) Classify anti-tussive. Add a note on anti-histaminics.
- d) Add note on bioassay of oxytocin.
- e) Define general anesthetics & explain pre-anesthetic medication.
- f) What are CNS stimulants? Write their examples and uses.
- g) Describe physiological effect of glucagon.

Q6) Short Answers (Any 2 out of 4) :

- a) Explain the Pharmacological effects, adverse effects & therapeutic uses of Paracetamol.
- b) Define and classify antipsychotic drugs. Write uses, MOA & ADR of triiodothyronine (T3).
- c) Elaborate pharmacology of gonadotropins.
- d) Classify anti-Parkinsonian drugs with examples. Explain the pharmacology of Levodopa.

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

PC-2135

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-125 S.Y. Pharm.D. 2.5.T - COMMUNITY PHARMACY (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) figures to the right indicates full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Attempt any one of the following (Any 1 out of 2): $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Enlist various methods of inventory control. Explain any one method in detail.
- b) Enlist advantages and disadvantages of patient counseling. Add a note on design and layout of leaflets.

Q2) Attempt any five of the following (Any 5 out of 7): $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define community Pharmacist. Discuss in brief role of community pharmacist.
- b) Discuss objectives of patient counseling.
- c) Define prescription. Explain various parts of prescription.
- d) Enlist sources of drug interaction checkers.
- e) What is Lead time and reorder level?
- f) Explain counseling tips for Aspirin in pregnancy.
- g) Discuss use of computers and softwares in community pharmacy.

Q3) Attempt any two of the following (Any 2 out of 4): $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

- a) Discuss different methods to overcome patient counseling barriers.
- b) Define pharmaceutical care. Write in detail about the principles of pharmaceutical care.
- c) Explain role of pharmacist in improving medication adherence.
- d) Explain the layout of community pharmacy.

[Max. Marks : 70

17

Q4) Attempt any one of the following (Any 1 out of 2): $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Define Health screening services. Discuss importance of health screening services. Add a note on methods for screening of blood pressure.
- b) Define Balanced diet. Write note on vitamin deficiency disorders and its prevention.

Q5) Attempt any five of the following (Any 5 out of 7): $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define OTC medication. Enlist OTC medications.
- b) Explain role of community pharmacist in rational drug therapy.
- c) Discuss concept of trade of Pharmacy
- d) Elaborate any two methods used for screening of cholesterol levels.
- e) Discuss common drug therapy for pyrexia.
- f) Explain role of pharmacist in family planning.
- g) Discuss common drug therapy for worm infestations.

Q6) Attempt any two of the followings (Any 2 out of 4): $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

- a) Define communicable disease. Discuss the role of community pharmacist in preventing communicable diseases.
- b) Discuss code of ethics for community pharmacists towards pharmacy profession.
- c) Elaborate causative agents and methods for prevention of tuberculosis.
- d) Discuss causative organism for malaria. Explain life cycle of plasmodium species.



PC-2136

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6374]-126 S.Y. Pharm.D. 2.6 - PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I (2019 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Write answers for section I and section II in separate answer sheets.
- 3) Draw neat, labelled diagram wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Define HTN. Give the management of HTN with compelling indication. [10]

OR

Define Heart failure. Explain in detail the management of heart failure with reduced ejection fraction. [10]

Q2) Solve any five:

- a) Write down the advantages and disadvantages of different formulations of nitrates.
- b) Classify Insulin and its analogues.
- c) Differentiate between asthma & COPD.
- d) Define: FEV1, FVC, Inspiratory reserve volume.
- e) Write NYHA classification of Angina.
- f) Write the GOLD classification of COPD.
- g) What is first dose phenomenon?

Q3) Write short note on any two:

- a) Management of Acute attack of asthma.
- b) Management of NSTEMI.
- c) Hypertensive crisis.
- d) Statins in dyslipidemia.

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

$[2 \times 5 = 10]$

P.T.O.

[Max. Marks : 70

Q4) What is DKA? Explain its pathophysiology, clincal symptoms and management. [10]

OR

What are the various preparations of insulins present in the market explain its utilistaion pattern for the pateints. [10]

Q5) Solve any five:

- a) How does the pharmacokinetic changes in pregnanat females affect the prescribing pattern?
- b) What is the importance of EML?
- c) What are the various screening test used for dignosing osteoporosis?
- d) In which conditions are the oral contraceptives given.Explain with examples.
- e) What are the various steps taken for monitoring rational prescibing?
- f) Differentiate various bacterial and viral conjinctivitis
- g) What is thyrotoxicosis?

Q6) Write short notes on any two:

- a) Glaucoma and treatment.
- b) Rational preparations in market and role of pharmacist.
- c) Prescribing in geratrics
- d) Prescribing in lactation



2

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$