Total No. of Questions: 8]	SEAT No.:
P2958	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5431]-101

# M.Sc. (Semester - I)

# **BIOCHEMISTRY**

BCH - 170 : Biomolecules (2013 Pattern) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and Q5 to Q7.
- 4) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 5) All questions carry equal marks.

### **SECTION - I**

### Biomolecules - I

### Q1) Answer the following.

- a) Give the structure of a steroid, Glycerophospholipid and Sphingolipid.[3]
- b) Differentiate between reducing and nonreducing sugars. [3]
- c) Give the source, functions and deficiency disorders of Ascorbic acid. [4]

### Q2) Answer the following.

- a) Define acid number and give its significance. [2]
- b) Classify carbohydrates with suitable examples. [5]
- c) What are amphipathic lipids? How do they behave in water? [3]

### Q3) Answer the following.

- a) Draw the structure of two homodisaccharides. [2]
- b) Define mutarotation and its significance. [3]
- c) Discuss the source, functions and deficiency of fat soluble vitamins. [5]

### Explain the reaction basis of Osazone test and Molisch test of Glucose. a) Discuss the types and significance of lipoproteins. b) **SECTION - II** Biomolecules - II Q5) Answer the following. Write the structure of two aromatic amino acids. [2] a) b) List out the factors that stabilise protein structure. [3] Explain the titration curve of Glycine and its significance. [5] c) Q6) Answer the following. What are essential amino acids? Give examples. [2] a) Classify proteins based on their function. [5] b) Give the significance of rare amino acids. c) [3] Q7) Answer the following. Give the reaction of amino acid with Ninhydrin reagent. [2] a) b) Write note on features of peptide bond. [4] Differentiate between Alpha helix and Beta pleated structures. [4] c) Q8) Answer any one of the following: [5] Explain chemical synthesis of oligopeptide. a) Describe the steps involved in amino acid sequencing. b)

[5]

Q4) Answer any one of the following:



Total No. of Questions: 8]	SEAT No. :
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[5431]-102

M.Sc. (Semester - I) **BIOCHEMISTRY** BCH - 171: Enzymology and Biophysical Techniques (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (5 Credits) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books. Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory. 2) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from 3) Q.5 to Q.7. Figures to the right side indicate full marks. 4) **SECTION - I** (Enzymology) **Q1)** Answer the following. What are cofactors? Explain with example. [2] b) What is the significance of allosteric and cooperative behavior of an enzyme? [3] c) Write a note on enzyme degradation. [5] **Q2)** Answer the following. What is the oxyanion hole of chymotrypsin? a) [3] How is chymotrypsinogen converted to chymotrypsin? [3] What is the effect of orientation and proximity an enzyme catalyzed c) reaction? [4] **Q3**) Answer the following. How to calculate the amount of substrate degraded by enzyme? [2] a) Differentiate between Monod, Wyman, Changeux model and Koshland, Nemethy, Filmer model of enzymes. [4]

c) Describe allosteric behavior of phosphofructrokinase. [4]

## **Q4)** Answer any one of the following:

- a) What are the types of bisubstrate reaction? How bisubstrate reactions involving ternary complex are differentiated from those not involving ternary complexes? [5]
- b) Define  $K_m$  and  $V_{max}$ . How can they be measured? [5]

### **SECTION - II**

### (Biophysical Techniques)

- **Q5)** Answer the following.
  - a) How is absorbance related to transmittance? [2]
  - b) Explain any two applications of dialysis. [3]
  - c) Describe the principle and method of HPLC. [5]
- **Q6)** Answer the following.
  - a) What is SDS PAGE? Add a note on its working principles and significance. [3]
  - b) Explain why DNA fragments separate according to size in an electrophoresis gel. [3]
  - c) Describe any two support mediums, other than cellulose acetate, that have been used in moving boundary electrophoresis.. [4]
- **Q7)** Answer the following.
  - a) What is the purification factor? [2]
  - b) Describe any four commercially available matrix-ligand systems for affinity chromatography. [4]
  - c) What is meant by activation and regeneration of an adsorbent? [4]
- **Q8)** Answer any one of the following:
  - a) Write a note on 2D gel electrophoresis. [5]
  - b) How do you calculate the Rf values of separated amino acids in paper chromatography? Give its significance. [5]



Fotal No. of Questions: 8]	SEAT No.:	

P2960 [Total No. of Pages: 3

# [5431]-103

# M.Sc. (Semester - I) BIOCHEMISTRY

# BCH - 172: Microbiology and Cell Biology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and any two from Q5 to Q7.
- 4) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 5) All questions carry equal marks.

### **SECTION - I**

## **Microbiology**

### Q1) Answer the following.

- a) Give the classification of microorganism with its specific characteristics.
  - [2]

b) Explain symbiotic nitrogen fixation.

- [3]
- c) Explain the principle working and application of phase contrast microscope. [5]

# Q2) Answer the following.

a) What are pure cultures?

[2]

[5]

- b) Explain the nutritional requirement for cultivation of Bacteria.
- c) What is meant by synchronous growth and continuous growth of microorganisms? Explain. [3]

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(U3)	Answer	the	toll	owing.

- a) Enlist different physical and chemical agents used as an antimicrobial agents. [2]
- b) Why oxygen is toxic to anaerobic bacteria? Add a note on cultivation of anaerobic bacteria. [4]
- c) Explain in detail electron microscopy for studing microorganism with its limitations. [4]

# Q4) Answer any one of the following:

[5]

- a) Explain the viruses of plants, animals and bacteria.
- b) Define Auto trophs, heterotrophs, Lithotrophs, Phototrophs and Chemotrophs.

### **SECTION - II**

## **Cell Biology**

## Q5) Answer the following.

a) What is the difference between SER and RER?

[2]

b) Distinguish between a gap junction and a tight junction.

[3]

c) Draw a well labelled diagram of an animal cell and explain the function of any three cell organelles. [5]

# Q6) Answer the following.

a) What is plasmodesmata?

[2]

- b) Describe the types of vesicles which arise from Golgi membrane. [3]
- c) Define the term fertilization. What is the significance of fertilization? [5]

## Q7) Answer the following.

- a) What are chloroplasts? Add a note on its function. [2]
- b) Describe the basic structure of chromatin. What is the role of histones in the structure? [4]
- c) Describe Density gradient centrifugation process. [4]

## Q8) Answer any one of the following:

[5]

- a) What is the difference between nuclear envelop and cell membrane in terms of structure and function?
- b) Define the terms: cell cycle and mitosis. Name the stages of cell cycle. Which is usually the longest stage?



<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	8]
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SEAT No.:	

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# P1213

# [5431]-201 M.Sc.

# **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 270 : Bioenergetics and Metabolism (2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 2) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7.
- 4) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.

### **SECTION - I**

## (Bioenergetics and Metabolism - I)

<b>Q</b> 1)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Describe the structure of ATP.	[2]
	b)	Explain how glycolytic pathway is regulated.	[3]
	c)	Describe Hill reaction and it's significance.	[5]
<b>Q</b> 2)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	Write a note on light and dark reaction.	[3]
	b)	Describe the regulation of TCA cycle.	[3]
	c)	Write a note on photosynthetic pigments.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 3)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Describe cyclic and non-cyclic photoinduced electron flow.	[2]
	b)	Write a note on bacterial photosynthesis.	[4]
	c)	Write the steps involved in glucuronic acid cycle.	[4]
<b>Q4</b> )	Atte	npt any one of the following:	
	a)	Discuss intracellular organization of photosynthetic system.	[5]

Give reactions involved in citric acid cycle.

b)

# **SECTION - II**

# (Bioenergetics and Metabolism - II)

<b>Q</b> 5)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	How purine nucleotide biosynthesis is regulated?	[2]
	b)	Write a note on gamma glutamyl cycle.	[3]
	c)	Discuss reactions involved in urea cycle.	[5]
<b>Q6</b> )	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	What is transamination? Elucidate with suitable example.	[3]
	b)	Explain biosynthesis of glutathion.	[3]
	c)	Write a note on excretion of ammonia.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	Write the reaction involved in histidine biosynthesis.	[2]
	b)	Explain the biochemical reactions involved in heme degradation.	[4]
	c)	Write notes on fatty acid oxidation.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 8)	Atten	npt any one of the following:	
	a)	Explain the various reactions involved in purine degradation.	[5]
	b)	Describe the steps involved in threonine biosynthesis.	[5]

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Total No. of	f Questions	:	8]
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

# [5431]-202 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH-271 - Techniques for Characterization of Biomolecules (2013 Pattern) (Semester-II) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books. Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory. *2*) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7. *3*) **4**) Figures to the right side indicate full marks. **SECTION - I Biophysical Methods Q1**) Answer the following: What is sedimentation coefficient. [2] Describe the applications of partial specific volume. [4] b) c) Discuss the theory of viscosity. [4] **Q2**) Attempt the following: Describe the measurement method of scintillation. [3] a) Discuss the applications of autoradiography. [3] b) Describe the use of sedimentation in determination of molecular weight.[4] c) *Q3*) Answer the following: What is background noise quenching? [2] Write a note on X-ray diffraction. b) [3] Describe the applications of preparatory centrifugation. [5] c) **Q4**) Attempt any one of the following: Describe the factors effecting on sedimentation. [5] a) b) Write a note on gamma counter. [5]

# **SECTION-II**

# **Structure Determination of Biomolecules**

<b>Q</b> 5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is relation between extrinsic fluorescence and energy transfer?	[2]
	b)	What are advantages of LC-MS over GC-MS?	[4]
	c)	Write a note on IR.	[4]
<b>Q6</b> )	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	"Electronic response is proportional to biological response analyte." Discuss this statement with suitable example.	of [3]
	b)	Write any one application of MALDI-TOP-MS in brief.	[3]
	c)	Explain the theory of fluorescence.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is the use of atmospheric pressure chemical ionization for analysis?	MS [2]
	b)	Write a note on potentiometric biosensor.	[3]
	c)	Explain any one application of ORD or CD.	[5]
<b>Q</b> 8)	Atte	mpt any one of the following:	
	a)	Describe the theory of NMR spectrometry. What information can obtained from NMR absorption peaks?	be [ <b>5</b> ]
	b)	Explain the special uses of LC-MS in biology and biochemistry.	[5]

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<b>Total No. of Questions: 8</b>	]
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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5431]-203 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 272 : Biostatistics, Computer and Bioinformatics (2013/14 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answers to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and Q5 to Q7.
- 4) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory.

### **SECTION - I**

(Biostatistics and Computer)

### **Q1**) Answer the following:

a) Calculate the value of median and also determine it graphically using ogive. [4]

Variable	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Frequency	3	7	10	11	15	17	2

b) Calculate geometric mean of the following data:

[4]

Variable	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Frequency	2	6	7	10	11	3	5

c) From the standard normal variant Z = 1.98, find the proportion (area) occupied by it as measured from zero. Represent in normal distribution curve.

# **Q2**) Answer the following:

a) The following data represents the number of productive tillers per plant of a wheat variety. Calculate the mean number of tillers per plant. [2]

Number of productive tillers = 17, 18, 16, 15, 13, 12, 11, 6, 9, 3.

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b) Calculate the standard deviation and standard error of data on waxy endospermic plants recorded in maize: [4]

waxy						
endospermic plants	1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of	12	13	5	44	3	11
plants						

c) Height and weight are recorded for 10 students. The results are given below. Calculate the regression coefficient and test the level of significance.

Height (inches)	65	62	73	76	55	66
Weight	60	53	50	44	60	41
(kgs)						

**Q3**) Answer the following:

a) An average of 5 liter of milk is given by a cow every day. Assume this to be a poisson distribution, what is the probability that exactly 1, 2, 3 or 4 liter of milk is given by the cow per day? [3]

b) Find out the asthmatic mean and median from the following data: [4]

Number of seeds	55	2	18	16	5	11	12
Number of plants	60	53	50	44	60	30	41

c) Draw the histogram of the following data and mention its distribution shape. [3]

No. of pods	No. of plants
0-5	5
5-10	9
10-15	16
15-20	25
20-25	16
25-30	21

**Q4**) Answer any one of the following:

- a) Explain the hardware system.
- b) Explain input, output and format statement with example.

[5]

[4]

# **SECTION - II**

(Bioinformatics)

<b>Q</b> 5)	Atte	empt the following:	
	a)	DNA sequencining.	[4]
	b)	Explain global and local alignment.	[4]
	c)	Define the role of bioinformatics in biochemistry.	[2]
<b>Q6</b> )	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Sequence alignment and analysis.	[4]
	b)	Note on GenBank.	[3]
	c)	Write an account on KEGG database.	[3]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Write a note on FASTA.	[4]
	b)	Explain PubChem Compound and Pubchem Substance.	[3]
	c)	Protein structure database.	[3]
<b>Q</b> 8)	Ansv	ver any one of the following:	[5]
	a)	What is PubChem Bioassay database? Explain it in detail.	
	b)	Difference between pairwise and multiple sequence alignment? Exp	olain.

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<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	<b>8</b> ]
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SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

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# [5431]-204 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH - 273 : Membrane Biochemistry and Genetics** (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books. *2*) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory. 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7. 4) Figures to the right side indicate full marks. **SECTION - I Membrane Biochemistry** *Q1*) Answer the following: What is cellular permeability? Explain with example. [2] a) Differentiate between valinomycin and gramicidin A. b) [3] Write a note on gap junction. [5] c) **Q2**) Attempt the following: What is diffusion? Add a note on osmoregulation. [3] a) Describe the factors affecting physical properties of membranes. b) [3] Write a note on exocytosis. [4] c) **Q3**) Answer the following: What are ligand gated ion channels? Explain with suitable example. [2] Describe any one models of biological membrane. [4] b) Write a note on bacterial cell envelope. [4] c) **Q4**) Attempt any one of the following: Explain the structure and mechanism of potassium channel. [5] a) Describe the specialized mechanism for transport of macromolecules. b) Explain with example. [5]

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# **SECTION - II**

# **Genetics**

<i>Q5</i> )	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What is fertility factor? Describe its role.	[2]
	b)	Describe the function of complementation test?	[3]
	c)	Write a note on denaturation and renaturation of DNA.	[5]
<b>Q6</b> )	Atte	mpt the following:	
	a)	What is a human teratogen? Explain its effect.	[3]
	b)	Differentiate auxotroph and prototroph with example.	[3]
	c)	Write a note on lactose operon.	[4]
Q7)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What is the genotype and the phenotype? Explain with suitable exam	ple. [ <b>2</b> ]
	b)	Explain Meselson and Stahl experiment and its interpretation.	[4]
	c)	Write a note on genetic code.	[4]
Q8)	Atte	mpt any one of the following:	
	a)	Describe the structural feature of DNA.	[5]
	b)	Explain the concept of gene. How do genes work in the body?	[5]

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<b>Total</b>	No.	of	Questions	:	<b>6</b> ]
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# P1217

# [5431]-301 M.Sc.

# **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# **BCH - 370 : Molecular Biology**

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)

	(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System	m)
Time: 3	Hours]	[Max. Marks : 50
Instructi	ons to the candidates:	
1)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.	
2)	Figures to the right side indicate full marks.	
3) 4)	Solve any three questions from Q1 to Q4.  Question 5 and 6 are compulsory.	
7)	Question 3 and 6 are compaisory.	
<b>Q1</b> ) Ex	plain the following: (10 marks)	
a)	Role of topoisomerase in replication.	[2]
b)	Role of RecA and Ruv C involved in recombination.	[3]
c)	What are ribozymes.	[2]
d)	Mechanism of SOS repair system.	[3]
<b>Q2</b> ) Ar	nswer the following: (10 marks)	
a)	Write note on RNA editing.	[3]
b)	Explain the steps involved in homologous recombination	n. [3]
c)	Explain alternative splicing.	[4]
<b>Q3</b> ) Ar	nswer the following: (10 marks)	
a)	What is RNA editing	[3]
b)	Explain Holliday junction model.	[3]
c)	Explain steps in homologous recombination in which Re	ec A participates.
		[4]
<b>Q4</b> ) Ans	swer the following: (10 marks)	
a)	Define retrotransoposon with an example.	[2]
b)	How glycosylation helps in protein targeting.	[3]
c)	What is Shine Dalgaro sequence?	[2]
d)	Explain role of t-RNA in protein synthesis.	[3]
		P.T.O.

<b>Q</b> 5)	Atte	mpt any two: (10 marks)	
	a)	Pokaryotic transcription and translation are coupled. Explain.	[5]
	b)	Give post translational modification of t-RNA, m-RNA and rRNA.	[5]
	c)	Describe two mechanisms by which genetic elements are able to m	ove
		from one site to the other in the genome?	[5]
<b>Q6</b> )	(26) Attempt any two: (10 marks)		
	a)	Explain targeting of protein to lysosome and chloroplast.	[5]
	b)	What are retrovirus? Explain HIV in detail.	[5]
	c)	Explain Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination.	[5]

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# [5431]-302 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH-371: Medical Biochemistry and Immunology (2013 Pattern) (Semester-III) (Credit System)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Neat labelled diagram must be drawn wherever necessary. *2*) Figures to the right indicate full marks. *3*) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory. Solve any two questions from Q. No. 1 to 3 and any two questions from Q. No. 5 to **4**) **SECTION-I** (Medical Biochemistry) **Q1**) Answer the following: Give the normal composition of CSF. [2] a) b) Elaborate on types of Influenza. [4] Give the pathophysiology of nickle cell anemia. [4] c) **Q2**) Answer the following: Define the term analgesics [2] a) What is role of viruses in carcinogenesis. [4] b) Give features of hallucinogenesis [4] c) Q3) Attempt the following: Define drugs and antibiotics. a) [2] Give function, structure of lysosome in animal cell [4] b) Explain biochemistry of (CHD) Coronary Heart Diseases [4] b) **Q4**) Answer any one of the following: [5] Explain the mechanism of apoplosis. a) Explain  $\alpha$  thalassemia Pathophysiology b)

# **SECTION-II**

(Immunology)

<b>Q5</b> ) Answer the following:			
	a)	Define isotypes and allotypes.	[2]
	b)	Explain classic complement system.	[4]
	c)	Explain in detail principle and procedure of western blotting.	[4]
<b>Q6</b> )	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	What are natural killer cells.	[2]
	b)	Explain monoclonal antibodies.	[4]
	c)	Discuss the features of immunodeficiency disease with example.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ansv	wer the following:	
	a)	Explain vaccine with an example.	[2]
	b)	Explain innate and humoral immune response	[4]
	c)	Give the characteristics features of anaphylaxis	[4]
<b>Q</b> 8)	Atte	mpt any one of the following:	[5]
	a)	Differentiate between competetive ELISA and sandwich ELISA.	
	b)	Elaborate on primary and secondary lymphoid organ and their signific with neat diagram.	ance



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Total	No. of Questions : 8] SEAT No. :	
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	[5431]-303	
	M.Sc.	
	BIOCHEMISTRY	
BCl	H - 372: Neurochemistry and Biochemistry of Specialized Tissues	3
	(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)	
Time .	3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 5	0
11 2 3 4	Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.  Attempt any two questions from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7	7.
	SECTION - I	
	(Neurochemistry)	
<i>Q1</i> )	Answer the following:	
	Explain the function of hypothalamus. [2]	
	How does the brain control the ANS? [4	.]
	What are the components of limbic system? Explain the functions of limbic system.  [4]	
<i>Q2</i> )	Attempt the following:	
	Describe sensory areas and association areas of the brain. [3]	]
	b) Write a note on Circadian rhythms [3	
	Explain the steps involved in the synthesis and storage of any two neurotransmitters. [4]	
<i>Q3</i> )	Answer the following:	
_ ,	What is arch reflex? [2	]
	What are neuroglia and its types? Enumerates functions of each gliacell.	
	e) Describe the role of proteins in memory and learning process. [5]	

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following:

a) What are sensory modalities and sensory circuits?

b) How is pain sensation transmitted to the cortex? How is pain perceived in CNS? [5]

**[5]** 

# **SECTION - II**

# (Biochemistry of Specialized Tissues)

<b>Q</b> 5)	Ansv	wer the following:
	a)	What is CPS of chemotaxis? [2]
	b)	Explain the kinetics of desensitization and recovery of acetylcholine receptor. [4]
	c)	What are stereocilia? How does the motion of the hair bundle create a change in membrane potential? [4]
Q6)	Atte	mpt the following:
	a)	Describe the signaling pathway involving in termination of the flagellar motor? [3]
	b)	What are nerve toxins? Explain the mode of action of any two toxins on nerve conduction. [3]
	c)	Describe structural differences between actin and myosin and how those differences support their function of interacting together to produce muscle contraction. [4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ansv	wer the following:
	a)	What is the relation between odorant receptor gene expression and individual neuron? [2]
	b)	Write a note on transducin. [3]
	c)	Describe the organization and function of the taste buds. [5]
Q8)	Atte	mpt any one of the following:
	a)	Define contraction cycle and explain the four steps involved in contraction cycle. [5]
	b)	What is meant by chemical synapse transmission and electrical synapse transmission? [5]



<b>Total No. of Questions: 8</b> ]	SEAT No.:
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[5431]-304 M. Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH - 373 : Toxicology and Plant Biochemistry** (2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Attempt any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and two from Q5 to Q7. *2*) Question number 4 and question number 8 is compulsory. Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets. 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I** (Toxicology) **Q1)** Answer the following: Define toxicology. [2] a) Explain in detail descriptive animal toxicological test. b) [4] Explain acute verses chronic toxicology. c) [4] **Q2)** Answer the following: Define LADME. [2] a) Explain with suitable example the processes of bioactivation. b) [4] Give the industrial application of toxicology. [4] c) **Q3)** Attempt the following: Define the systemic toxicology. a) [2] What is the toxic effect of DDT? Explain the pathogenesis of this effect. [4] b) Explain the difference between phase I and phase II biotransformation c) reaction. [4]

	a)	Explain with example the toxicity of insecticides.	
	b)	Explain AIMS test in detail.	
		<u>SECTION - II</u> (Plant Biochemistry)	
Q5)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is the role of cytokinin in plant growth?	[2]
	b)	Explain the biochemical changes occurring during seed germination.	[4]
	c)	Explain the specific disorders of TM.	[4]
Q6)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Enlist any four alkaloids with their medicinal activity.	[2]
	b)	Give the role of hormones in senescence and abscission.	[4]
	c)	Describe the role of nitrogenase system and nitrate reductase in plant.	[4]
Q7)	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Give the deficiency disorders related to magnesium and zinc deficiency.	[2]
	b)	Explain the structure of chloroplast.	[4]
	c)	Give the energy production in plant cells and metabolism of sucrose a starch.	nd [ <b>4]</b>
Q8)	Ans	wer any one of the following:	[5]
	a)	Explain the Z-scheme of photosynthesis.	
	b)	What is plant defence? Give the role of plant defence components in the process.	nis
		<i>બ્લબ્લ</i>	

[5]

**Q4)** Answer any one of the following:

<b>Total No</b>	o. of Qu	estions: 8]	
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SEAT No. :	
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

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# [5431]-401

# M.Sc.

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

BCH-470: Physiological Biochemistry and Endocrinology (2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 50] Instructions to the candidates: Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets. *2*) Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory. *3*) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3) **SECTION - I** Physiological Biochemistry **Q1**) Answer the following: What is peristalsis? [2] a) Write a note on mineral metabolism. [3] b) Describe the composition of wine. Explain how analysis of Urine helps c) in the diagnosis of certain disorder of the body. [5] **Q2**) Attempt the following: Write the anatomy of liver. [3] a) What is Bohr effect? [3] b) Explain the physiological function of kidney. [4] c) **Q3**) Answer the following: What is intrinsic pathway of blood clotting? [2] a) Discuss the mechanism involved in water balance. [4] b) What are the different types of buffer and explain its function? [4] c) **Q4**) Attempt any one of the following:

- a) Discuss the role of various cells present in blood. [5]
- b) Describe the transport of O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> via blood. [5]

P.T.O.

### **SECTION - II**

### **Endocrinology**

<i>Q5</i> )	Answer the following:	•
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- a) Write the significance of organification in thyroid hormone synthesis.[2]
- b) Explain the effect of cholera toxin.

**[4]** 

c) Write any two disorders related to hormones.

[4]

[3]

# **Q6**) Attempt the following:

- a) Explain the role of glucogen in carbohydrate metabolism.
- b) What are catecholamines? Describe the physiological functions of catecholamines. [3]
- c) Describe the target cell concept.

[4]

# **Q7**) Answer the following:

a) What are thyroxines?

[2]

b) Write a note on zinc fingers.

[3]

c) What is PTH? Describe the steps involved in the synthesis of PTH. [5]

# Q8) Attempt any one of the following:

a) What are the major biochemical effects of insulin?

[5]

b) Write a note on adrenal steroids.

[5]



<b>Total No. of Questions: 8</b>	3]
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# [5431]-402 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 471: Fermentation Technology and Tissue Culture

(2013/14 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (Credit Pattern) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Answers to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets. Figures to the right side indicate full marks. *2*) Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and Q5 to Q7. *3*) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory. **4**) **SECTION I** (Fermentation Technology) **Q1**) Answer the following. Explain the role of agitation and aeration in fermentation. [3] Write note on range of fermentation process. [4] b) What is continuous culture? [3] c) **Q2**) Answer the following. How will you proceed for isolation of auxotropic mutants? [4] a) Write note on media optimization. [4] b) Define continuous culture with an example [2] c) *Q3*) Answer the following: How will you choose a recovery process during fermentation? [3] a) What are different methods of preservation of industrially important b) microorganisms? [4] What are different nitrogen sources used in fermentation. [3] c) **Q4**) Write short note on any one. Role of chromatography in product recovery. [5] a)

Explain design of fermentor.

b)

P.T.O.

[5]

# **SECTION-II**

# (Tissue culture)

<b>Q</b> 5)	Answer the following.		
	a)	Give the advantages of natural media.	[2]
	b)	What are cell repositories? Give its maintenance and importance.	[4]
	c)	Describe protoplast fusion.	[4]
<b>Q6</b> )	Ans	wer the following.	
	a)	Discuss the factors affecting success of cell culture.	[3]
	b)	Give the advantages and disadvantages of natural and synthetic medi	a.[ <b>3</b> ]
	c)	Explain the technique of protoplast fusion.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 7)	Ans	wer the following.	[2]
	a)	What is cell banking?	[4]
	b)	What are heterocaryon and variant cell give example.	[4]
	c)	Describe phytochemistry of the metabolites of medicinal plants.	
<b>Q</b> 8)	Writ	te short notes on ANY ONE.	
	a)	What are characteristic of transformed cells?	[5]
	b)	Describe in details different cell culture methods.	[5]

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Total No. of	Questions	:	8]
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SEAT No.:	
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[5431]-403

# M.Sc.

# **BIOCHEMISTRY**

		BCH - 472 : Genetic Engineering	
		(2013/14 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV	<b>'</b> )
Time	:31	Hours] [M	ax. Marks : 50
Inst	ructi	ions to the candidates:	
	<i>1</i> )	All questions are compulsory.	
	<i>2</i> )	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.	
	3)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
	<i>4)</i> 5)	Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and Q5 to Q7.  Question 4 and 8 are compulsory.	
	3)		
		<u>SECTION - I</u>	
<i>Q1</i> )	An	swer the following:	
	a)	Define Genetic engineering and Vector.	[2]
	b)	Write note on role of polymerase enzymes in genetic engine	eering. [4]
	c)	How are viruses used as vectors in plants? Explain one exam	ple in detail.
			[4]
<i>Q</i> 2)	An	swer the following:	
	a)	What is meant by transfection?	[2]
	b)	Write note on process of southern blotting.	[4]
	c)	What are reporter genes? Discuss their different types.	[4]
Q3)	An	swer the following:	
	a)	Distinguish between plaques and colonies?	[2]
	b)	Explain the organization of T-DNA and its importance	_
		engineering.	[4]
	c)	Explain shotgun method of sequencing in short.	[4]
<i>Q4</i> )	Ex	plain in detail :	
~ /	a)	Write note on foot printing using DNasel.	[5]
	,	OR	[*]
	b)	Distinguish between Genomic and cDNA library.	[5]
		2.25 mg ston cott con contine and cD1 (1 inotal).	<i>P.T.O.</i>

# **SECTION - II**

<b>Q</b> 5)	Answer the following:		
	a)	What is genome annotation?	[2]
	b)	Write note on recombinant vaccines.	[4]
	c)	Explain principle and advantages of PCR.	[4]
<b>Q6</b> )	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	Explain proteome?	[2]
	b)	Explain applications of antisense RNA technology.	[4]
	c)	Explain herbicide resistance with an example.	[4]
<b>Q7</b> )	Ans	wer the following:	
	a)	What is miRNA?	[2]
	b)	Describe agrobacterium mediated gene transfer.	[4]
	c)	Explain genome annotation.	[4]
<b>Q</b> 8)	Expl	lain in detail :	
	a)	Explain principle, working and applications of RFLP.  OR	[5]
	b)	Discuss the methods used to transfer genes in plant cells.	[5]
		<del>*</del> <del>*</del> <del>*</del> <del>*</del>	

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# [5431]-404 M.Sc.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

# BCH - 473 : Clinical Nutrition and Food Technology (2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System) (Optional Course)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answers to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets.
- 2) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 3) Solve any two questions from Q1 to Q3 and Q5 to Q7.
- 4) Question 4 and 8 are compulsory.

### **SECTION - I**

(Clinical Nutrition)

## *Q1*) Answer the following:

- a) Explain the effect of refining on nutritional quality of food. [2]
- b) Describe the relationship between dietary lipid and cholestrol metabolism. [4]
- c) Enlist the organs affected by alcohol consumption. Give its effect. [4]

# **Q2**) Answer the following:

- a) What is acidic and basic food gives example.
- b) Write a short note on irradiation of food. [3]
- c) What are the factors which effects the digestion and absorption of food?[4]

# **Q3**) Answer the following:

- a) Explain the effect of exercise on metabolic adaptation. [3]
- b) Explain the effect of cooling on nutritional quality of food. [4]
- c) What are the effect of food quality on mental development. [3]

[3]

<b>Q4</b> )	Answer any one of the following:		[5]
	a)	Describe the nutritional status of dairy product and cereals in India.	
	b)	What is food toxin? Give the adverse effect of alcohol.	
		<u>SECTION - II</u> (Food Technology)	
Q1)	Ansv	ver the following:	
	a)	What is food spoilage?	[2]
	b)	What are the different steps involved in starch production?	[3]
	c)	What is genetically modified food? Discuss its merits and demerit?	[5]
<b>Q</b> 2)	Answer the following:		
	a)	Enlist the food obtained from plant origin.	[2]
	b)	Write note on natural and synthetic syrups.	[4]
	c)	Elaborate on various types of food additives.	[4]
<b>Q3</b> )	Ansv	ver the following:	
	a)	What are flavouring agents?	[2]
	b)	Explain the process of monitoring the quality of food.	[3]
	c)	Give the various methods of food preservation.	[5]
<b>Q</b> 4)	Answer any one of the following:		[5]
	a) Explain different food additives used as a sweetners and colour in food industry.		
	b)	Give an account on various enzymes and their use in food process industry.	sing

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