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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages : 2

[4824]-101 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-170: Biomolecules

(Credit System) (Semester-I) (2013 Pattern)

Time	:3 F	Hours]	[Max. Marks: 50		
Instr	uctio	ons to the candidates:			
	1)	Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answ			
	2)	Question No.4 and 8 are compulsory. Out of the remaining at from section I and 2 questions from section II.	tempt 2 questions		
	3)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.			
	<i>4)</i>	Figures to the right side indicate full marks.			
	<i>5)</i>	All quations carry eqval marks.			
		SECTION-I			
Q1)	Ans	swer the following.			
	a)	Draw the structures of following	[3]		
		i) Fructose			
		ii) Maltose			
		iii) Cellulose			
	b)	Explain role of vitamins as co-enzyme.	[3]		
	c)	Write note on miscelle formation in lipids.	[4]		
Q2)	Ans	swer the following:			
	a)	What are epimers?	[2]		
	b)	Write any three chemical reactions of carbohydrates.	[3]		
	c)	Explain properties of water in detail.	[5]		
Q3)	Atte	empt the following.			
	a)	What are chylomicrons?	[2]		
	b)	Give role of vitamins in deficiency conditions.	[4]		
	c)	Explain biological significance of carbohydrates.	[4]		
			<i>P.T.O.</i>		

Q4)	Ansv	ver any one of following.	
	a)	Classify carbohydrates with one example of each class.	[5]
	b)	Give the characteristics and features of fat soluble vitamins.	[5]
		SECTION-II	
Q5)	Atte	empt the following.	
	a)	Give the levels of protein conformation with one example of each.	[3]
	b)	Name any three rare amino acids with their significance.	[3]
	c)	Explain the β -structure of proteins.	[4]
Q6)	Ans	wer the following.	
	a)	Enlist the forces that stabilize protein structure.	[2]
	b)	Explain any two super-secondary structures of proteins with diagrand their significance.	ams [4]
	c)	Draw structure of haemoglobin and explain its significance.	[4]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Draw structure of Proline, Histidine, Aspargine, Cystine.	[2]
	b)	Give the significance of α -helix and β -helix.	[3]
	c)	What is Ramchandran plot. Explain in detail.	[5]
Q8)	Atte	empt any one of following:	
	a)	What is protein sequencing? Explain any one method of sequencin detail.	ng ir [5]
	b)	Discuss the properties and classification of aminoacids.	[5]

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[4824]-102

M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 171: Enzymology and Biophysical Techniques (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answers to both the sections should be written in separate answer sheets.
- 2) Questions no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION -I

Enzymology

Q1) Answer the following:

- a) What is the chemical basis of enzyme specificity? [2]
- b) With suitable example explain zymogen and its activation. [4]
- c) Give significance of allosteric and co-operative behavior of enzymes.[4]

Q2) Attempt the following:

- a) What are co-enzymes? Give the co-enzyme form of thiamin and niacin.[3]
- b) Explain competitive inhibition with example. [3]
- c) Give the salient features of active site of enzymes. [4]

<i>Q3</i>) Answer the follow	wing:
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- a) State Michellis Menten equation and give its significance. [2]
- b) Describe Hill equation. [3]
- c) Discuss the use of X-ray crystallography technique in study of enzyme mechanism. [5]

Q4) Attempt any one of the following:

- a) Describe the mechanism of reaction catalysed by chymotrypsin. [5]
- b) Explain detail classification of enzymes with suitable examples of each class. [5]

SECTION -II

Biophysical Techniques

Q5) Answer the following:

- a) What is uv and visible range? Give significance. [2]
- b) Enlist various methods of protein Isolation and explain any one. [4]
- c) Explain principle at 2-D gel electrophoresis. [4]

Q6) Attempt the following:

- a) Describe the term resolution, partition coefficient and selectivity factor in chromatography. [3]
- b) Give principle and applications of dialysis. [3]
- c) What are different components of spectrophotometer? Give two application of uv visible spectroscopy. [4]

Q7) Answer the following:

- a) What is theoretical plate? [2]
- b) Give the principle of Agaruse gel electrophoresis. [3]
- c) What is affinity chromatography? Explain principle at metal chelate chromatography. [5]

Q8) Attempt any one of the following:

- a) What are cation & anion exchangers? How lon exchange chromatography is used in protein purification? [5]
- b) What is electrophoresis? With examples explain continuous & discontinuous electrophoresis. [5]

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Total 1	No.	of	Questions	:	8]
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

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[4824]-103 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 172: Microbiology and Cell Biology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer any two questions from question No. 1-3 and any 2 questions from question No.5-7.2) Q.No. 4 and 8 are compulsory. Answer both the sections on separate answer sheets. 3) **SECTION - I** (Microbiology) **Q1)** Answer the following: Classify plant and animal viruses. [2] a) Explain bacterial growth curve. b) [4] c) Discuss industrial production of alcohol. [4] **Q2)** Attempt the following: What are the methods for classification of microbes. [2] a) Explain in detail electron microscope for studying micro-organism with b) its limitation. [4] Write a note on exotoxin and endotoxin. c) [4] **Q3**) Answer the following: Explain the replication of Herpes simplex virus. [5] a) Explain pour plate technique. b) [3] What do you mean by nitrogen fixation. c) [2]

Q4) Attempt any one of the following: Give the methods for isolation of bacterial mutants. a) [5] b) Explain physical and chemical agents in control of micro - organisms. [5] **SECTION - II** (Cell Biology) **Q5)** Answer the following: Write a note on structure and function of nucleus. a) [3] Explain Active and passive transport mechanism. b) [3] Describe cytoskeleton and its various components. [4] c) **Q6)** Attempt the following: Describe the structure and various function of mitochondria in the cell. [5] a) Write a note on marker enzymes of various cell organelles. [3] b) Define the term chromosomes, sister chromatids and homologous c) chromosomes. [2] **Q7)** Answer the following: Why meiosis is called reduction division? [2] a) Write a note on different types of transport mechanism across plasma b) membrane. [5] Write a note on cell-cell communication between plant cells. [3] c) **Q8)** Answer any one of the following: Define the term gametogenesis. Differentiate between spermatogenesis a)

- and oogenesis. [5]
- Write a note on cell junction. b) [5]



Total No.	of Questions	:	8]
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[Total	No.	of Pages	:	2

[4824]-201 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

		BCH-270 : Bioenergetics and Metabolism		
		(Semester-II) (Credit System) (2013 Pattern))	
		•	Max. Marks : 50)
Instr		ons to the candidates:		
	1) 2)	Answers to both sections should be written on separate sheets. Question 4 and 8 compulsory.		
	<i>2) 3)</i>	Attempt any two from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two from Q. 5 to Q. 7	7.	
	4)	Figures to right indicate full marks.		
		SECTION-I		
Q1)	Atte	empt the following:		
	a)	Discuss the interconversion of hexoses.	[4]	
	b)	Describe the mechanism of action of pyruvate dehydroge	nase complex. [3]	
	c)	Discuss in short oxidation-reduction reactions in TCA cy	rcle. [3]	
Q2)	Atte	empt the following:		
	a)	Give a short account on energy rich compounds.	[4]	
	b)	Discuss in short Glyoxylate pathway.	[3]	
	c)	Explain transaldolase and transketolase.	[3]	
Q3)	Atte	mpt the following:		
	a)	Explain Pasteur effect.	[3]	
	b)	What is principle of chemoosmotic hypothesis?	[3]	
	c)	Write note on pyruvate dehydrogenase complex.	[4]	

Explain breakdown of glucose to pyruvate add a note on its energetics. a) [5] Explain in detail β -oxidation of even number of carbon atom fatty acids. b) [5] **SECTION-II Q5)** Attempt the following: a) What is fate of uric acid in different animal species. [3] Explain synthesis of purine nucleotides. b) [4] Write note on polyamines. c) [3] **Q6)** Attempt the following: What are causes of Albinism? [3] a) How purine nucleotide biosynthesis is regulated. b) [3] Explain role of PRPP in purine nucleotide synthesis. [4] c) **Q7)** Attempt the following: Write note on synthesis of methionine. a) [4] What is salvage pathway of purines? b) [3] Draw diagram to show contribution of all carbon and hydrogen atoms in c) purine nucleus. [3] **Q8)** Attempt Any One: Describe purine synthesis and regulation. a) [5] Explain urea cycle. b) [5]

Q4) Attempt Any One of the following:

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M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 271: Techniques for Characterization of Biomolecules (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answers to both sections should be written in separate answer sheets.
- 2) Questions no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and from Q.5 to Q.7.

What is the principal of zonal centrifugation.

4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION -I

(Biophysical Methods)

Q1) Answer the following:

a)

b)

c)

b) Describe the use of X-ray diffraction technique in biochemistry. [4]
c) What is GM counter? Explain the applications in brief. [4]
Q2) Attempt the following:
a) Describe the stripping film method used for autoradiography. [3]

What is boundary sedimentation? What are its applications.

Explain the working principle of analytical ultracentrifugation.

[3]

[4]

[2]

Q 3)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	Explain the difference between diffusion and sedimentation equilibrismethod.	um [2]
	b)	Discuss the relationship between intrinsic viscosity and molecular weight	ght. [3]
	c)	What is partial specific volume? How can it be measured?	[5]
Q4)	Atte	mpt any one of the following:	[5]
	a)	What is scintillation cocktail? Explain in detail.	
	b)	What are the applications of atomic absorption spectroscopy? Expl any two in brief.	ain
		SECTION -II	
		(Structure Determination of Biomolecules)	
Q5)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	Draw the schematic diagram of NMR.	[2]
	b)	Describe the application of ESR.	[3]
	c)	Discuss instrumental features of IR spectroscopy. Explain the applicat of IR spectra to biomolecules.	ion [5]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	ORD and CD are manifestation of the same phenomenon. Justify.	[2]
	b)	How will you differentiate the generation of biosensors on the basis radon reaction.	s of [4]
	c)	What is polarization of fluorescence? List the basic rule fer interpretation	on.

[4]

Q7) Answer the following:

- a) Explain the theory of MALDI-MS. [2]
- b) Explain the special uses of LCMS in biology and biochemistry. [4]
- c) Describe the theory of GLMS. Enumerate the applictions of GLMS.[4]

Q8) Attempt any one of the following:

- a) Describe briefly the theory of MALDI -TOF-MS. What information can be obtained and give its application. [5]
- b) What is circular diacroism techniques? Explain its usefulness in structural analysis of protein. [5]

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Total No. of Questions: 8]

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[4824]-203 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 272 : Biostatistics, Computers and Bioinformatics (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) Question No: 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q-1 to Q-3 and any two from Q-5 to Q-7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Supplementary will be provided for checking P values.
- 6) Graph papers will be provided.

SECTION - I

(Biostatistics and Computers)

Q1) Answer the following:

- a) What are three different types of variables? [3]
- b) Write the probability mass function with illustration for each of the following: [3]
 - i) Binomial distribution.
 - ii) Poisson Distribution.
- c) Define the following term with illustration.
 - i) Sample space
 - ii) Probability.

[4]

Q2) Attempt the following:

a) What is input, output and format statements.

[3]

b) Calculate the arithmetic mean (by both methods direct and short-cut method) from the given data given below: [3]

No.of leans	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
No. of Plants	6	5	9	4	3	6	4	3

c) Calculate variance, standard deviation and the coefficient of variation from the data recorded of the number of pods per plant. Show that which data is more consistent. [4]

Sample A	40	46	47	39	42	54	50	49	40	41
Sample B	46	51	49	40	41	49	60	61	55	49

Q3) Answer the following:

a) Write on IF and GO TO statements.

[2]

- b) Define the term "correlation". State the types of correlation. Explain using scattern diagram. [4]
- c) Plot less than type Ogive curve for the frequency distribution of seed yield of 100 sesamum plants. Hence locate the median. [4]

Seed Yield (in gms)	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	9-10
No. of Plants	4	6	10	26	24	15	10	5

Q4) Answer any one of the following:

a) Yield of 10 strawberry plants in an uniformity trial are given by Baker and Baker (1953) are as following: [5]

239, 176, 235, 217, 234, 216, 318, 190, 181, 225

Can it be concluded that the average yield is 240. Use 5% level of significance.

b) Sketch DO LOOP structure and explain it with one simple example. [5]

SECTION - II

(Bioinformatics)

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- a) What is flat file database? What are the advantages of flat file databases. [3]
- b) What are primary databases? What are the pitfalls in primary databases. [4]
- c) What kind of data will be accepted and not accepted by gene bank. [3]

Q6) Attempt the following:

- a) Define bioinformatics. Explain the significance of bioinformatics in molecular biology.
- b) What do you mean by progressive alignment? Explain how uses progressive alignment for multiple sequence alignments. [4]
- c) What are specialized databases. [2]

Q7) Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on Gap penalty. [3]
- b) What are the merits of multiple sequence alignment over the pair wise alignment. [3]
- c) Which approach of sequence alignment you will use if two sequences are very similar. Global or local? Why? [4]

Q8) Attempt any one of the following:

a) You are provided with 2 DNA sequences: [5]

Seq 1 : GCTGAGCTGG.

Seq 2: GCAGACCTGG

Perform pair wise alignment using dot matrix method to qualitatively show the similarity between these sequences.

b) Differentiate between FASTA and BLAST algorithms. If a match from a sequence database search is reported to have an E-value of 0.0 should it be significant? Why? [5]

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[4824]-204 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 273: Membrane Biochemistry and Genetics (Credit System) (Semester - II) (2013 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both sections should be written on separate sheets. 2) Questions 4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two from Q1 to Q3 and any two from Q5 to Q7. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I Q1)** Attempt the following: Distinguish between active and passive transport. [3] a) Describe role of liposomes in drug delivery. b) [3] Give detailed account of constituents of membrane. [4] c) **Q2)** Attempt the following: Write note on nuclear pores. [4] a) Discuss role of sodium potassium ATPase in transport accross membrane. [3] b) c) Explain exocytosis with suitable example. [3] **Q3**) Attempt the following: Describe various components of membrane. [5] a) b) What are ionophores. [2] Write note on ligand gated channels. c) [3] P. T.O.

Q4) Attempt any one

[5]

a) Give detailed account of structure and properties of biological membrane.

OR

b) Discuss various components of the membrane that are responsible for carrying out transport accross membrane.

SECTION - II

Q5) Attempt the following:

- a) What is renaturation and denaturation of DNA. [3]
- b) What are genetic disorders? Give suitable example. [3]
- c) Write note on Z-DNA. [4]

Q6) Attempt the following:

- a) What is genetic code? [2]
- b) Explain term auxotroph and prototroph. [3]
- c) Give an account of Mendelian law of inheritance. [5]

Q7) Attempt the following:

- a) Explain concept of gene by Benzer. [3]
- b) What is an operon? Explain with suitable example. [3]
- c) Explain the terms: fertility factor&co-linearity. Also explain types of RNA in a cell. [4]

Q8) Attempt any one:

[5]

- a) Explain in detail structure of DNA.
- b) Explain in detail structure of various types of RNA.



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[Total No. of Pages : 2

[4824]-301 M.Sc. (Part-II) BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-370:Molecular Biology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-III)

		[Max. Mark.] Ins to the candidates: Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. Figures to the right side indicate full marks. Solve any three questions from Q1 to Q4. Question 5 and 6 are compulsory.	s:50
Q1)	Ans	wer the following.	
	a)	What is mismatch repair mechanism?	[2]
	b)	Write note on Transposable elements in bacteria.	[3]
	c)	What is role of Rec A in recombination process?	[2]
	d)	Explain Rho-independent termination process.	[3]
Q2)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Define charging of t-RNA.	[3]
	b)	Give the role of topoisomerase and helicase in DNA replication.	[3]
	c)	Explain prokaryotic transcription steps in brief.	[4]
Q3)	Ansv	wer the following.	
	a)	Enlist the enzymes involved in DNA replication process.	[3]
	b)	Explain the role of spliceosome in splicing?	[3]
	c)	Explain roles of different enzymes in homologous recombination.	[4]

Q4) Answer the following. What is shine Dalgarno sequence? [2] a) Why are t-RNAs called as adaptor molecule. [3] b) What is pribnow box and Hogness box. [2] c) Define role of helicase in DNA replication. [3] d) **Q5)** Attempt any two Write a note on chromatin remodeling. [5] Explain post translational modification of m-RNA. [5] b) Explain retrotransposons and their method of transposition. [5] c)

Q6)

Att	empt any two	
a)	Write note on inhibitors of protein synthesis.	[5]
b)	Discuss process of Nucleotide excision repair system.	[5]
c)	Write note on signal hypothesis in protein targeting.	[5]



Total No.	of Questions	:8]
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[4824]-302

M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 371: Medical Biochemistry and Immunology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any 2 questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any 2 questions from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 2) Questions No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Answer each section on separate answer sheets.

SECTION -I

(Medical Biochemistry)

- **Q1)** Answer the following:
 - a) Describe analgesics.

[2]

- b) Explain the mode of action of antibiotics that inhibit the biosynthesis of cell wall with example. [4]
- c) Write a note on mycobacterium and enlist antibiotics used against it.[4]
- **Q2)** Attempt the following:
 - a) Write in brief about antifungal drugs.

[2]

- b) Describe the molecular basis of hemoglobinopathies and types of mutation seen in it. [4]
- c) Explain in detail extrinsic and intrinsic mechanism of apoptosis. [4]

Q 3)	Ansv	wer the following:			
	a)	Explain rickle cell anaemia.	[2]		
	b)	Describe in detail the physiological role of lysosomes and its pathology. [4]			
	c)	Explain role of puromycin and streptomycin.	[4]		
Q4)	Ans	wer any one of the following:			
	a)	Describe life cycle of influenza virus.	[5]		
	b)	Describe about the enzymes involved in heart diseases and their importation pathological finding.	nce [5]		
		SECTION -II			
		(Immunology)			
Q5)	Ansv	wer the following:			
	a)	How does innate immunity differ from acquired immunity? G example.	ive [3]		
	b)	Differentiate between RIA and ELISA techniques.	[3]		
	c)	c) Write a note on: [4]			
		i) Western blotting			
		ii) Immuno diffusion			
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:			
	a)	Explain secondary lymphoid organ.	[3]		
	b)	Explain any one MHL molecule.	[3]		
	c)	Explain the complement activation pathway.	[4]		

Q7) Answer the following:

a) Explain phagocytosis. [2]

b) What are line and attenuated vaccine? Explain the principle of vaccination.

c) What are interferon? Explain their role in prevention of viral proliferation. [4]

Q8) Answer any one of the following:

a) Discuss the etiology and development of AIDS. [5]

b) What are the useful properties of hybridomas. How are they developed. [5]

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Total No. of Questions: 8]		SEAT No. :
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	M.Sc.	
	BIOCHEMISTRY	
BCH - 372 : Neurochem	istry and Biochemistr	y of Specialized Tissues
(Credit Syste	m) (2013 Pattern) (Se	mester - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) Question no.4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Neuro Chemistry

<i>Q1)</i>	Answer	the fol	lowing:
<i>Q1)</i>	Answer	the fol	lowing

- a) What are dendrities? [2]
- b) Describe the mechanism of long term potentiation. [4]
- c) What are reverberating and parallel after discharge circuits? [4]

Q2) Attempt the following:

- a) What are synapses? Describe its types. [3]
- b) Describe the functional nuclei of hypothalamus. [3]
- c) Discuss the components of atonomic nervous system. [4]

Q3) Attempt the following:

- a) What are ganglia? [2]
- b) Describe the functions and mode of action of acetylcholine esterase.[3]
- c) Expalin the storage and uptake mechanism of neurotransmitters with example. [5]

Write a note on sensory modalities and sensory circuits. a) Describe the various regions of the brain. b) **SECTION - II Biochemistry of Specilized Tissues Q5)** Answer the following: What is electrophelax? a) [2] Explain the role of transducin. b) [4] Describe the structure and functions of taste bud. [4] c) **Q6)** Attempt the following: a) What is the effect of fungaro toxins? [3] How does the motion of the hair bundle create a change in membrane b) potential? [3] Write a note on cell motility. [4] c) **Q7**) Answer the following: What is intermediate filament? [2] a) Explain the role of rhodopsin? b) [3] Describe the role of sarcomere, Ca²⁺, Tn C, Tn I and TnT in muscle c) contraction. [5] **Q8)** Attempt any one of the following: [5] Write a note on chemotaxis. a) Discuss the steps involved in the generation of nerve impulses. b)

[5]

Q4) Attempt any one of the following:

Total 1	No.	of	Questions	\$:	8]
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[4824]-304 M.Sc.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-373: Toxicology and Plant Biochemistry (2013 Credit Pattern) (Semester-III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both the sections should be written in different answer sheets. 2) Solve any two questions from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two questions from Q. 5 to Q. 7. 3) Question No. 4 and Q. No. 8 are compulsory. Figures to right indicate full marks. 4) **SECTION-I** (Toxicology) **Q1)** Answer the following: Write the principle of toxicology. a) [2] Explain allergic and idiosyncratic reaction. b) [4] Write a note on teratology and reproduction. c) [4] **Q2)** Attempt the following: Classify the toxic agents. [2] a) Explain local versus systemic toxicity. b) [4] How will you evaluate the toxicity of a substance. c) [4] *Q3*) Answer the following: What do you mean by animal and plant toxicity? [3] a) Explain reversible versus irreversible toxicity. b) [4] c) What is the difference between acute, subacute and subchronic toxicity testing. [3]

Q4)	Attempt Any One of the following:		
	a)	Explain AIMS test.	[5]
	b)	Explain phase I and phase II biotransformation reaction.	[5]
		SECTION-II	
Q5)	Atte	mpt following:	
	a)	Explain role of magnesium in plant growth.	[3]
	b)	Give various pest types and their treatment.	[3]
	c)	Describe structure of chloroplast with suitable example.	[4]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	What is senescene? Which plant hormone controls senescence.	[2]
	b)	Describe light reaction of photosynthesis in detail.	[5]
	c)	Give brief account of sulphate metabolism.	[3]
Q7)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	Elaborate the chemistry of flavonoids and give their application.	[4]
	b)	Explain role of cytokinin in plant growth.	[4]
	c)	Write note on dormancy.	[2]
Q8)	Atte	empt Any One:	
	a)	Describe in detail Calvin cycle in C_3 plants. How is efficient photosynthesis to be increased in C_4 plants?	y of [5]
	b)	Explain in detail N_2 fixation and add a note on assimilation of NH_4 is	ions. [5]

Total No. of Questions: 8]	
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BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH-470: Physiological Biochemistry and Endocrinology (2013 Pattern-Credit System) (Semester-IV) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets. *2*) Solve any 2 questions from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any 2 from Q. 5 to Q. 7. Question No. 4 and Q. 8 are compulsory. 3) 4) Figures to right indicate full marks. **SECTION-I** (Physiological Biochemistry) **Q1)** Answer the following: What are the different liver disorders? Explain any one. [3] a) b) Explain the physiological function of kidney. [3] Explain the regulation of respiration. [4] c) *Q2*) Attempt the following: a) Write a note on water and mineral metabolism. [3] Explain the blood clotting cascade. [3] b) c) Write in detail the abnormalities associated with acid-base imbalance.[4] *Q3*) Answer the following: Write a short note on Jaundice. [2] a)

a) Write a short note on Jaundice. [2]

b) Explain kidney function test. [4]

c) Explain the structure of digestive tract and glands. [4]

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Q4)	Ansv	wer Any One of the following:
	a)	Explain liver function test.
	b)	Explain the transport and excretion of nutrients.
		SECTION-II

Q5) Answer the following:

a) Describe the metabolic conversions that are required to produce the active form of parathyroid hormone. [2]

(Endocrinology)

[5]

[5]

- b) What are thyroid hormones? Explain the synthesis of thyroid hormones. [3]
- c) Describe the functions of anterior pituitary hormones. [5]

Q6) Attempt the following:

- a) What are the general effects caused by $T_4 \& T_3$ in the body. [3]
- b) What is EGF? Explain the receptor involve in the action of EGF. [3]
- c) Justify the assertion that GH and prolactin are members of the same "family" of pituitary hormones. [4]

Q7) Answer the following:

- a) What is target cell insensitivity? [2]
- b) What is the difference between diabetes mellitus & diabetes insipidus? What are the characteristic signs of diabetes insipidus? [4]
- c) Discuss the steps involved in the biosynthesis of mineralocorticoids. [4]

Q8) Answer Any One of the following:

- a) The endocrine system not only produces hormones but also has a self-regulating system that senses when to shut them off. What is this system called? Describe how it works. [5]
- b) Write a note on "hormonal interrelationship". Explain with physiological response of target cells. [5]

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 471: Fermentation Technology and Tissue Culture (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION -I

(Fermentation Technology)

Q1) Answer the following:

- a) Write the specific characteristics of industrially important micro-organism.
 - [3]
- b) How will you proceed for isolation of auxotrophic mutants? [3]
- c) Describe in detail the manufacture of beer by fermentation process.[4]

Q2) Attempt the following:

- a) What are various methods of feedback control? [4]
- b) How will you choose a recovery process during fermentation? [3]
- c) How micro-organisms are isolated by enrichment culture techniques?[3]

Q 3)	3) Answer the following:		
	a)	What is meant by fed batch culture?	[3]
	b)	Describe in detail the production of penicillin using fermentative process	ess [4]
	c)	Elaborate on the design of fermenters and explain about the maintenant of aseptic condition.	nce [3]
Q4)	Atte	mpt any one of the following:	
	a)	Explain batch and continuous culture. Which method do you think the best. Justify your answer.	k is [5]
	b)	What is meant by media formulation? What are different carbon sou used in fermentation?	rce [5]
		SECTION -II	
		(Tissue Culture)	
Q5)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	Explain different sterilization techniques used during tissue culture.	[3]
	b)	What are basic requirement of tissue culture lab?	[3]
	c)	What are advantages and disadvantages of natural and synthetic med	lia? [4]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	What do you mean by callus culture?	[2]
	b)	Describe briefly cell suspension culture.	[4]

Q7) Answer the following:

What is somatic embryogenesis? a) [2] Discuss briefly cell and tissue branking [b) [4] What is meant by Haploid culture and embryo culture? c) **[4] Q8)** Answer any one of the following: What are different techniques used in animal tissue culture. [5] a) Describe phytochemistry of the metabolites of medicinal plants. b) [5]

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BCH - 472 : Genetic Engineering (2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both sections should be written on separate sheets. 2) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two from Q1 to Q3 and any two from Q5 to Q7. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4) **SECTION - I Q1)** Answer the following: Enlist features of a good vector. [2] a) Give a brief account on importance of gene cloning. b) [4] What is CDNA library? Give in brief method for its construction. [4] c) **Q2)** Attempt the following: Explain the toxic action of cry protein. [3] a) Give the restriction sites of ECORI, HaeIII, Bam HI. b) [3] Explain direct gene transfer method for transformation of plant. [4] c) **Q3)** Answer the following: What are casmids? Give example. [2] a) b) Enlist and explain applications of southern Blotting technique. [3] Draw the structure and explain M13 bacteriophage vector. [5] c)

	a)	Explain the principle of pyrasequencing.	[5]
		OR	
	b)	Write note on restriction enzymes in genetic engineering.	[5]
		<u>SECTION - II</u>	
Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is lepafection?	[2]
	b)	Explain method for producing recombinant insulin.	[4]
	c)	Describe embryonic stem cell transfer technology for production transgenic animals.	n of [4]
Q6)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	Discuss the importance of protein engineering technology.	[3]
	b)	What is PCR. Explain its types.	[3]
	c)	Explain method of producing pest resistant plant.	[4]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Discuss any two applications of RF LP technique.	[2]
	b)	Write note on role of recombinant DNA technology in medicine.	[3]
	c)	Explain phenomenon of RNA interference.	[5]
Q 8)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	Explain process of In-vitro mutagenesis.	[5]
		OR	
	b)	Describe RNA technology and its application.	[5]
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Q4) Attempt the following:

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BIOCHEMISTRY (Optional)

BCH-473(II): Clinical Nutrition

(Semester-IV) (Credit System) (2013 Pattern) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 25 Instructions to the candidates: Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheet. 2) Question no.4 is compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. *Q1*) Answer the following: Explain the effect of refining on nutritional quality of food. [2] a) Describe the relation of malnutrition with infection. b) [4] What are acidic and alkaline foods? Which ions are responsible for acidity c) & alkalinity of food. [4] **Q2)** Attempt the following Describe the effect of fermentation on nutritional quality of food. a) [3] Write a note on geriatric nutrition. b) [3] Describe the interrelationship between dietary lipids and cholesterol c) metabolism. [4] *Q3*) Answer the following: What is irradiation? a) [2] Describe the effect of tobacco on human health. b) [3] What are the factors which effect on diagestion and absorption of food. [5] c) **Q4)** Attempt any one of the following. Explain the effect of excersise on physiology of body. a) [5] Describe the nutritional management of inborn errors of metabolism. [5] b)

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BIOCHEMISTRY (Optional)

BCH-473 (III): Food Technology

(Semester-IV) (2013 Pattern) (Credit System)

[Max. Marks: 25

Instructions	to	the	candidates:

- 1) Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheet.
- 2) Question no.4 is compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on single cell protein. [3]
- b) Explain starch production. [3]
- c) Describe the different enzymes used for food processing. [4]

Q2) Attempt the following

- a) What are the different methods of monitoring food quality. [3]
- b) Write a note on primary feed stock. [3]
- c) Explain the difference in natural and synthetic sweetners. [4]

Q3) Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on neat tenderisation. [3]
- b) Differentiate the features of foods obtained from plant and animal origin.[3]
- c) Discuss the different methods of food preservation. [4]

Q4) Answer any one of the following.

- a) How are the foods modified genetically. [5]
- b) Explain in detail the enzymes used in food analysis. [5]

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