Total No. of	f Questions	:6]
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P2204

SEAT No. :	
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[Total No. of Pages : 2

[4824]-11 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMETRY

BCH-170: Biomolecules (2008 & 2010 Pattern) (Semester-I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to the both sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) All questions are compulsory.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

Q1) Answer any five of following.

[15]

- a) What are lipoproteins? Give the significance.
- b) What is the role of vitamins as coenzyme explain with example.
- c) Write account of LDL, VLDL, HDL.
- d) What are anomers and epimers? Explain with example.
- e) What are chemical reactions of carbohydrates. Explain.
- f) Define rancidity, acid number and their relation.

Q2) Answer any three of the following.

- a) Give the classification of lipids with example.
- b) Give the structures of following
 - i) Glucopyranose
 - ii) Maltose
 - iii) Cellulose
 - iv) Fructofuranose
 - v) Fructose
- c) Write note on biological significance of glucose and fructose.
- d) Explain the classification of carbohydrate with example.

Q3) Write note on any two of the following:

[10]

- a) Give the deficiency condition of vitamins.
- b) Phospholipids.
- c) Reaction of glucose with oxidising and reducing agents.

SECTION-II

Q4) Answer any five of following:

[15]

- a) What are zwitterions? How are they formed?
- b) Draw structure of following tetrapeptide.
 - i) Gly Val His Phe.
 - ii) Cys Arg Trp Ala.
 - iii) Leu Cys Asn Val.
- c) Explain super-secondary structure of proteins.
- d) What are non-standard amino acids. Explain with example.
- e) Enlist and explain the factors stabilizing the structure of protein.
- f) What are globular proteins? Explain with example.
- **Q5)** Answer any three of following:

[15]

- a) Write note on acid-base titration curve of amino acids.
- b) Give the classification of proteins on basis of their biochemical functions.
- c) Discuss the quaternary structure of haemoglobin.
- d) What are levels of protein conformation. Explain with example and their significance.
- **Q6)** Write note on any two of following:

[10]

- a) Explain classification and properties of aminoacids.
- b) Ramchandran plot.
- c) Edmann's and Sanger's reagent reactions with protein.



Total No. of Questions :6]

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SEAT No.:		
[Total	No. of Pages	:2

[4824]-12

M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 171: Enzymology and Biophysical Techniques (2008 & 2010 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION -I

Enzymology

Q1) Answer any three of the following:

- [15]
- a) Give the nomenclature and classification of enzymes.
- b) Write a note on covalent catalysis mechanism of enzyme action.
- c) Write a note on allosteric enzymes.
- d) Explain the regulation of enzyme action by phosphorylation and dephosphorylation.
- **Q2)** Answer any three of the following:

- a) Derive the Michalis-Menton equation.
- b) Describe the various methods used to determine mechanisms of enzyme action.
- c) Write a note on competitive inhibition with suitable example.
- d) What is an enzyme turnover? Give its significance.

Q3) Answer any two of the following:

[10]

- a) Acid base catalysis.
- b) Describe the ping-pong mechanism of double substrate enzyme reaction.
- c) Describe the various factors an which enzyme reaction rate is affected.

SECTION -II

Biophysical Techniques

Q4) Answer any three of the following:

[15]

- a) Write a note on lyophilisation.
- b) Describe in detail the principle of in exchange chromatography.
- c) Give the importance of moving phase TLC.
- d) What is dialysis? How is it used in protein purification procedures?

Q5) Answer any three of the following:

[15]

- a) Write a note on isoelectric focussing.
- b) What is affinity chromatography? Give the principle of this process.
- c) Distinguish between partition and adsorption chromatography with suitable example.
- d) What is gel filtration? How can it be used to purify proteins?

Q6) Answer any two of the following:

[10]

- a) Write a note on principle and applications of HPLC.
- b) Distinguish between nature PAGE and SDS-PAGE procedures and comment on their use in protein purification and characterisation.
- c) Give an account of the various special chromatographic techniques used for nucleic acids.

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Total No. of Questions: 6]

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SEAT No.:

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[4824]-13 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 172 : Cell Biochemistry (2008 Pattern)

BCH - 172: Microbiology and Cell Biochemistry of Eukaryotes (2010 Pattern)

(Semester - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Answer both the sections on separate answer sheets.

SECTION - I

Microbiology

Q1) Answer any three of the following:

[15]

- a) What are the different methods of isolation of pure culture? Explain any one in detail.
- b) Give the physical and chemical characteristics of micro-organisms.
- c) Explain the types of nitrogen fixation in detail.
- d) Give the methods for production of mutants by chemical and physical agents.
- e) Explain electron microscope in detail.

Q2) Attempt any three of the following:

- a) Explain phase contrast microscope in detail.
- b) How will you control growth of micro-organism by physical and chemical agents.
- c) How will you differential plant and animal viruses.
- d) Define antimicrobial agents, sanitizer, disinfectant with example.
- e) Discuss production of alcohol.

Q 3)	Ans	swer any two of the following:	[10]
	a)	Explain replication of Herpes simplex virus.	
	b)	Explain bacterial growth curve.	
	c)	Write a note on exotoxin and endotoxin.	

Cell Biochemistry

Q4) Answer any three of the following:

[15]

- Write a note on different phases of mitosis. a)
- b) Write a note on cytoskeleton and its components.
- What is stem cell and what are the major types of stem cells. c)
- Define the term cell cycle? Elaborate on difference between mitosis and d) meiosis.
- Write a note on fungi and its biological importance. e)

Q5) Attempt any three of the following:

[15]

- Define the term fertilization. What is the significance of fertilization. a)
- b) Write a note on density gradient centrifugation.
- c) Explain with diagram difference between prokarytic and eukaryotic cell.
- Write a note on organogenesis. d)
- Describe the structure and various functions of mitochondria in the cell. e)

Q6) Answer any two of the following:

[10]

- Write a note on different types of transport mechanism across plasma membrane.
- b) Define the term gametogenesis. Differentiate between spermatogenesis and oogenesis.
- c) Write a note on cell junction.



Total No.	of	Questions	:	6]
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SEAT No.:	

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[4824]-21 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-270: Bioenergetics & Metabolism (2008 & 2010 Pattern) (Semester-II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right hand indicate full marks.
- 4) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION-I

Q1) Answer Any Three of the following:

[15]

- a) Write a note on high energy compounds with special reference to ATP.
- b) Discuss the regulation and significance of glycolysis.
- c) Write a note on glyoxalate cycle.
- d) Oxidative phosphorylation in mitochondria.

Q2) Answer Any Three of the following:

[15]

- a) Describe the Hill's reaction and give its significance.
- b) Write a note on bacterial photosynthesis.
- c) Describe glycogen synthesis and its regulation.
- d) Give the bioenergetics of the citric acid cycle.

Q3) Answer Any Two of the following:

[10]

- a) Give a detail account of pentose phosphate pathway.
- b) Write a note on photosynthetic pigments.
- c) Write a note on electron transport chain.

SECTION-II

Q4) Answer Any Three of the following:

[15]

- a) Write a note on transamination.
- b) Give the bioenergetics of odd number carbon atom fatty acids in beta oxidation.
- c) Write a note on pyrimidine degradation.
- d) Give an account of any two inborn errors of amino acid metabolism.

Q5) Answer Any Three of the following:

[15]

- a) What are porphyrins? What is their role in metabolism?
- b) Describe the one carbon atom transfer by folic acid in biosynthesis of glycine.
- c) Write a note on formation of ketone bodies and their significance.
- d) Describe urea cycle in detail.

Q6) Answer Any Two of the following:

[10]

- a) Write a note on biosynthesis of cholesterol.
- b) Describe the gamma glutamyl cycle.
- c) Give an account of the biosynthesis of the purine nucleus ie the purine ring.

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SEAT No.:

M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 271: Techniques in Characterization of Biomolecules (2008 & 2010 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- **Q1)** Answer any <u>four</u> of the following:

[20]

- a) Describe the use of sedimentation in DNA analysis.
- b) Write a note on partial specific volume and diffusion coefficient.
- c) Describe the applications of viscosity.
- d) Explain the principle of potentiometric biosensors.
- e) Write a note on electron spray assisted ionization.
- **Q2)** Attempt any <u>four</u> of the following:

- a) What is meant by quenching? Explain the different factors that are involved in quenching.
- b) Differentiate between preparative and analytical ultracentrifugation.
- c) Discuss the theory of viscosity.
- d) Explain the units of measuring radiation adsorption.
- e) What are the factors affecting on viscosity. Explain any one in detail.

Q3) Answer any two of the following:

[20]

- a) Describe the principle and working of ESR.
- b) Explain the theory and applications of autoradiography.
- c) What are mediators? Explain the principle of mediators based biosensors. With suitable example.

Q4) Write short notes (any four)

[20]

- a) MALDI- TOP- MS.
- b) ORD and CD.
- c) Immunosensors.
- d) Radiation dosimetry.
- e) Ostwald capillary viscometer.

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[4824]-23 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-273: Membrane Biochemistry & Nucleic Acid (2008 Pattern) BCH - 273: Membrane Biochemistry & Genetics (2010 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to right indicate full marks.
- 3) Answer section I and section II in separate answer sheets.

SECTION - I

Membrane Biochemistry

Q1) Answer any three questions

[15]

- a) Describe active and passive transport.
- b) Explain the different factors affecting the properties of the membrane.
- c) What is diffusion? Explain osmoregulation.
- d) Explain the mechanism of transport of Na⁺⁺ and K⁺ion.
- e) Explain the molecular mechanism of valinomycin and gramicidin.

Q2) Attempt any three of the following:

[15]

- a) Describe in detail the drug transport through membrane.
- b) Explain various models of biological membrane.
- c) Describe the assembly of virus membrane receptor.
- d) Explain receptor mediated endocylosis.
- e) How antimicrobial agents reach their target site. Explain the mode of penetration with example.

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Q3)	Ans	wer any two of the following: [1	0]
	a)	Explain the role of protein in exocylosis and endocylosis.	
	b)	Write in detail the role of Na-K AT pase in membrane transport.	
	c)	Explain in detail defferent voltage gated channel.	
		SECTION - II	
		<u>Genetics</u>	
Q4)	Ans	wer <u>any three</u> question: [1	5]
	a)	Enlist salient features of Watson and Crich model.	
	b)	State and describe the law of segregation with example.	
	c)	Differentiate between A, B, and Z form of DNA.	
	d)	Write a note on mutant isolation and its selection.	
	e)	Write a note on Tetrad analysis.	
05)	Atte	empt <u>any three</u> of the following [1	5]
2 /	a)	What in meant by specialized transduction? Explain how does it different generalized transduction.	
	b)	Define bacterio phage. Add a note on lytic cycle.	
	c)	Explain Mendelian laws of Inheritance with example.	
	d)	What is plasmid? Enlist its different types.	
	e)	Discuss the experimental evidence that prove DNA as genetic materia	1.
Q6)	Ans	wer any two of the following [1	0]
	a)	Describe Messelson and shall experiment and its interpretation.	

b) Explain the features of genetic code.

c) Write a note on lac operon.

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Total No.	\mathbf{of}	Questions	:4]
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SEAT No.	:	

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[4824]-31 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-370: Molecular Biology (2008 and 2010 Pattern) (Semester-III)

Time: 3 Hours | [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- **Q1)** Answer any four of following.

[20]

- a) Explain signal hypothesis in protein targeting.
- b) What retrotransposons? Give their method of transposition.
- c) Write note on Rho dependent and Rho-independent termination factors.
- d) Explain the clover leaf structure of t-RNA.
- e) Write note on enzymes required in DNA replication.
- Q2) Attempt any two of the following.

[20]

- a) Explain protein targeting to nucleus in detial.
- b) What is splicing of RNA? Explain alternative splicing and give the need for splicing.
- c) Explain eukaryotic transcription and compare it to the prokaryotic transcription.
- Q3) Answer any four of following

- a) Give importance of methylation of DNA in E.coli.
- b) Give the post-translational modification of mRNA.
- c) Write note on transposable elements? Explain LINE & SINE in brief.
- d) Write note on inhibitors of protein synthesis.
- e) Explain Ames Test with its application.

Q4) Write note on (any four).

- a) Nucleotide exicition repair system.
- b) Role of DNA polymerases in replication.
- c) Shine Dalgarno sequence and pribnow box.
- d) Retroviruses.
- e) Composite and non-composite transposition.



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SEAT No.:

M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-371: Medical Biochemistry and Immunology (2008 & 2010 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.

SECTION -I

(Medical Biochemistry)

Q1) Answer <u>any three</u> of the following:

[15]

- a) Explain the mode of action of antibiotics that inhibit the biosynthesis of cell wall with example.
- b) Describe how the antibiotics inhibit protein biosynthesis with example.
- c) Explain role of puromycin, streptomycin and erythromycin.
- d) Explain in detail the extrinsic mechanism of apoptosis.
- e) Write an account on Hemoglobinopathies with respect to thalassemias.

Q2) Attempt any three of the following:

- a) Describe the life cycle of influenza virus.
- b) Describe the enzyme involved in heart diseases and their importance in pathological findings.

- c) Explain the molecular basis of hemoglobinopathies.
- d) Enlists causative agents of cancer and role of viruses in carcinogenesis.
- e) Explain the pathophysiology of myocardial infarction and coronary heart diseases.

Q3) Answer any two of the following:

[10]

- a) Describe the physiological role of lysosomes & its pathology.
- b) Describe the life cycle of malaria.
- c) Describe molecular genetics of cancer.

SECTION -II

(Immunology)

Q4) Answer any three of the following:

[15]

- a) Explain different types of immunity generated in our body.
- b) Elaborate on the steps involved in the production of monoclonal antibodies.
- c) Explain primary lymphoid organ in detail.
- d) Explain the principle, procedure and application of ELISA techniques.
- e) Where do T cells and B cells mature in the body. How are they responsible for desired immune response of the host system.

Q5) Attempt any three of the following:

[15]

a) Why are antibody termed as immunoglobulins? List out the different classes of immunoglobulins and write on their function in the body.

- b) Compare the complement activation events of the classical pathway with those of alternate pathway.
- c) Discuss the etiology and development of AIDS.
- d) List out the types of hypersensitivity reaction and give their features.
- e) What are immunodeficiency diseases. Discuss the features of one such disease.

Q6) Answer any two of the following:

[10]

- a) List out the different types of antigen -antibody reactions explain any one.
- b) What is MHL gene. Explain its structural features.
- c) Explain Blood antigen and Rh factors.

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M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-372: Signal Transdunction Path Ways (2008 Pattern) BCH - 372: Neurochemistry (2010 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labelled diagram where necessary.

Q1) Answer any four of the following:

[20]

- a) Explain the reuptake mechanism of neurotransmitters.
- b) Describe the role of Na⁺, and K⁺ channels in prapagation of nerve impulses.
- c) Discuss the role of hypothalamus.
- d) Explain the role of protein kinage in memory.
- e) Write a note on neuropeptides.

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

- a) Explain the steps involved in axonal neurotransmission.
- b) How does closuse of sodium channels hyperpolarise the photoreceptorcells.
- c) Describe the location and function of the somatic sensory receptor for tattle sensation.

Q3) Answer any two of the following:

[20]

- a) Describe the difference in efferent pathway and efferent pathway with example.
- b) Write a note on sensory perception.
- c) Describe taste receptors and, transduction mechanism.

Q4) Write short notes on : (Any four)

- a) Basilar membrane.
- b) Synaptic plasiticity.
- c) GABA
- d) Chemical messengers.
- e) Natural factors effecting the development of CNS.



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SEAT No. :	
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[4824]-34 M.Sc.-II

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-373: Biochemical Toxicology (2008 & 2010 Pattern) (Semester-III)

Time: 3 Hours | [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer Any Four of the following:

[20]

- a) What are the aims and objective of the experimental toxicology studies? How acutetoxicity of toxicant is determined?
- b) Write a note on teratology and reproduction.
- c) Give the significance of occupational toxicology.
- d) Explain the dose response relationship.
- e) What are chemical application of toxicology.

Q2) Attempt Any Four of the following:

- a) What are toxic effect of ethanol.
- b) Explain phase I and phase II niotransformation reaction.
- c) Explain the vascular effect on brain and lung.
- d) How will you evaluate the toxicity of a substance?
- e) Give the fate of cadmium in human body.
- f) Explain mutagenecity.

Q3) Answer Any Four of the following:

[20]

- a) Give the principle of toxicology. Classify the toxic agents.
- b) Explain allergic and idiosyncratic reaction.
- c) Enumerate the anphibian toxins and their toxic effects.
- d) How oxidative types of air pollution is generated?
- e) Give the fate of nercury in human body.
- f) Give the chemical composition of snake venoon.

Q4) Answer Any Four of the following:

- a) What is the site and mechanism of action of DDT.
- b) Explain with example acute, subacute, subchronic and chronic toxicity.
- c) Explain AIMS test.
- d) Explain component of cytochrome p-450 mono-oxygenase system.
- e) Explain with example plant and animal toxin.
- f) Explain with suitable example detoxication and toxication reaction.



Total No. of Questions : 6]

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[4824]-41 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-470: Biochemical Endocrinology & Tissue Culture (2008 Pattern) (Old)

BCH - 470 : Biochemical Endocrinology and Plant Biochemistry (2010 Pattern) (New) (Semester-IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right hand indicate full marks.
- 4) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION-I

(Biochemical Endocrinology)

Q1) Answer Any Three of the following:

[15]

- a) What are prostaglandins? Explain their functions.
- b) Describe the mode of action of the hormones of the pancreas.
- c) Write a note on gastrointestinal hormones.
- d) What are the hormones produced by the adrenal medulla? Describe their mode of action.
- **Q2)** Attempt Any Three of the following:

- a) Give the structure, transport of the thyroid hormone. What disorders are related to thyroid hormone imbalance.
- b) Write a note on enkephalins.

- c) What are secondary messengers? Give the role of cAMP (cyclic) AMP as a secondary messenger.
- d) Explain the mechanism of steroid hormones in regulation of gene expression.

Q3) Answer Any Two of the following:

[10]

- a) Explain in detail the mechanism of action of the pitutary hormone and the effect of over and less production on growth.
- b) Explain the role of the parathyroid hormone.
- c) What is calcium signalling? Explain its significance in hormone action.

SECTION-II

(Tissue Culture)

Q4) Answer Any Three of the following:

[15]

- a) Describe the wet sterilisation procedure.
- b) Write a note on hardening in plant tissue culture.
- c) Describe the various types of organ culture.
- d) Give the importance of various micronutrients used in plant tissue culture media.

Q5) Answer Any Three of the following:

- a) Give the process for induction of hairy root culture having <u>Agrobacterium rhizogenes</u>.
- b) Distinguish between suspension culture and monolayer culture.
- c) Give the application of plant tissue culture.
- d) Describe the characteristics of an established cell line.

	a)	Contact inhibition.				
	b)	Growth regulators in plant tissue culture.				
	c)	Protoplast fusion.				
	d)	Cell Banking.				
		SECTION-II				
	(Plant Biochemistry)					
Q4)	Atte	mpt <u>Any Three</u> of the following: [15]				
	a)	Biosynthesis of sucrose.				
	b)	Role of phosphorus in plant growth.				
	c)	Describe the light reaction of photosynthesis.				
	d)	Write a note on pharmaceutical value of plants.				
Q5)	5) Answer Any Three of the following:					
	a)	Write a note on source-sink relationship in plants.				
	b)	Explain the role of auxin in plant growth.				
	c)	Explain the role of calcium in plant growth.				
	d)	Describe the structure of chloroplasts with the help of a neat labelled diagram.				

[10]

Q6) Write short notes on (Any Two):

Q6) Write short notes on (Any Two):

- [10]
- a) Write a note on C_4 mechanism of Co_2 fixation in plants.
- b) Explain the various aboitic stresses in plants and their physiology.
- c) Biochemical changes in ripening. Explain the role of growth regulators in ripening.

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Total No. of Questions :6]

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SEAT No.:

M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-471: Fermentation and Enzyme Technology and Food Technology (2008 Pattern)

BCH - 471: Fermentation Technology and Food Technology (2010 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Answers to both the sections should be solved in separate answer sheets.

SECTION -I

(Fermentation)

Q1) Answer <u>any three</u> of the following:

[15]

- a) What are the different criteria for isolation of industrially important microorganism.
- b) What are the different recovery process of the product? Which one is best. Justify your answer.
- c) How will you proceed for isolation of resistant mutant.
- d) Give the different methods of strain improvement.
- e) Explain the process of production of penicillin.

Q2) Attempt any three of the following:

- a) Explain the method of isolation of micro-organism by enrichment culture techniques.
- b) What are the basic requirement for expression of foreign DNA in microorganism?
- c) How will you proceed for isolation of auxotrophic mutants.
- d) Explain the design of fermenter in detail.
- e) Explain the isolation method for intracellular and extracellular products.

Q 3)	Answer <u>any two</u> of the following:		
	a)	Explain media formulation.	
	b)	Explain the effect of inhibitor on fermentation process.	
	c)	Discuss biological and physical method of effluent treatment.	
		SECTION -II	
		(Food Technology)	
Q4)	Ans	wer any three of the following:	[15]
	a)	Give the foods of animal and plant origin. Give its importance.	
	b)	What are the different methods of monitoring of food quality.	
	c)	Explain primary feed stock.	
	d)	What are the different enzymes used in food processing.	
	e)	How will you modify food genetically explain with suitable example	e.
Q5)	Atte	mpt any three of the following:	[15]
	a)	Explain enzymes used in fruit juice technology.	
	b)	Give the method of starch production.	
	c)	Write a note on single cell protein.	
	d)	Give the manufacture of natural and synthetic sweetener.	
	e)	How will you perform meat tenderization.	
Q6)	Ans	wer <u>any two</u> of the following:	[10]
	a)	Explain different food additives used in industries.	
	b)	How will you manufacture synthetic syrups.	
	c)	What are the different enzymes used for food analysis.	

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