| Total N | o. of | Questions | : | 3] |
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PA-73

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5940]-101

First Year B. Pharmacy HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY - I (2018 Pattern) (Semester - I) (BP101T)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 2) Draw an appropriate diagrams wherever necessary.
- **Q1**) Attempt all the following questions:

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Write types of anaemia.
- b) Write a note on heart valves.
- c) Explain the Composition of Blood.
- d) Explain the structure of Artery.
- e) Discuss anatomy of neuron.
- f) Discuss the waves of ECG.
- g) Explain in brief ABO blood groups.
- h) Explain in brief Stages of Cell Division.
- i) Write functions and normal value of haemoglobin.
- j) Explain in brief Ball & Socket Joint.

- **Q2**) Attempt any **TWO** questions from the following:
- $[2 \times 10 = 20]$
- a) Enlist clotting factors and Discuss in detail mechanism of blood clotting.
- b) Discuss in detail mechanism of muscle contraction.
- c) Explain in detail mechanisms of transport of substances across cell membrane.
- Q3) Attempt any SEVEN questions from the following: $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- Define blood pressure. Discuss in detail hormonal regulation of blood pressure.
- b) Write in detail Cardiac Cycle.
- c) Explain different types of WBCs with their characteristics & functions
- d) Explain the internal structure of Heart.
- e) Explain the structure & Functions of cell.
- Explain the role of Renin-Angiotensin system in regulation of B.P.
- g) Classify' human tissues; explain in brief epithelial tissues.
- h) Discuss in brief erythroblastosis foetalis.
- Write Composition, formation and functions of lymph. i)



Total No. of Questions : 3]

PA-74

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2]

[5940]-102

First Year B. Pharmacy

PHARMACEUTICALAN ALYSIS-I

(2018 Pattern) (Semester-I) (BP102T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Q1) Answer following objective type questions.

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Define Molarity and Normality and write the formula.
- b) What are significant figures?
- c) Discuss factors affecting post precipitation.
- d) Explain why the visual indicators change their colour.
- e) Classify acid base titrations.
- f) Give the criteria for selection of Primary standards.
- g) Define ligand and chelate.
- h) Classify different electrodes used in potentiometry.
- i) Discuss the advantages of Glass Electrode.
- j) Explain principle of gravimetric analysis.

Q2) Answer ANY TWO questions out of the following.

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Discuss Mohr's method and modified Volhard's method.
- b) Discuss in detail about Conductometric Titrations. Write the applications of Conductometry.
- c) Discuss principles and applications of Iodimetry and Iodometry, Explain Titration with potassium iodate.

Q3) Answer ANY SEVEN questions out of the following.

 $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- a) Explain accuracy and precision.
- b) Write the applications of Potentiometry.
- c) Discuss the solvents used in non-aqueous titrations.
- d) Explain estimation of sodium benzoate.
- e) Explain the neutralization curves of Strong Acid with Strong Base.
- f) Explain Ilkovik Equation used in Polarography.
- g) Discuss metal ion indicators.
- h) Write the principle and procedure for estimation of Ephedrine HC1.
- i) Explain the principle and procedure for estimation of Calcium gluconate I.P.



| Total No. of | Questions | : | 3] |
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| SEAT No. : | |
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PA-75

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5940]-103 F.Y. B. Pharmacy PHARMACEUTICS - I (2018 Pattern) (Semester - I) (BP103T)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer all the following questions:

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) List out all the editions and their supplements of Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- b) Define: i) Tinctures ii) Spirits.
- c) Why date is important for prescription filling?
- d) Give any one formula for dose calculation.
- e) Comment on geometric dilutions with an example.
- f) Give the meaning of i) Additive effect ii) Synergistic effect
- g) Define monophasic liquid dosage forms and give two advantages.
- h) What are Elixirs? Give one example.
- i) Name two conditions in which the suppositories are used.
- j) Give any two labeling conditions for Enemas.

Q2) Long answer questions (Answer 2 out of 3):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Write about various solubility enhancement techniques in detail
- b) Give the formulation aspects for i) Enemas ii) Throat paints
- c) Give in detail the factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs.

Q3) Short answers (Answer 7 out of 9):

 $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- a) Classify dosage forms based on site of administration.
- b) Define posology and explain any four factors affecting posology.
- c) Convert the following strength of alcohol into proof spirit.
- d) Define powders and comment on effervescence granules.
- e) Classify suspensions with suitable example.
- f) Give any two identification tests for emulsions.
- g) Explain the need for calculation of displacement value with suitable example.
- h) Write a note on physical incompatibility.
- i) Explain in short, evaluation of semisolid dosage forms.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| PA-76 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

First Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (2018 Pattern) (Semester - I) (BP104T)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw the figures whenever necessary.

Q1) Answer all the questions.

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Enlist types and sources of impurites.
- b) What is mean by Buffer capacity? Give formula to calculate it.
- c) Give method of preparation and use of Sodium Bicarbonate.
- d) What are desensitizing agents? Give name of desensitizing agents.
- e) Give significance of antacid combinations. Give any marketed preparation containing antacid combinations.
- f) Give role of Kaolin and magnesium sulphate.
- g) Write in short about astringents.
- h) Define and classify Antidote with examples.
- i) Write in short about acidifiers.
- j) Give major function of Potassium and calcium ion in the body.

Q2) Attempt any Two out of Three.

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Give various limit tests. Write Principle and reaction of Arsenic limit test. Give Diagram, construction and working of Gutzeit apparatus.
- b) Give the preparation, identification tests, assay and medicinal uses
 - i) Sodium Chloride
 - ii) Calcium gluconate
- c) What is radioactivity? Explain a method for the measurement of radioactivity. Add a note on pharmaceutical applications of radioactive substances.

Q3) Attempt any Seven out of Nine.

 $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- a) Give in detail limit test for Iron.
- b) Write a note on Indian Pharmacopoeia. Give significance of I.P. 2018.
- c) What is Isotonicity? Give various methods of adjusting isotonicity.
- d) Write in detail about ORS.
- e) Write a note on Expectorants and Emetics.
- f) Write in detail about Haematinics.
- g) Give role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries. Explain various dental products.
- h) What is mean by Half-life of radioisotopes? Give Storage and handling of radioactive substances.
- i) Give preparation and assay of sodium thiosulphate. Give mechanism of sodium thiosulphate in poison treatment.

XXX

| Total No. | of | Questions | : | 3] |
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PA-77

| SEAT No.: | | |
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| [Total | No. of Pages : | 2 |

[5940]-201

First Year (B. Pharmacy)

BP 201T: HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY - II

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following.

[20]

- a) Give brief description and functions of cerebellum.
- b) Give functions of liver.
- c) Give composition and functions of pancreatic juice.
- d) Enlist cranial nerves.
- e) Explain anatomy of neuron.
- f) Draw neat labelled diagram of human respiratory system.
- g) Define any two disorders affecting kidney.
- h) Classify hormones with examples of each.
- i) Enlist the hormones of anterior and posterior pituitary glands.
- j) Define spirometry. Enlist various lung volumes and capacities.

Q2) Answer the following (any 2):

[20]

- a) Draw a neat labelled diagram of alimentary canal. Describe structure and functions of each organ.
- b) Explain structure and hormones of adrenal glands.
- c) Discuss the structure of nephron. Explain in detail physiology of urine formation.

Q3) Answer the following (any 7):

[35]

- a) Describe functional area of cerebrum.
- b) Describe anatomy of spinal cord.
- c) Write a short note on: Formation and role of ATP in body energetics.
- d) Write a short note on production and regulation of acid in the stomach.
- e) Define digestion. Discuss role of enzymes in digestion and absorption of food.
- f) Explain synthesis, storage, release and function of thyroid hormones.
- g) Enlist the organs of female reproductive system. Write a note on Oogenesis.
- h) Discuss in detail physiology of breathing.
- i) Describe in detail the steps involved in protein synthesis.



| Total No. of | Questions | : | 3] |
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PA-78

| SEAT No. | : | |
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5940]-202

First Year B. Pharmacy

PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I (2018 Pattern) (Semester - II) (BP202T)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q1) Answer all the questions:

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Write any 2 qualitative tests for alcohols.
- b) Define following terms:
 - i) Carbocations
 - ii) Carbanions
- c) Classify structural isomerism with examples.
- d) Write uses of paraffins.
- e) Enlist Factors affecting E1 and E2 reactions.
- f) Write Structure and Uses of Acetic acid and Salicylic acid.
- g) Draw structures from IUPAC names of following:
 - i) 3-Ethyl-2-methylpentane
 - ii) 3-Butenal
- h) Write any 2 general methods of preparation of alkane.

- i) Aniline is less basic than ethylamine. Give reason.
- j) Give the IUPAC name of the following compounds.

Q2) Solve any two of the following:

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) What is SN1 and SN2 reaction? Write mechanism and discuss factors affecting on SN1 and SN2 reaction.
- b) Define and explain isomerism. Write a note on structural isomerism in organic compounds.
- c) Explain in detail Aldol condensation and Crossed Aldol condensation.

Q3) Solve any seven of the following:

 $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- a) What is the effect of substituent on Basicity?
- b) Write a note on Benzoin condensation.
- c) State and explain Markownikoff's and Anti Markownikoff's orientation.
- d) Write classification of organic compounds with examples.
- e) Write note on inductive effect.
- f) Explain stability of conjugated dienes and allylic rearrangement.
- g) Write short note on ozonolysis reaction in alkenes.
- h) Compare E1 and E2 elimination reactions.
- i) Explain formation of ethane and its geometry on the basis of hybridization.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA - 79 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

First Year B.Pharmacy BIOCHEMISTRY

| | | | (2018 Pattern) (Semeste | er - I | I) (BP - 203T) | |
|-------------|----------------|---------|--|---------|------------------------|----------|
| | | Hours j | the candidates: | | [Max. Mai | rks : 75 |
| | 1) 2) 3) | Figur | nestions are compulsory. The set of the right side indicates full now well labeled diagram wherever ne | | y. | |
| Q1 , |) Ar | nswer a | all the MCQ's: | | | [20] |
| | a) | Bef | ore pyruvate enters Kreb cycle | e it ne | eds to be converted to | |
| | | i) | Acetyl CoA | ii) | Lactate | |
| | | iii) | Alpha ketoglutarate | iv) | Acetyl CoB | |
| | b) | Gly | colysis occurs in | | | |
| | | i) | Mitochondria | ii) | Cytosol | |
| | | iii) | Both (i) and (ii) | iv) | None of these | |
| | c) | All | of the following are sulphur co | ntaini | ing amino acids except | |
| | | i) | Cysteine | ii) | Cystine | |
| | | iii) | Methionine | iv) | Theonine | |
| | d) | Pol | ysaccharides are | | | |
| | | i) | Containing 1 monosaccharid | e unit | | |
| | | ii) | Containing 2 monosaccharid | e unit | | |
| | | iii) | Containing 2-10 monosaccha | ıride u | nit | |
| | | iv) | Containing more than 10 more | nosac | charide unit | |
| | e) | Tau | ri's disease is due to deficienc | y of | | |
| | | i) | Glycogen synthase initiator | ii) | Glycogen synthase | |
| | | iii) | Phosphofructokinase | iv) | Glucokinase | |

| f) | Wh | ich of the following statement i | s fals | se for HMP shunt |
|--------------|------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| | i) | HMP shunt is an alternative p | athw | ay for glycolysis and kreb cycle |
| | ii) | By products of HMP shunt an | re pe | ntoses and NADPH |
| | iii) | HMP shunt is also called as to | etros | e phosphate pathway |
| | iv) | HMP shunt is also called as p | hosp | hogluconate pathway |
| g) | Тур | e II diabetes mellitus is | | |
| | i) | Insulin dependant diabetes me | ellitus | 5 |
| | ii) | Non-insulin dependant diabete | es me | ellitus |
| | iii) | Gestational Diabetes | | |
| | iv) | All of the above | | |
| h) | Elec | ctron transport chain result in | | |
| | i) | Conversion of ADP into ATP | | |
| | ii) | Conversion of oxygen into wa | ater | |
| | iii) | Transfer of proton | | |
| | iv) | All of the above | | |
| i) | Wh | ich of the following is ETC inh | ibitor | |
| | i) | 2, 4 Dinitrophenol | ii) | 2, 2 dinitrophenol |
| | iii) | Nitrophenol | iv) | Nitrocresol |
| j) | Este | ers of fatty acid with glycerol a | re cal | led as |
| | i) | Fats | ii) | Waxes |
| | iii) | Oils | iv) | Fatty acids |
| k) | Lip | olysis is | | |
| | i) | Conversion of triglycerides in | to lip | oids and glycerol |
| | ii) | Conversion of triglycerides in | to fa | tty acid and glycerol |
| | iii) | Conversion of triglycerides in | to gl | ycerides |
| | iv) | Conversion of glucose into py | yruva | ite |
| 401-2 | 03 | 2 | | |

| 1) | Beta oxidation of palmitic acid results in generation of | | | | | |
|----|--|---|----------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | i) | 100 ATP | ii) | 101 ATP | | |
| | iii) | 10 ATP | iv) | 11 ATP | | |
| m) | Bio | synthesis of fatty acid is known | n as | | | |
| | i) | Beta oxidation | ii) | Apha oxidation | | |
| | iii) | De Novo synthesis | iv) | New fatty acid synthesis | | |
| n) | Trai | ncription occurs in presence of | • | | | |
| | i) | Pyridoxal phosphate | ii) | Transaminase | | |
| | iii) | Both (i) and (ii) | iv) | None | | |
| o) | DO | PA is an intermediate in biosynt | thesis | s of | | |
| | i) | Thyroid hormones | ii) | Catecholamines | | |
| | iii) | Vitamin D | iv) | Bile salts | | |
| p) | A n | ucleotide consist of | | | | |
| | i) | A nitrogenous base + sugar | | | | |
| | ii) | i) A nitrogenous base + Sugar + Phosphate | | | | |
| | iii) | A nitrogenous base | | | | |
| | iv) | All of the above | | | | |
| q) | Genetic code are | | | | | |
| | i) Overlapping, universal and ambiguous | | | | | |
| | ii) Overlapping but not universal | | | | | |
| | iii) Non overlapping, Universal and Ambigous | | | | | |
| | iv) | Non overlapping and ambigue | ous b | ut not universal | | |
| r) | Bio | synthesis of protein is called as | ; | | | |
| | i) | Replication | ii) | Transcription | | |
| | iii) | Translation | iv) | Proteingenesis | | |
| | | | | | | |

- s) As per Michaelis Menten equation
 - i) Km is equal to concentration of product
 - ii) Km is equal to concentration of substrate
 - iii) Km is equal to concentration of enzyme
 - iv) Km is equal to concentration of catalyst
- t) Gout is
 - i) Excess of uric acid in blood
 - ii) Excess of uric acid in joints
 - iii) Pain in joints
 - iv) All of the above

Q2) Long Answer (Any 2 out of 3):

[20]

- a) Explain beta oxidation of fatty acid.
- b) Explain transcription in detail.
- c) Describe glycogen metabolism in detail. Add a note on GSDs.

Q3) Short answers (Any 7 out of 9):

[35]

- a) Define and classify enzymes. Add a note on coenzymes.
- b) Explain ketogenesis and its utilization.
- c) Write a note on hormonal regulation of glucose.
- d) Explain concept of free energy.
- e) Describe process of glycolysis and give its energetics.
- f) Explain urea cycle in detail.
- g) Describe enzyme inhibition with its significance.
- h) Write a note on structure of DNA.
- i) Explain biosynthesis of purines.



| Total N | o. of | Questions | : | 3] |
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PA-80

| SEAT No. | : | |
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5940]-204

First Year B. Pharmacy PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - II) (BP204T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q1) Answer all the questions (Objectives):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Define hypertension and atherosclerosis.
- b) Compare hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism
- c) Define and enlist the types of epilepsy.
- d) Explain the clinical complication of heart failure.
- e) Enlist the common causes of depression.
- f) Define benign and malignant tumor.
- g) Explain the causes of meningitis.
- h) Enlist the sign and symptoms of typhoid.
- i) Enlist the sign and symptoms of tubeculosis
- j) Define anemia. Enlist the cause of Megaloblastic anemia.

Q2) Long Answers (Any 2 out of 3):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Explain in detail pathophysiology of congestive heart failure.
- b) Define inflammation. Explain different types of inflammation and its mechanism.
- c) Discuss the etiology and pathophysiology of chronic renal failure.

Q3) Short Answers (Any 7 out of 9):

 $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- a) Explain pathophysiology of myocardial infraction
- b) Explain pathophysiology of depression.
- c) Explain sign, symptoms etiology and pathogenesis of hepatitis A.
- d) Define Homeostasis. Explain component, and enlist type of feedback system with example.
- e) Explain in detail pathophysiology of Gout.
- f) Enlist the type of sexually transmitted disease. Describe pathogenesis of gonorrhoea.
- g) Define diabetes. Explain complication of diabetes mellitus.
- h) Define Anemia. Explain causes, sign and symptoms of sickle cell anemia.
- i) Define goiter. Explain causes, sign and symptoms of goiter.



| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-81 | [Total No. of Pages: |

Second Year B. Pharmacy

PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Theory) (BP301T)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt the following (Any Five):

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Draw resonance structures for Aniline.
- b) Explain any two qualitative tests for phenols.
- c) Explain 4n+2 rule of aromaticity with example.
- d) Explain chiral and achiral molecules.
- e) Discuss Diastereomerism with suitable examples.
- f) Draw the structure of the cis-trans isomers for following compounds. Label them cis and trans
 - i) 3-hexene
 - ii) 2-butene
 - iii) 1,2-dimethylcyclohexane
- g) 4-Nitro Aniline is less basic than aniline? Explain.

Q2) Attempt the following (Any Two).

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) What are electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Explain sulphonation and halogenation of benzene with stepwise mechanism.
- b) Discuss structure, reactions, synthesis and medicinal uses of following polycyclic compounds:
 - i) Naphthalene
 - ii) Diphenylmethane
- c) What are amines. Classify with example. Write any three reactions and three methods of preparations of amines.
- d) What is geometrical isomerism? Explain methods of determination of configuration of geometrical isomers with suitable examples.

P.T.O.

Q3) Attempt the following (Any Eight)

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) How will you distinguish primary, secondary and tertiary amines by chemical test.
- b) Write uses of cresols and naphthols and draw structure of any two derivatives.
- c) Write mechanism of Friedel-Craft's alkylation reaction.
- d) -NH₂ group is ortho para directing towards electrophilic substitution reaction Explain.
- e) Explain any two methods for the synthesis of anthracene.
- f) Write a note on Enantiomerism and meso compounds.
- g) Discuss in detail Sachse Mohr's theory.
- h) What are fats & oils. Add a note on rancidity of oils.
- i) Explain in brief Bayer's strain theory with limitations of bayer's strain theory.
- j) Explain Nitrosation reaction.



| Total No. of | Questions | : | 3] |
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SEAT No.:

[Total No. of Pages : 2

PA-82

[5940]-302

Second Year B. Pharmacy

PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS - I

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Theory) (BP302T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q1) Answer the following questions (objective) (any five)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) What you know about solubility expression?
- b) Explain the effect of temperature and pressure on solubility of gases in liquids.
- c) Explain the phase diagram for two compound system.
- d) Discuss limitation of Nernst distribution law.
- e) Explain surface tension. How you can measure it?
- f) What is protein drug binding?
- g) How we can determine pH.
- h) Application buffer in pharmacy.
- Q2) Long answer questions. (any two)

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) State Nernst distribution law along with factors affecting and application.
- b) Explain crystals and its method of analysis in detail?
- c) Write in detail about measurement of surface and infacial tension.
- d) What are different methods for studying complex.

Q3) Short answer questions. (any eight)

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Gibbs phase rule along with its application.
- b) HLB scale.
- c) Liquification of gases.
- d) One component system.
- e) Solubility of gase in liquids.
- f) Isotonic solution
- g) Eutectic mixture.
- h) Solute Solvent Interaction.
- i) Solubility of parameter.
- j) Protein drug binding.







| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-83 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Second Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (2018 Pattern) (Semester - III) (BP-303T)

Instructions to the candidates:

Time: 3 Hours]

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1**) Answer the following (any five).

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

[Max. Marks: 75]

- a) Differentiate between Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.
- b) Define
 - i) Microbiology
 - ii) Probiotics
 - iii) Prebiotics
- c) Justify Agar is used as solidifying agent.
- d) Write advantages and disadvantages of microbial assay method.
- e) Write ideal properties of preservatives.
- f) Write various chemical classes of disinfectant.
- g) Classify bacteria based on their requirement for temperature and oxygen.
- Q2) Answer the following (any two).

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Draw and describe in brief typical structure of bacteria and give the function of each part.
- b) Define sterilization. Explain different methods of sterilization with suitable example.
- c) Describe in detail cultivation and multiplication of human viruses.
- d) How will you perform sterility testing of pharmaceutical product as per I.P.

P.T.O.

Q3) Answer the following (any eight)

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Write in detail scope and importance of pharmaceutical microbiology.
- b) Write a note on IMVIC test.
- c) Write the contribution of Louis Pasteur in the field of microbiology.
- d) Explain the different methods used for preservation of pure cultures.
- e) Write a note on Rideal Walker test.
- f) Write different sources of contamination in an aseptic area.
- g) Explain the different factors affecting microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products.
- h) Write a note on microbiological assay of vitamin B_{12} .
- i) Explain general procedure for cell culture.
- j) Write different factors affecting disinfectant action.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| PA-84 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Second Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACEUTICAL ENGINEERING (2018 Pattern) (Semester - III) (BP304T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1**) Answer the following questions any five.

[15]

- a) Ball Mill is not useful for size reduction of fibrous material. Explain.
- b) What are manometers? What different types manometers do you know?
- c) Give statement for, along with equation (final), for Fourier's law and Stefan Boltzmann Law.
- d) Define centrifugation. Give applications of centrifugation.
- e) Draw and neat labelled diagram for plate & frame filter used in filtration process.
- f) In short explain size separation and its importance in pharmacy.
- g) Explain advantages and disadvantages of plastic as materials.
- **Q2**) Attempt any two from the following questions.

[20]

- a) What do you mean by fluid flow, fluid statics and fluid dynamics? Differentiate between orifice meter and Venturimeter. Describe Venturimeter in detail.
- b) Derive Fourier's Law. Explain in detail. Heat exchangers.
- c) Define distillation. Explain the principle and working of steam distillation.
- d) Classify equipments used for mixing of semisolids. Describe the principle, construction and working of ribbon blender.

Q3) Attempt any eight of the following questions.

- [40]
- a) Explain the Reynold's experiment, give its significance.
- b) Explain principle, construction & working of Ball Mill.
- c) Explain principle, construction and working of cyclone separator.
- d) Differentiate between evaporation, distillation and drying explain the factors affecting evaporation.
- e) Explain the principle of molecular distillation.
- f) Explain principle, Construction, working & uses of fluidized bed dryer.
- g) Explain principle, Construction, working & uses of planetary mixer.
- h) Explain theory & factors affecting filtration.
- i) Explain principle, Construction working of perforated basket centrifuge.
- j) Write a note on ferrous metal as material for plant construction.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-85 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Second Year B.Pharmacy PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III (2018 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Theory) (BP401T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw well labeled diagrams wherever necessary.
- Q1) Answer the following questions (Solve 5 out of 7):

[15]

- a) Write any one stereospecific reaction.
- b) Draw Newmann and Sawhorse structures of different conformers of n-butane.
- c) Conformational isomerism in Cyclohexane.
- d) Explain what are stereoselective reactions.
- e) Pyridine undergo electrophilic substitution reaction at 3rd position, Why?
- f) Write any two reactions of Imidazole.
- g) Discuss the chemistry of pyridine.
- **Q2**) Answer the following questions (Solve 2 out of 4):

[20]

- a) Explain in detail atropisomerism in Biphenyls and conditions required for optical activity.
- b) Explain in detail mechanism and applications of Hoffmann rearrangement.
- c) Define and classify Heterocyclic compounds. Discuss the one methods of preparation, two reactions and medicinal uses of furan.
- d) Give any one methods of synthesis, two chemical reactions and two medicinal uses of
 - i) Pyrrole
 - ii) Thiophene

Q3) Write short notes on: (Solve 8 out of 10)

[40]

a) Complete the reaction with mechanism:

$$C_6H_5$$
 C_6H_5
 C_6H_5

b) Complete the reaction with mechanism:

- c) Explain mechanism of Clemmenson reduction.
- d) Explain mechanism of Oppenauer-oxidation.
- e) Give any three reactions of Isoquinoline.
- f) Discuss one method of synthesis and uses of purines.
- g) Outline any one method of synthesis and mention derivatives of Imidazole.
- h) Describe the chemistry and mention the medicinal uses of pyrazole.
- i) Explain any one method of synthesis and medicinal uses of Isoquinoline.
- j) Draw the structure, give the numbering and mention one derivative of following heterocyclic compounds.
 - i) Indole
 - ii) Pyrimidine
 - iii) Quinoline



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-86 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

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[5940] - 402

Second Year B.Pharmacy

BP402T: MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY-I

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [*Max. Marks* : 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- *1*) All questions are compulsory.
- *2*) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt the following (Any Five) :

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- Draw structure and write medicinal uses of Carbamazepine. a)
- Write synthesis of Neostigmine. b)
- Draw structure and write medicinal uses of Indomethacin. c)
- Write synthesis of Salbutamol. d)
- e) Draw structure and write uses of Xylometazoline.
- Explain SAR of Cholinergic agonists. f)
- Explain role of solubility parameter on drug action. g)

Q2) Attempt the following (Any Two):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- Write note on Biosynthesis, release and metabolism of Acetylcholine. a)
- Write clinical uses of adrenergic agonists. Give a detailed SAR for b) adrenergic agonists with help of appropriate examples. Also add a note on any one commonly used agent used in the management of asthma.
- What are sedative and hypnotic agents? Write classification of sedative c) and hypnotic agents with examples. Write SAR for barbiturates as sedative and hypnotic agents.
- Classify non steroidal anti-inflammatory agents with examples. Describe d) aryl acetic acid and aryl propionic acid derivatives in detail.

Q3) Attempt the following (Any Eight):

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Write a note on Alpha adrenergic blockers.
- b) Explain various Synthetic cholinergic blocking agents give classification, SAR and mode of action of drugs.
- c) Discuss in detail the irreversible AchE inhibitors.
- d) Draw structure, write IUPAC name and mechanism of action of Clonidine.
- e) Write SAR of Morphine analogues.
- f) Write SAR of phenothiazines as antipsychotic agent.
- g) Explain concept of Bioisosterism with examples.
- h) Explain phase I reactions of Drug metabolism.
- i) Explain effect of protein binding on drug action.
- j) Explain any three conjugation reaction in drug metabolism.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No.: | |
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S.Y. B.Pharmacy

BP-403T: PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS - II

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

PA-87

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following (Any 5 Out of 7):

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

[Total No. of Pages: 2

- a) Enlist application of Colloids in Pharmaceuticals.
- b) What is meant by Bingham bodies?
- c) How do you select a method for particle size analysis?
- d) When methylcellutose is added to water, the viscosity increases? Why?
- e) Write a note on accelerated stability studies.
- f) Mention optical properties of Colloids.
- g) Differentiate between flocculated and deflocculated suspensions.

Q2) Answer the following (Any 2 Out of 4):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Enlist and explain methods for particle size analysis.
- b) What is the HLB scale? Explain the use of the HLB scale in the formulation.
- c) Explain the effect of temperature on the rate of reaction.
- d) Explain stability aspects of suspension and emulsions.

Q3) Write a short note on the following (Any 8 Out of 10): $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Order of reaction and molecularity of a reaction.
- b) Pseudoplustic flow.
- c) Stability study.
- d) Thixotropy.
- e) Derived properties of powder.
- f) Ostwald viscometer.
- g) Particle size distribution.
- h) Reaction kinetics.
- i) Chemical degradation.
- j) Electric double layer.



| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No.: |
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| PA-88 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

S.Y. B.Pharmacy

BP-404T: PHARMACOLOGY-I

(2018 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - IV)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Objectives Type Questions (Answer 5 out of 7):

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define Volume of Distribution with suitable example.
- b) Write nature and sources of drugs.
- c) Define Idiosyncrasy and give two examples.
- d) Define and Classify Sedatives with examples.
- e) Explain enzyme induction with one example
- f) Define and Classify Adverse drug reactions
- g) Define tachyphylaxis with example.

Q2) Long Answers (Any 2 out of 4):

 $[2\times10=20]$

- a) Define and Classify receptors. Describe GPCR Write about the Signal transduction mechanism of receptors reactions.
- b) Describe the process of synthesis, storage, release and termination of action of noradrenaline. Classify various beta blockers. Describe clinical use and ADR of beta blockers.
- c) Define and classify antiepileptic agents. What is the Pharmacological basis of using phenytoin in grand mal epilepsy? Describe adverse effects and drug-drug interaction of phenytoin.
- d) Define drug metabolism & describe the phases of drug metabolism.

Q3) Short Answers (Any 8 out of 10):

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Define and classify general Anesthetics and write a note on stages of anesthesia.
- b) Classify anticholinergies. Write in detail about their therapeutic uses.
- c) Define and classify antipsychotic drugs. Write uses, MOA and ADR of Chlorpromazine.
- d) Enumerate opioid analysesics. Describe the therapeutic uses and adverse effects of morphine.
- e) Explain pharmacokinetic terms Bioavailability and Half-life in detail.
- f) Define biotransformation. Write factors affecting it, and add a note on enzyme inhibition with suitable examples.
- g) Describe the aims of various phases of clinical trials. Explain meaning of "double blind placebo controlled randomized clinical trial of drug".
- h) Define Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics. Write in detail about Parenteral routes of drug administration.
- i) Define and classify local anesthetics. Write mechanism of action, pharmacological action, clinical uses and adverse effect of Lignocaine.
- j) Define receptor& write a note on various receptors.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No.: | |
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PA-89 [5940]- 405

[Total No. of Pages: 3

Second Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY - I (2018 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (BP-405T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt the following. (Any 5):

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Physical evaluation of crude drugs.
- b) Differentiate between organized & unorganized drugs.
- c) Discuss in detail Gelatin as protein.
- d) What are stomata's? Give its classification.
- e) Give chemical tests along with significance for the following.
 - i) Dragendorff's Test
 - ii) Borntragers Test.
 - iii) Keller-Killiani Test.
- f) What are tannins? Give its classification.
- g) Attempt the following.
 - i) The quantitative evaluation of powdered crude drug without chemical and other methods is carried out by
 - 1) Lycopodium spore method
 - 2) Moisture determination method
 - 3) Powder microscopy
 - 4) None of the above

- ii) Senna mainly contains:
 - 1) O- glycosides
 - 2) N- glycosides
 - 3) C- glycosides
 - 4) S- glycosides
- iii) Oleo gum resins are mixture of:
 - 1) Volatile oil + Gum + Resins
 - 2) Fixed oil + Gum+ Resin
 - 3) Fats + Gum + Resin
 - 4) Gum + Resins

Q2) Answer the following. (Any 2):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Define Alkaloids? Give their important properties & test for their identification. Classify alkaloids with suitable examples.
- b) Define Pharmacognsy? Describe in detailed developments in pharmacognosy along with classification.
- c) What are the possible sources of adulterants of herbal drugs? What are the different methods for evaluation of herbal drugs.
- d) Discuss the various types of plant tissue culture. Explain the technique of plant tissue culture for initiation, development and maintenance of culture.

Q3) Attempt the following. (Any 8):

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Give general extraction method of Shark liver oil & Cod liver oil.
- b) Write note on polyploidy.
- c) What are phytohormones? Give application of Auxin and cytokinins(CK)
- d) Write a note on Edible vaccines.
- e) Describe cardiovascular medicinal agents from Marine sources.
- f) Discuss and classify primary metabolites? Give the commercial utility of some carbohydrates.
- g) Discuss morphological study of Bark.
- h) Quantitative microscopy of crude drug base on Lycopodium spore method.
- i) Write note on natural Hallucinogens & Teratogens.
- j) Write note on natural fibers.



| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No.: |
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| PA-90 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

T.Y. B.Pharmacy

BP-501T: MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY-II

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - V) (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt the following (Any Five):

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define & Classify antianginal agents with examples.
- b) Write Mechanism of action & medicinal applications of Bepridil hydrochloride.
- c) Outline synthesis of Atenolol.
- d) Draw the structure of the following:
 - i) Cimetidine.
 - ii) Omeprazole.
 - iii) Promethazine.
- e) Write a note on anti-coagulants.
- f) Explain in detail oral contraceptives.
- g) Discuss the drugs used in congestive heart failure.

Q2) Attempt the following (Any Two):

- a) Classify oral hypoglycemic agents with structure from each class. Discuss in detail sulphonyl-ureas & biguanides.
- b) What is hypertension? Classify antihypertensive agents with examples, write mechanism of action & medicinal applications of drugs belonging to class ACE inhibitors.

- c) Define Diuretics, classify diuretics with examples, write mechanism of action & medicinal applications of drugs belonging to class thiazides.
- d) Write biosynthesis of histamine. Classify H₁ antihistaminic agents with examples. Write SAR for H₁ antagonists.

Q3) Attempt the following (Any Eight);

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) What are autocoids? Discuss in detail prostaglandins.
- b) Write MOA & medicinal applications of Fexofenadine & ranitidine.
- c) Outline the synthetic scheme of
 - i) Promathiazine Hcl.
 - ii) Cetirizine.
- d) Write MOA & medicinal applications of hydrochlorthiazide & acetazolamide.
- e) Discuss corticosteroids in detail.
- f) Classify local anesthetics with suitable examples.
- g) Discuss in detail thyroid & antithyroid drugs.
- h) Explain chemistry, nomenclature & stereochemistry of Steroids.
- i) Classify anti-arrhythmic agents with suitable examples.
- j) Classify antihyperlipidemic agents with suitable examples.



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| PA-91 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Third Year B. Pharmacy

BP 502 T: INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY - I

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All Questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following (any 2):

[20]

- a) Define Tablets. Discuss JPQC test of tablets.
- b) Discuss defects in tablet with it's remedies.
- c) Give advantages of parenterals. Discuss in detail official pharmacoperal evaluation parameter of parenterals.
- d) What is pelletization? Describe in detail the process of extrusion pelletization.

Q2) Answer the following (Any 8):

[40]

- a) Discuss filling of hard gelatin capsules by volumetric principle and explain uniformity of weight test.
- b) Give an account of various materials used in film coating of tablets.
- c) Write note on Tooth pastes.
- d) What is enteric coating? Discuss in brief about non enteric film forming polymers.
- e) What is HLB? Explain it's application in formulation of biphasic liquid orals.

- f) Define and classify Ophthalmic products.
- g) Discuss formulation of soft gelatin capsules.
- h) Discuss Evaluation of Liquid orals.
- i) Write a note on Sunscreen and SPF.
- j) Explain in brief tonicity adjustments in Parenterals.

Q3) Write short note on (Any 5):

[15]

- a) What are type A and type B gelatin?
- b) What is pH formulation? Explain important physicochemical properties involved in preformulation studies.
- c) Write a note on vanishing cream.
- d) JPQC test of capsules as per Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- e) Give advantages of aerosols. Discuss in brief about propellants used in formulation of aerosols.
- f) Explain Fluidized bed coating used in tablets coating.
- g) How globule diameter affects stability of suspension?



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[5940] - 503

T.Y. B. Pharmacy (Semester - V) BP 503T - PHARMACOLOGY - II (2018 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt any five of the following:

[15]

- a) Give mechanism of action of streptokinase.
- b) Write mechanism of action of ACTH.
- c) Enlist the functions of posterior pituitary hormone.
- d) Explain mechanism of action and therapeutic user of vasopressin.
- e) Give location and functions of histamine receptor.
- f) Define and classify antithyroid drugs.
- g) Justify the role of diuretics in the treatment of CHF.

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

[20]

- a) Classify NSAIDs and write pharmacological details of Aspirin.
- b) Define and give types of the bioassay. Add a note on bioassay of d-tuberculosis.
- c) Classify antihypertensive. Explain pharmacotherapy of hypertension.
- d) Discuss biosynthesis, mechanism, pharmacological action and therapeutic user of Estrogens.

P.T.O.

Q3) Attempt any eight of the following:

[40]

- a) Justify combination of statins and Resins to treat hyperlipidemia.
- b) Explain pharmacology of thiazide diuretics.
- c) Classify antianginal drugs. Describe the therapeutic utility of vasodilation in angina pectorals.
- d) Define and classify the drug acting on uterus.
- e) Add note on therapeutic effects of corticosteroids.
- f) Write mechanism, adverse effects and uses of diltiazem, verapamil and nifedipine.
- g) Write a note on sulfosalazine.
- h) Discuss pharmacological action of digitalis for the treatment of congestive heart failure.
- i) Write a note on calcitonin.
- j) Explain the role of gonadotropins in male.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-93 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Third Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY - II (2018 Pattern) (Semester - V) (BP 504T) (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q1) Objective type questions (Answer 5 out of 7).

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define secondary plant metabolite with suitable examples.
- b) Give botanical source and Chemical Constituent of Tea.
- c) Give the source and uses of eugenol containing crude drug.
- d) Write identification test for Sennoside.
- e) Give chemical constituents and uses for liquorice.
- f) Utilization of Vinca alkaloids.
- g) Write the applications of Microwave assisted extraction.
- **Q2**) Answer the following (Any 2 out of 4).

- a) Define Alkaloids. Explain Biological source, classification, chemistry and medicinal uses of Vinca and Rauwolfia.
- b) Explain in detail about super critical fluid extraction and solid phase extraction.
- c) Explain industrial production and estimation of Sennosides and vinblastine.
- d) What are cardiac glycosides? Give the Pharmacognosy of Digital is in detail.

- a) Write a note on radio isotopes and their applications in biogenetic studies.
- b) Give the biological source, Chemical constituents and uses of any two volatile oil drugs.
- c) Write the isolation and estimation of Glycyrhetenic acid.
- d) Explain the industrial production and uses of Artemisinin.
- e) Explain the role of column chromatography in isolation and purification of phytoconstituents.
- f) Write the method of production and identification for Atropine.
- g) Write the isolation and identification of Curcumin.
- h) Give the chemical constituents and therapeutic uses of Mentha and Fennel.
- i) Write about the role of radioactive isotopes in the investigation of biogenetic studies.
- j) Explain with a neat labeled microscopic diagram of Fennel.



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[5940] - 505

T.Y. B. Pharmacy (Semester - V)

BP505T - PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE (Theory) (2018 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1**) Answer all the questions (Two marks each):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) What are copyrights?
- b) What are spurious drugs?
- c) What are schedule P and O?
- d) Constitution of Institutional Animal Ethics Committee.
- e) According to Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971 what are offenses and penalties?
- f) Which inventions are patentable?
- g) What are Coca derivatives?
- h) Write the Ex-officio members of state pharmacy council.
- i) Write qualifications of Government Analyst.
- j) What are the objectives of DPCO, 1995?
- Q2) Long Answers (Any 2 out of 3)

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Discuss in detail about constitution and working of state and joint state pharmacy council.
- b) Explain in detail schedule M.
- c) Write in detail procedure of inspections of drugs and formulations, qualifications and responsibilities of drug inspector as per pharmacy Act.

P.T.O.

Q3) Short Answers (Any 7 out of 9):

 $[7 \times 5 = 35]$

- a) Prices of Bulk drugs.
- b) What are the constitution and functions of pharmacy council of India.
- c) Controlled operations under narcotic drugs & psychotropic substances act.
- d) Circumstances under which the pregnancies may be terminated by Registered Medical Practitioner.
- e) Schedule H.
- f) Explain Non-Bonded Manufactory.
- g) Adulterated Drugs.
- h) Drug Enquiry Committee.
- i) Pharmaceutical code of ethics in relation to medical profession and pharmacy profession.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-95 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Third Year B. Pharmacy MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY - III

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (BP-601T) (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory. Internal choices are given.
- 2) Figure to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat diagrams and structures wherever necessary.
- Q1) Objective type questions (answer 5 out of 7)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define and classify sulphonamides with suitable examples.
- b) Give structure, IUPAC name and MOA for clotrimazole.
- c) Define and classify beta lactum antibiotics with suitable examples.
- d) Define and classify antineoplastic agents with suitable examples.
- e) Enlist various physicochemical parameters used in QSAR.
- f) Define and classify antileprotic agents with suitable examples.
- g) Fill in the banks
 - i) Imatinib is antineoplastic agent from class of inhibitors.
 - ii) Cetuximab is antineoplastic agent from class of ____ antibodies.
 - iii) Trimethoprim drug is inhibitor.
- Q2) Long answer (answer 2 out of 4)

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Define and classify antimalarial agents with suitable examples. Discuss in detail about cinchona alkaloids.
- b) Define and classify antifungal agents with suitable examples and describe SAR and MOA of antifungal azoles.
- c) Describe chemistry and MOA of alkylating agents and antimetabolites as antineoplastic agents.
- d) Define and classify antiviral agents and discuss DNA virus inhibitors.

P.T.O.

Q3) Short answer (answer 8 out of 10)

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Write a note on Tetracyclines antibiotics.
- b) Write a note on polypeptide antibiotics.
- c) Discuss SAR of quinoline antimalarials.
- d) Explain chemistry and MOA of anthelmintic drugs.
- e) Write a note on anti-protozoal agents.
- f) Outline the synthesis of sulfamethoxazole.
- g) Explain chemistry and MOA of plant products use as anticancer agents.
- h) Write a note on macrolide antibiotics.
- i) Discuss antileprotic agents.
- j) Outline the synthesis of ethambutol.



| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-96 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Third Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACOLOGY - III

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (BP602T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figure to the right indicate full marks.
- Q1) Objective type questions (answer 5 out of 7) each question carries 3 marks.

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define COPD. Enlist drugs used in treatment of COPD.
- b) Define antitussive agent and give its classification.
- c) Differentiate between laxative and purgative classify drugs used for constipation.
- d) Define appetite stimulant and digestant with examples.
- e) Write in short about circadian rhythm.
- f) Write a note on mucolytic.
- g) Justify why sulfamethoxazole is given in combination with trimethoprim.
- **Q2**) Long answers (answer 2 out of 4) each question carries 10 marks. $[2 \times 10 = 20]$
 - a) Classify antiemetic drugs. Explain pharmacology of 5HT₃ antagonist and prokinetic drugs.
 - b) Explain mechanism of action, antibacterial spectrum. Adverse effect and uses of penicillin G.
 - c) Write mechanism of action, pharmacological actions, adverse effects and therapeutic uses of Ranitidine.
 - d) Define Asthma. Discuss mechanism of action, pharmacological actions, therapeutic uses and adverse effects of salbutamol.

- Q3) Short answers (answer 8 out of 10) each question carries 5 marks. $[8 \times 5 = 40]$
 - a) Discuss in short about chemotherapy for tuberculosis.
 - b) Write general principles of treatment of poisoning.
 - c) Write mechanism of action and uses of beta lactamase inhibitors.
 - d) Write a note on proton pump inhibitors.
 - e) Enumerate newer macrolide antibiotics and its mechanism of action and uses.
 - f) Give brief account on anti Helicobacter pylori regimen.
 - g) Classify antimalarial drugs and write mechanism of action, adverse effect and uses of chloroquine.
 - h) What is cotrimaxazole? Give its therapeutic uses and mechanism of action.
 - i) Write a note on vinca alkaloids as anticancer drugs.
 - j) Write a note on cyclosporine as immunosuppresant drug.



| Total No. of Questions: 3] | Total | No. | of | Questions : | : 3] |
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[5940] - 603

T.Y. B. Pharmacy (Semester - VI)

HERBAL DRUG TECHNOLOGY

(2018 Pattern) (BP603T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Objective type questions (Answer 5 out of 7)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Write a note on Homeopathic system of medicine.
- b) Explain in detail possible side effects and interaction of hypericum.
- c) Describe method of preparation for asava-arishta.
- d) Define binder along with classification and advantages.
- e) Add a note on plant based industries involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants.
- f) Explain about CITES certification.
- g) Enlist the common technical aspects for GACP guidelines.

Q2) Answer the following (Any 2 out of 4)

- a) What is bhasma? Describe in detail method of preparation and general standardization parameter for bhasma as per Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia.
- b) Explain in detail Patent, Patenting aspects of traditional knowledge and natural product along with case studies for Neem and Curcuma.
- c) Explain in detail WHO and ICH guidelines for the assessment of herbal drug, stability testing of herbal drug.
- d) Brief note on phytosomes technology, advantages, method of preparation and evaluation techniques.

- a) Describe basic principles, diagnosis and treatment involved in Ayurveda.
- b) Write a role of Alfalfa and honey as health food.
- c) Discuss the manufacturing process and evaluation parameters for herbal tablet.
- d) What is herbal excipient? Write down about the significance of natural excipients with suitable examples.
- e) What are drug interactions? Explain about the herb drug interactions with examples.
- f) Explain in detail regulatory issues-regulation in India (ASU DTAB, ASU DCC) provisions relating to Ayurvedic, Siddha and Unani system of medicine.
- g) Explain the health benefits of amla and spirulina.
- h) Explain in detail about sources and description of raw materials of herbal origin used for herbal cosmetics.
- i) Write a note on schedule T.
- j) Explain the importance of primary processing, garbling, drying and preservation in the processing of herbal raw material.



| Total No. | of Questions | :3] |
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PA-98

| SEAT No. | : | |
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[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5940] - 604

T.Y. B. Pharmacy

BP604T - BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

Q1) Answer the following (any 5):

[15]

- a) What do you mean by dissolution?
- b) What is the rate-limiting step in bioavailability?
- c) What are the limitations of pH-partition hypothesis?
- d) Define bioavailability. What are the objectives of bioavailability studies?
- e) What are the various types of bioequivalence studies?
- f) What do you understand by the term 'open' in compartment modelling?
- g) Enlist the physiological barriers that affects the distribution of drug.

Q2) Answer the following (Any 2):

[20]

- a) What are the different mechanisms of drug absorption? Write in detail about the passive diffusion.
- b) Write a detail note kinetics of protein binding.
- c) Explain various methods to enhance bioavailability of poorly water soluble drugs.
- d) What is gastric emptying? Write a note on the factors that influence gastric emptying.

Q3) Answer the following (Any 8):

[40]

- a) Define and explain renal clearance.
- b) Explain statistical methods used in BA/BE studies.
- c) What do you understand by the term apparent volume of distribution?
- d) Liver is considered as the major organ involved in detoxification, justify.
- e) Explain the various non-renal routes of drug excretion?
- f) Name the methods used to calculate K_E from urinary excretion data. What are the advantages of urinary data over plasma data?
- g) Differentiate between active transport and a facilitated diffusion?
- h) What do you mean by first pass effect? Explain its effect on absorption of drug.
- i) What are the advantages of administering a drug by constant rate i.v. infusion over oral administration?
- j) What is salivary excretion of drugs?



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-99 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Third Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (BP605T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer 5 out of 7:

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Highlight use of microbes in industry.
- b) What is protein engineering?
- c) Explain applications of genetic engineering.
- d) Illustrate applications of biosensors in pharmaceutical industries.
- e) Discuss basic steps involved in recombinant DNA technology.
- f) Discuss aeration process used in fermentation.
- g) Describe the principle of southern blotting.

Q2) Answer 2 out of 4:

- a) What is cloning vector? Discuss ideal properties of cloning vectors and write a note on types of cloning vector in detail.
- b) What are hypersensitivity reactions? Classify hypersensitivity reactions and explain them in detail.
- c) What is fermentation? Highlight general requirements of fermentation and discuss production of penicillins by fermentation technology.
- d) What is hybridoma technology? Discuss production of monoclonal antibodies by hybridoma technology and their applications.

Q3) Answer 8 out of 10:

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) What is mutation? Briefly summarize types of mutation.
- b) Explain methods of enzyme immobilization.
- c) Write a note on restriction endonuclease and ligase.
- d) Discuss production of hepatitis B vaccine by recombinant DNA technology.
- e) Describe structure and function of MHC.
- f) Write a note on microbial biotransformation.
- g) Outline the preparation of toxoids.
- h) Explain structure of immunoglobulin.
- i) Describe collection, processing and storage of whole human blood.
- j) Write a note on ELISA.







| Total No. of Questions : 3] | |
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

PA-100

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[5940]-606 Third Year B. Pharmacy OUALITY ASSURANCE

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (BP606T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Attempt any five of the following:

[15]

- a) Differentiate calibration and validation.
- b) Give full-form of WHO and state its functions.
- c) What is stress testing of the drug product?
- d) Define installation qualification and operational qualification.
- e) State the importance of SOP.
- f) What are accuracy and precision parameters for validation of analytical method?
- g) State need and objectives of validation.

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

[20]

- a) Explain the concept of Quality by Design (QbD) write in detail about elements is QbD approach.
- b) Discuss maintenance of sterile areas and control of contamination in pharmaceutical manufacturing facility.
- c) Explain the major quality control tests for glass containers.
- d) Discuss handling of returned goods in pharmaceutical industry.

Q3) Attempt any eight of the following:

[40]

- a) What is quality management? Explain role of USFDA guidelines for quality management.
- b) Explain ICH guidelines in brief and its importance.
- c) Explain NABL accreditation procedure and its importance.
- d) Explain the importance of personnel qualification and training in pharmaceutical industry.
- e) Write a note on equipment selection and purchase specifications in pharmaceutical manufacturing facility.
- f) Explain the quality control tests for rubber closures.
- g) Explain in brief need for GLP and CPCSEA.
- h) Explain the difference between BFR and MFR. Explain the importance of these documents.
- i) What are different types of validation? Discuss scope of validation.
- j) Discuss raw material management in pharmaceutical industry.







| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-101 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Final Year B. Pharmacy INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS (2018 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (BP-701T)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- **Q1**) Answer the following questions any five.

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Discuss the applications of flame photometry.
- b) Discuss the effect of solvent on absorption spectra in uv spectroscopy.
- c) Write the advantages of TLC over paper chromatography.
- d) Explain about types of molecular vibrations in IR spectroscopy.
- e) Write the principle involved in nephelotur bidometry.
- f) Discuss the importance of gradient elution over isocratic elution technique.
- g) What is activation of plates? Write its importance.
- **Q2**) Answer the following (any 2)

- a) Discuss in detail the rate theory, plate theory and system suitability parameters.
- b) Describe the principle, instrumentation and applications of HPLC.
- c) Distinguish between fluorescence and phosphorescence. Discuss the various factors affecting the phenomenon of fluorescence.
- d) Describe the ideal requirements of detector. Discuss in brief about various detectors used in IR spectroscopy.

Q3) Attempt the following (any 8)

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Draw a neat schematic diagram of GC. Explain the columns used in GC.
- b) Discuss the different types of interferences encountered in AAS and the ways to minimize them.
- c) Write a note on
 - i) Applications of gel chromatography
 - ii) System suitability parameters
- d) Write a note on
 - i) Temperature programming in GC
 - ii) Adsorbents used in TLC
- e) Discuss the working principle and construction of spectrofluorimeter.
- f) State Beer Lamberts law and derive an equation for it.
- g) Draw a neat labelled instrumentation layout of IR spectrophotometer and explain the sample handling techniques in IR.
- h) Discuss the different development techniques used in paper chromatography.
- i) Discuss the instrumentation of HPTLC.
- j) Discuss in detail various types of transitions involved in uv-vis spectrophotometry.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| PA-102 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

[5940]-702 Final Year B. Pharmacy INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY - II

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (BP702T)

Instructions to the candidates:

Time: 3 Hours]

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat and labeled diagram wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

Q1) Answer the following (Any 5 out of 7) Each question carries 3 marks. [15]

- a) What are different levels of scale up changes as per SUPAC?
- b) Explain roles of various ICH guidelines useful in technology transfer?
- c) What is horizontal technology transfer?
- d) What are the benefits of platform technology?
- e) Enlist methods of risk management.
- f) What are dimensions of quality?
- g) What are benefits of ISO 14000?

Q2) Answer the following (any 2 of 4) Each carries 10 marks. [20]

- a) Explain different types of post approval changes.
- b) Write about granularity of technology transfer process.
- c) Explain the regulatory approval process for New Drug Application.
- d) Explain significance of documentation in BA-BE studies.

[Max. Marks : 75]

Q3) Answer the following (Any 8 out of 10) Each carries 5 marks. [40]

- a) What is risk assessment in technology transfer?
- b) What are the parts of quality risk management? Explain risk control.
- c) Explain failure mode effect analysis.
- d) Explain process validation.
- e) Explain steps in technology transfer?
- f) Give an account of technology transfer in production?
- g) What is clinical research protocol & data presentation?
- h) Explain benefits of ISO 14000.
- i) Explain applications of bio statistics in pharmaceutical product development.
- j) Explain the terminology QTPP & CPP with suitable examples.



| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-103 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Final Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACY PRACTICE (Theory)

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (BP703T)

Instructions to the candidates:

Time: 3 Hours]

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat and well labeled diagram wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

Q1) Objective type questions (Answer any 5 out of 7): [15]

- a) Comment on drug food interactions.
- b) Enlist benefits of effective hospital formulary system.
- c) Define hospital pharmacy and enlist it's functions.
- d) Outline the role of pharmacist in the education and training program in the hospital.
- e) Define patient counselling and give its objectives.
- f) Give the organizational structure of hospital pharmacy and enlist the responsibilities of hospital pharmacist
- g) Define over the counter (OTC) medicines and give basic criteria for sale of OTC medicines.

Q2) Long Answers (Answer any 2 out of 4):

[20]

[Max. Marks: 75]

- a) Classify adverse drug reactions and discuss monitoring and reporting system of ADR in India.
- b) Explain drug distribution systems for in-patients in the hospital.
- c) Discuss in detail the organization and functions of pharmacy and therapeutic committee.
- d) Discuss the code of ethics for community pharmacy.

Q3) Short answers (Answer any 8 out of 10):

[40]

- a) Explain pharmacodynamic type of drug interactions with their clinical significance.
- b) Discuss hospital formulary management principles and process for selecting new medicines in formulary.
- c) Define medication adherance and explain the role of pharmacist in patient medication adherance.
- d) Discuss the concept of therapeutic drug monitoring (TDM) and give the characteristics of drug applicable for TDM.
- e) Discuss the resources for drug information and steps for approaching drug information enquiries.
- f) Discuss the role and responsibilities of community pharmacist.
- g) Comment on arrangement of drugs in drug store.
- h) Describe the stages of patient counselling.
- i) Discuss the rational use of common over the counter medications.
- j) Comment on clinical significance of kidney function tests and lipid profile tests.







| Total No. of Questions: 3] | SEAT No. : | | | |
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| PA-104 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 | | | |

Fourth Year B. Pharmacy NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (BP-704T) (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- *Q1*) Answer the following (solve 5 out of seven)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define and differentiate between active and passive targeting.
- b) Describe nanoparticles along with their general properties.
- c) Enlist the advantages and disadvantages of GRDDS.
- d) Write a short note on propellants.
- e) Explain ideal properties of bio adhesive polymers.
- f) Summarize the different factors affecting designing of modified drug delivery system.
- g) Explain disadvantages of conventional occular drug delivery systems.
- Q2) Answer in detail (answer 2 out of 4)

- a) Describe microencapsulation and explain any three techniques of making microcapsules.
- b) Explain the physicochemical parameters for the selection of drug for modified drug delivery system.
- c) Explain in detail various methods of preparation of liposomes.
- d) Explain in detail different methods for formulation of TDDS along with evaluation.

Q3) Answer the following in brief (answer 8 out of 10)

- a) Explain in brief about methods of preparation of niosomes.
- b) Write a short note on contact lens
- c) Explain the different theories of mucoadhesion.
- d) Describe the various delivery systems for intrauterine application.
- e) What are temperature and pH responsive polymers? Explain.
- f) Explain metered dose inhaler.
- g) Explain permeation enhancers with suitable examples in TDDS.
- h) Describe vapour pressure activated implantable device.
- i) Explain glass transition temperature and TGA of polymers.
- j) What are advantages and disadvantages of implantable drug delivery system?



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-105 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

Fourth Year B. Pharmacy

BP 801T : BIOSTATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following (Any Five).

[15]

- a) Explain different types of errors in hypothesis testing.
- b) What is the need for research design?
- c) Explain in brief about response surface plot.
- d) Enumerate the steps needed to condense raw data to grouped data.
- e) Write a note on "Random Sampling".
- f) Discuss in brief about Mean as a measure of central tendency.
- g) In a box, there are 5 Aspirin, 6 Analgin and 10 Paracetamol tablets. If one tablet is chosen at random, find the probability that:
 - i. It is Aspirin and
 - ii. It is Paracetamol.

Q2) Answer the following (Any Two)

[20]

- a) Explain Principle and steps involved in experimental design. Write in detail about factorial design.
- b) Discuss about designing of clinical trials and phases of clinical trials.
- c) What is statistical data? Explain in detail about collection, organization and presentation of data.
- d) What is hypothesis testing? Explain in detail the procedure for hypothesis testing.

Q3) Answer the following (Any Eight).

[40]

- a) What are the characteristics of good statistical measure? Write about standard deviation as the measure of dispersion.
- b) Write note on MINITAB®.
- c) Enlist the steps for constructing a frequency distribution.
- d) Write about Pie chart.
- e) Define statistics. Write applications of statistics.
- f) Write a note on 'Student's t test'.
- g) Explain in brief about ANOVA.
- h) Write short note on Central Composite Design.
- i) Find the mean, median and mode for the following data:

X: 61, 62, 63, 64, 64, 64, 60, 65, 63, 64, 65, 66, 64.

j) The class marks and their corresponding frequencies are given below:

| Class mark: | 23 | 28 | 33 | 38 | 43 | 48 | 53 | 58 |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Frequency: | 1 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 14 | 6 | 3 | 1 |

Form a cumulative frequency table from the above data.



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PA-106

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5940]-802

Fourth Year B.Pharmacy SOCIAL AND PREVENTIVE PHARMACY (2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP-802 T)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer any five (5 out of 7)

[15]

- a) What are the objectives of national mental health programme?
- b) Explain the Health care programme for elderly.
- c) Write a note on "Health promotion in schools".
- d) Write a note on control of deafness.
- e) What is diseases and Social Causes of diseases?
- f) Define AIDS? What are its causes, symptoms and prevention.
- g) Write a note on drug addiction.

Q2) Answer any Two. (02 out of 04)

[20]

- a) Write general principles of prevention and control of respiratory infections.
- b) Write general principles of prevention and control of diabetes mellitus.
- c) Write general principles, prevention and control of cholera.
- d) Explain about national Tuberculosis control programmes.

Q3) Answer any eight. (08 out of 10)

[40]

- a) Explain prevention and control of Dengue.
- b) Write the objectives in improving rural sanitation.
- c) Write the objectives in improving rural sanitation.
- d) Explain Concept of nutritional deficiency disease.
- e) Write about national intervention programme for mother and child.
- f) Write a note on Lymphatic filariasis.
- g) What is Hypertension? Describe the prevention and control of hypertension
- h) Define health. Write a note on evaluation of public health.
- i) Explain in brief Prevention and control of SARS.
- i) Role of WHO in Indian national programme.



PA-107

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5940]-803

F.Y. B.Pharmacy

PHARMA MARKETING MANAGEMENT

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP-803 ET)

Time: 3 Hours | [Max. Marks: 75]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1)** Answer all the questions (objectives) (Any 5 out of 7)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Write in detail with examples about size and composition of Pharma market.
- b) Enlist the Demographic characteristics in customer profile what is its impact on sale of products.
- c) Describe key criteria's for selection of channel members.
- d) Explain pharmaceutical sales representative duties and responsibility.
- e) Outline importance and mechanism of pharmaceutical detailing.
- f) Explain optional product pricing strategy.
- g) Summarize revision of selling price of schedule formulations.
- **Q2)** Long answers (Any 2 out of 4)

- a) Explain in detail product portfolio risk analysis.
- b) Elaborate on model of organizational buying behaviour.
- c) Write in detail about Rural marketing of pharma product.
- d) Discuss in detail about launching of new product in pharma market.

- a) Discuss the formula and calculations of retail price of formulation in Pharma market.
- b) Discuss the qualitative aspects of pharmaceutical market.
- c) Write a note on prescribing habits of the physician.
- d) Discuss the various factors which affect patient's choice regarding physician and retail pharmacist.
- e) Define market research state its importance in Pharma marketing.
- f) Explain measures of channel performance.
- g) Give the outline of physical distribution management.
- h) Explain Importance of medical sales representative to build the image of company.
- i) Write a note on product positioning.
- j) Discuss in detail product management in pharmaceutical Industry.



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PA-108

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5940]-804

Final Year B.Pharm.

PHARMACEUTICAL REGULATORY SCIENCE (2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP804ET)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1)** Answer the following (Solve any 5 out of 7)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Give brief account on monitoring patient safety during clinical trials.
- b) What are the stages of drug discovery.
- c) Explain about generic drugs.
- d) Discuss the process of approval of new drug.
- e) Explain the role of regulatory affairs professionals.
- f) Define DMF & its types.
- g) Describe orange book.
- **Q2)** Answer the following (Any 2 out of 4)

- a) What is drug development. Summarize & discuss drug development process.
- b) Explain organization, structure & application of regulatory authorities of US.
- c) What is clinical trial protocol? Explain formation & working procedure of ethics committee.
- d) Give a brief account on approval process & timelines involved in investigational new drugs (IND).

- **Q3)** Answer the following in brief (Answer 8 out of 10)
- $[8 \times 5 = 40]$
- a) Give brief overview of guidelines for the export of drug issued by ministry of health & family welfare.
- b) What is fedral register. Give code of fedral regulatory.
- c) Summarize ASEAN (ACTD) research.
- d) Explain NDA & ANDA.
- e) Write a note on regulatory authorities of Europian union.
- f) Explain organization, structure & function of regulatory authorities of India.
- g) Write a note on electronic common, technical document.
- h) Explain non clinical activities in drug development.
- i) Define law & Act. Explain purple book.
- j) Explain good clinical practices of investigators, sponsors & monitors.



| Total No. | of Quo | estions | : | 3] |
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[5940]- 805

Final Year B. Pharmacy PHARMACOVIGILANCE

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP805ET)

Time: 3 Hours]

PA-109

[Max. Marks: 75]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4,Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q1) Solve any Five:

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Define adverse reaction, unexpected adverse reaction and side effect.
- b) Define Vaccine. Write the reasons for Vaccination failure.
- c) What is PSUR and DSUR?
- d) Give the application of defined daily dose in Pharmacovigilance.
- e) What are the basic drug information resources?
- f) What is the role of post approval phase?
- g) Write the importance of safety monitoring of medicines.

Q2) Solve any Two:

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Classify ADRs? Discuss the causality assessment of ADRs.
- b) What are different pharmacovigilance methods? Explain in detail different types of Pharmacovigilance methods used for passive and active surveillance.
- c) Discuss in detail about ICH and GCP guidelines in Pharmacovigilance.
- d) Discuss in detail basic and specialized drug information resources in Pharmacovigilance.

P.T.O.

Q3) Solve any Eight:

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Explain the role of CDSCO in Pharmacovigilance.
- b) Explain expedited reporting and post approval expedited reporting.
- c) Discuss about establishment of national Pharmacovigilance programme.
- d) Write about MedDRA and standardized MedDRA.
- e) Write a note on information resources in Pharmacovigilance.
- f) What is under reporting of ADRs?
- g) Write the role of pre-clinical and clinical phase in safety data generation.
- h) Write a note on Schedule Y.
- i) Explain Narinjo scale.
- j) Explain Vaccine safety surveillance.



Total No. of Questions: 3] [Total No. of Pages: 2

PA-110

[5940]-806

Final Year B.Pharmacy

QUALITY CONTROL AND STANDARDIZATION OF HERBALS

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP-806ET)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Solve the following (Answer 5 out of 7)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Brief chemical evaluation of crude drugs.
- b) What are the challenges in safety monitoring of herbal medicines.
- c) Brief various parameters for monograph study of herbs as per Indian Herbal pharmacopoeia.
- d) Short note on 'Analytical report or worksheet' part as per GLP.
- e) Short note on physical evaluation of crude drugs.
- f) Write about 'record of market complaints' as per schedule T for GMP.
- g) Write reporting aspect for suspected adverse drug reaction while safety monitoring of herbals as per WHO guidelines.

Q2) Solve long answers (Answer 2 out of 4)

- a) Explain WHO guidelines on safety monitoring of herbal medicines in pharmacovigilance system.
- b) Elaborate WHO guidelines on Current Good manufacturing practices GMP for herbal medicines.
- c) Explain on preparation of documents for new drug application & export registration.
- d) Explain regulatory requirements as per D & C act for Herbal Drug Industry.

Q3) Solve short answers (Answer 8 out of 10)

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Explain application of TLC & HPTLC technique for standardization of herbal products.
- b) Explain role of Biological markers in standardization of herbal products.
- c) What are GMP requirements for herbals.
- d) Explain EV guideline for quality control of herbal drugs.
- e) Explain authentication & cultivation as per GACP guideline of WHO.
- f) Write basic tests for medicinal plants materials and dosage forms.
- g) Explain efficiency parameter for WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs.
- h) Write about research guidelines for evaluating safety of Herbal Medicines.
- i) Brief parameters of GAP.
- j) Explain equipments instruments & reagent as per GLP.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

PA-111

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2]

[5940]-807

Fourth Year B. Pharmacy COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN

(Semester-VIII) (2018 Pattern) (BP807ET)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- Q1) Objective type questions. (Answer 5 out of 7)

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Explain Bioisosterism. Classify with examples.
- b) Define Bioinformatics. Mention applications of Bioinformatics.
- c) Explain pharmacophore mapping & its applications.
- d) Discuss the role of molecular mechanics & quantum mechanics in drug discovery.
- e) Write a note on cheminformatics in drug discovery process.
- f) Differenciate between molecular mechanics & quantum mechanics.
- g) Write a note on pharmacophore based screening.
- **Q2**) Long answer questions. (Answer 2 out of 4)

- a) What do you mean by drug discovery & development? Explain various steps & approaches to lead discovery.
- b) What is QSAR? Explain in detail the history & development of QSAR. Explain the electronic & steric parameters to be considered in QSAR analysis.
- c) Explain in detail Ligand-based & Structure-based drug design by taking suitable examples.
- d) Discuss classical & non-classical bioisosteric replacement strategies in Analogue based design of drugs with examples.

- a) Explain different methods in determination of energy minimization.
- b) Explain Hansch Analysis & Free wilson analysis along with its advantages & disadvantages.
- c) Discuss various databases used in drug design & discovery.
- d) Explain in detail Quantum mechanics.
- e) Define molecular docking. Explain rigid & flexible docking.
- f) Define the term virtual screening. Explain the concept.
- g) Discuss COMFA & COMSIA.
- h) Write a note on molecular mechanics.
- i) Write a note on conformational analysis.
- j) Pharmacophore based virtual screening.



| Total No. o | of Questions | : 4] |
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PA-112

[5940]-808

Fourth Year B.Pharmacy

CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP-808 ET) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75 Instructions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary. 3) **Q1)** Answer any five: [15] **Define Meiosis** a) b) Define Catabolism Define Cell adaptation c) d) Functions of Cell Membrane Give significance of protein synthesis e)

- f) Draw double helical structure of DNA
- g) Give different types of RNA

Q2) Answer any Two:

[20]

- a) Describe different steps involved in translation process
- b) Describe G-Protein coupled receptor
- c) Explain misregulation of signaling pathway and its role in disease process
- d) Describe the cell cycle

- a) Explain different check point in cell cycle.
- b) Explain the transducer mechanism of GPCR.
- c) Enlist name of cell organelles with its functions.
- d) Explain the mechanisms of DNA replication.
- e) Explain the mechanism gene expression.
- f) Enlist the applications of Proteomics.
- g) Explain the process of Meiosis.
- h) Write a note on regularities in protein synthesis.
- i) Draw the structure of GPCR. Write a note on its transducer mechanisms.
- j) Discuss process of cell division in somatic cells and gametes.



| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-113 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

[5940]-809

Final Year B. Pharmacy COSMETIC SCIENCE

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP809ET)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All Questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat labeled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q1) Answer any Five out of Seven of the following:

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Give classification of cosmetics.
- b) Explain the principle of hair tensile strength test.
- c) Give the classification of Surfactants in cosmetics.
- d) Draw & label basic structure of skin.
- e) What is the difference between vanishing cream and moisturing cream?
- f) How Trans-epidermal water loss is measured?
- g) Write in brief on tooth sensitivity.
- **Q2**) Answer any <u>Two</u> out of Four of the following:

- a) Give the detailed account on the excipients used in cosmetics.
- b) Discuss the principles and building blocks of oral care products.
- c) Explain the role of herbs in cosmetic with special emphasis on skin care, oral care and hair care products.
- d) Give the BIS specification and analytical method for Shampoo.

Q3) Answer in brief on any Eight out of Ten of the following:

 $[8 \times 5 = 40]$

- a) Discuss the antiperspirant and deoderants with respect to formulation development.
- b) Discuss the hair fall and dandruff remedies.
- c) Discuss the formulation and applications of face wash and moisturing cream.
- d) Discuss the causes and remedies for oily & dry skin.
- e) Write a note on chemistry and formulation of para-phenylene diamine based hair dye.
- f) Discuss in brief about formulation of Sunscreems.
- g) Write a note on cosmeceuticals.
- h) Write a note on emollients as cosmetic excipients.
- i) Write a note on cold cream.
- j) Discuss the cosmetic products for hair care.



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
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| PA-114 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

[5940]-810

Final Year B. Pharmacy EXPERIMENTAL PHARMACOLOGY

(2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP810ET)

Instructions to the candidates:

Time: 3 Hours]

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw neat and well labeled diagram wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

Q1) Objective type questions (Answer any 5 out of 7)

[15]

[Max. Marks: 75]

- a) Enlist techniques of blood collection and euthanasia in laboratory animals.
- b) Give importance of Sham negative and positive control groups.
- c) Explain any one model for preclinical screening of anti-diabetic drugs.
- d) Discuss preclinical screening models for local anesthetics.
- e) Explain preclinical data analysis using students 't' test.
- f) Enlist models for preclinical screening of Anti-Alzheimer and Anti-epileptic agents.
- g) Discuss rationale for selection of animal species and sex for research study.

Q2) Long Answers (Answer any 2 out of 4)

[20]

- a) Discuss CPCSEA and OECD guidelines for maintenance, breeding and conduct of experiments on laboratory animals.
- b) Discuss preclinical screening models for anti-hypertensive drugs.
- c) Explain preclinical screening animal models for anti-aggregatory.
- d) Describe significance and various sources for literature review for research project.

Q3) Short Answers (Answer any 8 out of 10)

[40]

- a) Explain preclinical screening models for diuretics.
- b) List out preclinical screening models for nootropics. Explain any two model.
- c) Explain preclinical screening models for analgesic drugs.
- d) Discuss preclinical evaluation of anti-asthmatics.
- e) Enlist screening models for parasympathomimetics and parasym patholytics in animals.
- f) Discuss screening models for anti-psychotic agents.
- g) Discuss role of mice and rat in experimental pharmacology.
- h) Write a note on IAEC.
- i) List and explain in detail any two screening methods for anti-coagulant drugs.
- j) Describe analysis of variance.







| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
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| PA-115 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

[5940]-811

Fourth Year B. Pharmacy ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES (2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP811ET)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 4) Do not write anything on question paper except seat number.
- Q1) Answer following questions (Any Five).

[15]

- a) What is shielding and deshielding in NMR? Explain with suitable example.
- b) Explain about molecular ion peak, isotope peak and base peak.
- c) Differentiate between K line X-ray and L line X-ray.
- d) What is stray light? How the parameter 'stray light' is calibrated in UV spectrophotometer.
- e) Discuss procedure for Injection Accuracy with reference to calibration of HPLC.
- f) What are applications of Differential Scanning Calorimetry?
- g) Differentiate between Proton NMR and ¹³C NMR.
- Q2) Answer following questions in detail (Any Two).

[20]

- a) Write in detail about instrumentation of Mass Spectrophotometer.
- b) Suggest suitable chemical structure for following spectroscopic data:

Molecular Formula C₇H₇NO

 $IR: 3350, 3180 \ cm^{-1}, 1690 cm^{-1}, 1600 \ cm^{-1}, 1400 \ cm^{-1}$

Proton NMR : δ 7.2 (*m*, 5H), δ 5 (*s*, 2H),

Mass (m/z): 121, 105, 77

- c) Give an exhaustive account of Rotating Crystal method and Powder Crystal method.
- d) Discuss principle, procedure and components of Radio immune assay with its applications.

Q3) Write short notes on following (Any Eight).

[40]

- a) MALDI.
- b) GC-MS.
- c) Thermogravimetric Analysis.
- d) Calibration of Electronic Balance.
- e) Solid Phase Extraction.
- f) Fragmentation pattern in Alcohols.
- g) Paper Electrophoresis.
- h) Chemical Ionization.
- i) ¹³C NMR.
- j) MS/MS.

* * *

| Total N | o. of | Questions | : | 3] |
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PA-116

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[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5940] - 812

F.Y. B. Pharmacy

DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS & NUTRACEUTICALS (2018 Pattern) (Semester - VIII) (BP812ET)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw Neat & labeled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Objective type questions (Any 5 out of 7):

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) What food standards does Agmark (AGMARK) specify?
- b) Give the example of reactive Oxygen species.
- c) Give examples of complex carbohydrates.
- d) Enlist factors that reduce endogenous antioxidant enzymes.
- e) Explain the health benefits of Xanthophylls.
- f) Define dietary supplements.
- g) Elaborate the health benefits of Lycopene.

Q2) Long Answers (Any 2 out of 4):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Explain in detail how the nutraceuticals play an important role in prevention of heart disease & hypertension. Define functional foods & classify nutraceuticals.
- b) Comment on the role of α-lipoic acid and tocophenol in management of diabetes. Add a note on role of nutraceuticals in chronic disease management.
- c) Write a detailed note on FSSAI & FDA.
- d) Explain the pharmacopoeial specifications of dietary supplements & nutraceuticals.

P.T.O.

Q3) Short Answers (Any 8 out of 10):

- $[8 \times 5 = 40]$
- a) Explain in detail the damaging effects of free radicals on DNA.
- b) What are Prebiotics & Probiotics. Add a note on their role as nutraceuticals.
- c) Write a note on FPO & MPO.
- d) Write a note on Vit C.
- e) What are functional food grains? Explain with examples.
- f) Write a note on flavonoids as nutraceuticals with examples.
- g) How Garlic is useful as nutraceutical?
- h) Explain role of beverages as functional foods.
- i) Write a note on spirulina & GMKO.
- j) Nutraceuticals as adjuvants in cancer management.

