

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1387

[5439]-101

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT-101: Advanced Biological Chemistry
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Attempt any Four of the following. **[20]**

- a) Write a note on peptidoglycan.
- b) Explain various factors influencing stability of secondary structure of protein.
- c) Explain role of metabolic engineering in Xenobiotics.
- d) Differentiate between nutritional disorders Marasmus and Kwashiorkor.
- e) Giving suitable example explain glycosylation of protein.
- f) State various application of terpenoids.

Q2) Attempt any four of the following. **[20]**

- a) Giving suitable example explain role of lipid as a signal molecule.
- b) Write a short note on Gouty arthritis.
- c) In detail explain soxhlet method for extraction of secondary metabolic.
- d) In detail explain protein ubiquitination.
- e) Write a note on metabolic flux.
- f) Write a note on integration of metabolism.

Q3) Answer any one of the following. **[10]**

- a) What is enzyme kinetics and in detail discuss various factors affecting it?
- b) Discuss shikimate pathway in detail.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1388

[5439]-102

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 102 : Molecular Biology

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Write self explanatory notes on any four of the following: **[20]**

- a) Processed Pseudogenes and non processed Pseudogenes.
- b) Non homologous end joining (NHEJ)
- c) Alternative splicing
- d) Glycation in proteins
- e) Long terminal repeats (LTR)
- f) Cot curve

Q2) Attempt any four of the following: **[20]**

- a) Explain in brief "Nucleotide Excision Repair (NER).
- b) Why are alkylating agents mutagenic?
- c) Explain the phenomenon of codon biased.
- d) Write a note on "Initiation of transcription" by RNA Pol II.
- e) Describe m-RNA processing mechanism in brief.
- f) How is initiation process of translation regulated in eukaryotes?

Q3) Attempt any one of the following: **[10]**

- a) Explain in detail various ways of gene regulation in eukaryotes.

OR

- b) Describe in detail the mechanism of replication process in eukaryotes.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1389

[Total No. of Pages : 1

[5439]-103

M. Sc. - I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 103 : Environmental Biotechnology
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

Q1) Attempt any four of the following :

[4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Justify need for bioremediation of pesticides/insecticides.
- b) Comment on national ambient air quality standards.
- c) What is remote sensing? Describe different types of remote sensing based on the energy source used.
- d) Describe factors affecting process of bioremediation.
- e) Explain with neat & labelled diagram construction & operation of IMHOFF TANK.
- f) Comment on management of metal pollution.

Q2) Write notes on (any 4) :

[4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Application of GIS in agriculture & forestry.
- b) The Rio declaration.
- c) Types of Plumes.
- d) Pond treatment processes.
- e) Bioremediation of underground water
- f) Sludge stabilization

Q3) Answer any one of the following :

- a) Give an account of advanced treatment of waste water. **[8]**
- b) Insitu and exsitu bioremediation. **[2]**

OR

- a) Discuss guidelines & key important activities of EIA. **[8]**
- b) What are index organisms of sewage? State it's importance. **[2]**



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1390

[5439]-104

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.-I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-104 : Cell Biology

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Answer any four questions.

[4×5=20]

- a) Write a note on fluidity of lipid bilayer.
- b) Describe the mechanism of symport with example.
- c) Give an account on structure and functions of peroxisomes.
- d) Write a note on plasmodesmata.
- e) Give a brief account on applications of TEM.
- f) Explain the biogenesis of cell wall.

Q2) Answer any four questions.

[4×5=20]

- a) Explain the structure and function of nuclear pore complex.
- b) What are microtubules? Add a note on structure and polymerization of microtubules.
- c) Discuss the molecular events during mitosis.
- d) Explain the role of Second messengers in cell signalling with examples.
- e) Explain retrograde transport.

Q3) Answer any one question.

[1×10=10]

- a) Give a detailed account on cyclic photophosphorylation?
- b) Explain different types plasma membrane receptors involved in cell signalling.

✓ ✓ ✓

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1391

[5439]-201

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 201 : Genetic Engineering

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be draw wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Attempt any four notes of the following:

[20]

- a) Lambda phage as a cloning vector.
- b) Hot start PCR.
- c) Restriction enzymes.
- d) In-Vivo gene therapy.
- e) Transgenic animals.
- f) Colony hybridization.

Q2) Answer the following: (any four)

[20]

- a) Explain the strategy for construction of genomic DNA library.
- b) Describe the mechanism for the use of shuttle vectors in genetic engineering.
- c) Give a comparative account on genetic and physical mapping.
- d) Explain the technique of restriction amplified polymorphic DNA as genetic marker.
- e) Explain Baculovirus as a expression vector.
- f) Discuss how will you proceed for optimization of PCR reaction.

Q3) Answer any one of the following:

[10]

- a) Discuss the use of geometric engineering in the production of inductively important product (any one).
- b) Explain how automation in DNA sequencing method revolutionarized the completion of human genome project.



Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No. :

P1392

[5439]-202

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 202 : Immunology

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time : 1½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw the sketches wherever necessary.*

Q1) Attempt any three of the following:

[15]

- a) Distinguish between MHC - I and MHC - II.
- b) With suitable illustration, write a note on thymus.
- c) Write a self explanatory note on delayed type of hypersensitivity.
- d) Discuss functioning of widal test in diagnosis of enteric fever.
- e) Write a note of T_c cell on its killing of target cell.

Q2) Attempt any one of the following:

[10]

- a) Explain in detail, different Classes of Antibody, add a note on its functions.

OR

- b) Describe the classical and alternate pathway of complement proteins.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1393

[5439]-203

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 203 : Principles of Bacteriology and Virology
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Attempt any four of the following: **[20]**

- a) Enlist methods of sterilization. Describe sterilization by using radiations.
- b) Explain pathogenicity of Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
- c) Comment on cultivation of plant viruses.
- d) How infectivity assays can be used for quantification of viruses?
- e) Explain Triad model of epidemiological studies.
- f) Explain in detail bacterial cell division.

Q2) Attempt any four of the following: **[20]**

- a) Explain role of 16s rRNA sequence analysis in bacterial taxonomy.
- b) Describe in detail cultivation of anaerobic bacteria.
- c) How do viruses induce cancer? Explain with suitable example.
- d) Explain with suitable examples types of viral vaccines.
- e) Discuss ecological and practical importance of cyanobacteria.
- f) Explain lytic cycle of bacteriophages.

Q3) Attempt any one of the following: **[10]**

- a) Describe virulence factor in bacteria using suitable examples.
- b) What are the objectives & guidelines set by ICTV for viral classification?



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1394

[5439]-204

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - I

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 204 : Plant Biotechnology

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Answer any four questions:

[4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Explain Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer.
- b) Write the role of transgenic fungi for biofuel production.
- c) “Manipulation of photosynthesis used to increase yield”. Justify.
- d) Describe Micropropagation of ornamental plants.
- e) Explain the strategies used to increase industrially important enzyme from Aspergillus sps.
- f) “Pure lines can be generated by plant tissue culture” Justify.

Q2) Write notes on following (any four):

[4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Somatic hybridization
- b) Fungal resistant plant
- c) Edible vaccines
- d) Artificial seeds
- e) Nutraceuticals
- f) Transgenics for protein improvement

Q3) Attempt any one of the following :

[1 × 10 = 10]

- a) Explain different strategies used to develop insect resistant plant.
- b) Give detail account of algal transgenics. Add a note on their applications in human welfare.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1395

[5439]-301

[Total No. of Pages :1

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 301 : Animal Biotechnology

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit system)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Answer the following (any four)

[4×5=20]

- a) Mention different types of contamination in animal tissue culture and comment on different methods of detection.
- b) What are balanced salt solutions? Explain role of different components Add a note on their applications.
- c) Elaborate any 1 method of artificial breeding.
- d) Give a brief account an organotypic & histotypic cultures.
- e) Explain any two methods of genetic modification of animal cell line.
- f) Write a note on characteristics of transformed cells.

Q2) Write short notes on (Any Four)

[4×5=20]

- a) Comparative account of adult & embryonic stem cells.
- b) Application of animal cell lines in pharmaceutical protein production.
- c) Cell lineage.
- d) Any one method of generation of knock out line.
- e) Enzymatic methods of tissue disaggregation.
- f) Antigenic markers in characterization of cells.

Q3) Answer any one:

[1×10=10]

- a) Write about long term maintenance of stem cells also mention any two methods of identification of stem cells.
- b) Enlist different methods of cell sorting Elaborate any 2 methods of cell sorting with appropriate examples.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1396

[5439]-302

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 302 : Bioprocess Engineering and Fermentation Technology
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Answer the following (any four): **[20]**

- a) Comment on 'Bubble column bioreactor'.
- b) Explain the appropriate methods used for the measurement and control of microbial biomass.
- c) Explain parasexual cycle and give its applications in strain improvement.
- d) Describe effluent disposal strategy used for textile industry.
- e) Comment on applications of microbes in biofuels.
- f) What is broth rheology? Describe factors affecting broth rheology.

Q2) Answer the following (any four): **[20]**

- a) Explain the process of continuous sterilization.
- b) Comment on Plackett Burman design.
- c) Explain role of recombinant DNA technology in strain improvement.
- d) Explain the need of precursor and inducer addition in Fermentation media with suitable examples.
- e) Comment 'Batch culture kinetics'.
- f) Explain the concept of P.I.D. control.

Q3) Answer the following (any one): **[10]**

- a) Discuss production, recovery and applications of Vitamin C.
- b) What is correlation between mass transfer and operating variables of fermentation? Explain it briefly.



Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 1

P1397

[5439]-303

M. Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 303 : Database Management and Intellectual Property Rights
in Biotechnology**

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)

Time : 1½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

Q1) Answer any three :

[3 × 5 = 15]

- a) What is datamining? Explain the role of data mining in knowledge discovery process.
- b) Write a note on Paris convention.
- c) Discuss the procedure for filing 'Product patent'.
- d) Explain in brief plant breeders rights.
- e) Give procedure for recording and reporting of serious Adverse Event.

Q2) Answer any one :

[1 × 10 = 10]

- a) Explain different international treaties for protection of Intellectual property Rights.
- b) Define database. Discuss advantages of DBMS over flat file system. Add a note on Pubmed.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1398

[5439]-304

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.-II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-304 : Advanced Genetics

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 38

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Answer any two:

[2×5=10]

- a) Write a note on genetic basis of gametophytic self in compatibility.
- b) Explain in detail inheritance through mitochondria with a suitable example.
- c) Write a note on use of Karyotyping as a diagnostic tool to detect chromosomal disorders.
- d) Explain the heritability of commercially important quantitative traits.

Q2) Answer any four:

[4×5=20]

- a) Explain the genetic basis of inbreeding depression.
- b) Write a note on genetical aspects of somaclonal variations.
- c) Drosophila is a model system in genetics Elaborate.
- d) Write a note on heteromorphic self incompatibility.
- e) Write a note on genetically inherited cancers.
- f) Hardy weinberg equilibrium is disturbed due to mutations. Justify.

Q3) Answer any one:

[1×8=8]

- a) Enlist various applications of Hardy Weinberg law.
- b) The ability to taste PTC is due to a single dominant allele "T". In a population of 215 individuals, 150 could detect the better taste of PTC and 65 could not. Calculate all allelic and genotypic frequencies.
- c) Write a note on various disorders caused due to numerical chromosomal aberrations.

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Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No. :

P1399

[5439]-305

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 305 : Bioinformatics

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)

Time : 1½ Hour]

[Max. Marks : 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat and labeled diagrams wherever necessary.*

Q1) Solve any three out of five of the following:

[3 × 5 = 15]

- a) Define algorithm. Explain the principle of Needleman - Wunsch algorithm for global alignment.
- b) Explain structure function relationship in proteins and elaborate on the role of protein structure visualization tools.
- c) Write a note on :
 - i) SCOP
 - ii) CATM
- d) Explain the role of immunoinformatics in epitope prediction.
- e) Define database. Explain literature databases with its significance.

Q2) Solve any one out of two of the following:

[1 × 10 = 10]

- a) Explain the principle of multiple sequence alignment and add a note on its applications giving appropriate examples.
- b) Describe the role of structural bioinformatics in protein research. Elaborate on structure prediction tools and steps involved in structure prediction.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1400

[5439]-401

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 401 : Genomics and Proteomics
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Neat labelled diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.*

Q1) Answer any four of the following: [4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Describe the principle and working of DNA microarrays.
- b) Elaborate the role of model organisms in comparative genomics.
- c) Write a note on Human Genome Project.
- d) Discuss the significance of various Bioinformatic tools in genomics.
- e) Write a note on Gene Annotation.
- f) Describe the merits and demerits of shot gun sequencing.

Q2) Attempt any four of the following: [4 × 5 = 20]

- a) What is ISO Electric Focussing? Give its significance in 2-D Electrophoresis.
- b) Discuss various methods used for protein digestion.
- c) Describe various tools used in structural proteomics.
- d) Discuss methods used in protein characterisation.
- e) Describe various protein databases.
- f) Write a note on protien micro arrays.

Q3) Attempt the following: (any one) [10]

- a) Explain structural genomics w.r.t. goals, methods and applications.
- b) Discuss in detail how proteomics help in disease diagnosis.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1401

[5439]-402

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 402 : Adavnced Biochemical and Biophysical Techniques
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Neat labelled diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Answer the following (any four): **[20]**

- a) Write a note on different techniques used for fixation and staining in electron microscopy.
- b) Explain immunoprecipitation and give its application.
- c) Write a short a note on electromagnetic Radiations.
- d) What is fluorescence spectroscopy and give its application.
- e) What is x-ray Crystallography? State its principle and use in biological science.
- f) What is Fluoroscent In-situ hybridization and elaborate on its application.

Q2) Answer the following (any four): **[20]**

- a) What is radioactivity? Explain various ways in which radioactive rays interact with matter.
- b) State the principle of 2-D-electrophoresis and application in protein biochemistry.
- c) What is circular Dichorism? Give its importance in structure determination.
- d) Write a note on MALDI - TOF.
- e) State the principle of Gas Liquid Chromatography (GLC) and give its application.
- f) What is Radioimmunoassay and comment on its application.

Q3) Answer any one of the following: **[10]**

- a) What is N.M.R spectroscopy? Explain its principle. Elaborate on the information obtained from NMR data for structural analysis with suitable examples.
- b) What is TEM? Explain the principle and working of TEM. Add a note on its application as an analytical tool.



Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No. :

P1402

[5439]-403

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 404 : Nanobiotechnology

(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw the sketches wherever necessary.*

Q1) Attempt any three of the following:

[3 × 5 = 15]

- a) Explain the use of UV-VIS spectroscopy in characterization of Nanomaterials.
- b) Discuss in detail Sol-Gel method for synthesis of nanoparticles.
- c) Explain the use of nanomaterial in Gene therapy.
- d) With an suitable example Justify use of inorganic nanoparticles for drug delivery.
- e) Write a note on use of microorganisms for synthesis of Nanomaterial and its advantage.

Q2) Attempt any one of the following:

[1 × 10 = 10]

- a) Explain with suitable examples hoxy nanomaterial-cell interaction is influenced with manifestation of surface modification.
- b) Enlist different physical methods for synthesis of Nanoparticles. Explain synthesis of Nanoparticles by vapour deposition method in detail.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1403

[5439]-404

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - II

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 405 : Animal Development & Stem Cell Technology
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Draw neat & labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) Write short notes on (Any 4):

[4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Acrosomal reaction in Sea urchin.
- b) Tissue engineering.
- c) Hematopoietic stem cell lineage.
- d) Blastulation in Drosophila.
- e) Capacitation of sperms.
- f) Stem cell niche.

Q2) Answer the following (Any 4):

[4 × 5 = 20]

- a) Differentiate between embryonic stem cells & embryonic carcinoma cells.
- b) Give a brief account of cell cycle regulation in stem cells.
- c) Write the role of homeotic genes in pattern formation in Drosophila.
- d) Describe role of calcium in early development.
- e) Write a note on model of limb regeneration.
- f) Explain mechanism and significance of cortical reaction.

Q3) Answer the following (Any 1):

[1 × 10 = 10]

- a) Explain in detail process of gastrulation in chick embryo development.
- b) Give a detailed account on applications of stem cells in treatment of neurodegenerative disorders.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P1404

[5439]-405

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

**BT - 406 : Agricultural Biotechnology
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*

Q1) Attempt any four of the following: **[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) What are somaclonal variations? Discuss their significance in crop improvement.
- b) Explain with suitable examples, the use of bioreactors in plant production.
- c) What is RAPD? Explain the methodology involved in carrying out RAPD.
- d) Discuss the use of transgenic technology for the production of plantibodies.
- e) Explain the concept of future crops with suitable examples.
- f) Discuss the role of agribiotech in improvement of oilseed crops.

Q2) Attempt any four of the following: **[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Write a note on QTL based marker assisted selection for producing high yielding plants.
- b) What are high impact crops? Discuss the use of genetic engineering for improvement of high impact crops.
- c) Explain the methodology involved in Agrobacterium mediated genetic transformation of plants.
- d) What are triploids? How triploids can be produced using biotech tools?
- e) Justify how embryo rescue is an effective way for producing viable plants.
- f) Enlist various methods of virus indexing, explain any one method in detail.

Q3) Attempt any one of the following: **[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Discuss in detail the use of genetic engineering for production of abiotic stress tolerant transgenic plants. Cite suitable examples.
- b) Explain with detailed methodology, chloroplast engineering for production of therapeutic proteins.

