

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3108**

**[5036]-101**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc. - I**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT -101 : Advanced Biological Chemistry  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1) Answer any four of the following: [20]**

- a) Explain the structure and function of glycoproteins.
- b) Elaborate on lysosomal degradation of proteins.
- c) Describe the diseased conditions due to disorder in storage of carbohydrates.
- d) Explain the pharmacological activities of alkaloids.
- e) Explain the different ways of enzyme regulation in metabolic reactions.
- f) Discuss the representation method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of secondary metabolites.

**Q2) Answer any four of the following: [20]**

- a) Explain the process of glycosylation in protein modification.
- b) Discuss the term metabolic engineering with reference to xenobiotics.
- c) Explain the importance of growth hormones in growth of a cell.
- d) Define metabolome. How metabolic flux and its analysis help in its understanding.
- e) Comment on clinical significance of enzymes.
- f) Primary metabolites act as precursor of secondary metabolites. Justify.

**Q3) Answer any one of the following: [10]**

- a) Explain the hierarchy in protein folding.
- b) Discuss the Isopentenyl pyrophosphate (IPP) pathway for synthesis of secondary metabolites.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3109**

**[5036]-102**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc. (Biotechnology)**  
**BT-102 : MOLECULAR BIOLOGY**  
**(2013 Pattern) (New) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer to the sections must be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Use of color pencil restricted to diagrams.*

**Q1)** Write self explanatory note on any four of the following:

**[20]**

- a) Cot  $\frac{1}{2}$  and Rot  $\frac{1}{2}$
- b) Organelle genome
- c) Base excision repair
- d) Copy choice model of DNA recombination
- e) Tn A and Tn 10
- f) Post transcriptional modification

**Q2)** Explain any four of the following with suitable illustrations in 10-15 sentences: **[20]**

- a) Initiation complex of RNA pol II
- b) Methylation and Acetylation of DNA
- c) Aminoacyl t RNA synthase
- d) RNA dependent DNA polymerase
- e) Leucine zippers and Zinc fingers
- f) Micro and Mini satellite DNA

**Q3)** Explain any one of the following in detail with suitable illustrations:

**[10]**

- a) Quality control of protein folding
- b) Eukaryotic replication

✓ ✓ ✓

Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

**P3110**

**[5036]-103**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc. - I**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 103: Environmental Biotechnology  
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Draw neat & labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Enlist & explain sources & types of solid waste.
- b) Elaborate impact of pesticides on microbial diversity of soil.
- c) What is air pollution? Discuss significance of air quality standards.
- d) Discuss general methodology used for environmental audit.
- e) What is EIA? Write objectives of EIA.
- f) What are Ecostandards? Add a note on Indian Ecostandards.

**Q2)** Write notes on (Any Four):

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Bioaugmentation.
- b) Recycle, reuse & recovery of solid waste.
- c) Sustainable development.
- d) Threats to environment.
- e) ISO 14000
- f) Nairobi declaration.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Answer any one of the following:

- a) Describe biological waste water treatment methods in detail. [8]
- b) Discuss significance of environmental laws. [2]

OR

- a) What is bioremediation? Explain various strategies used to enhance biodegradation of pollutants. [8]
- b) Give objectives of remote - sensing. [2]

*EEE*

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3111**

**[5036]-104**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 104 : Cell Biology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer any four questions:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Describe briefly lipid composition of plasmamembrane with respect to structure-function relationship.
- b) Give an account on structure and functions of Intermediate filaments.
- c) Write a note on biogenesis of cell wall.
- d) Discuss the role of peroxisomes in animal cell.
- e) Write the mechanism of COP II vesicle budding and fusion with target membrane.
- f) Explain the principle and working of SEM.

**Q2)** Answer any four questions:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Describe the mechanism of protein targeting to mitochondrial matrix.
- b) What are plasmodesmata. Add a note on its structure and functions.
- c) Discuss intrinsic pathway of apoptosis in animals.
- d) Write a note on cell cycle checkpoints.
- e) Give an account on cell transformation.
- f) What is terminal differentiation of cell. Explain with an example in animals.

**Q3)** Answer any one question:

**[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Give a detailed account of cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation. Add a note on its significance.
- b) Elaborate the MAP kinase pathway of signal transduction.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

**P3112**

**[5036]-201**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 201:Genetic Engineering**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1) Write self explanatory notes on any four: [20]**

- a) Cosmids and Phagmids.
- b) Virus mediated gene transfer
- c) Nested PCR
- d) In-vivo Gene therapy
- e) Sub unit vaccines
- f) GUS system.

**Q2) Attempt the following in 10-15 lines(any four) [20]**

- a) Chemical cleavage method in DNA sequencing is difficult to automate, justify.
- b) Explain the superiority of AFLP over RFLP.
- c) Describe the steps involved in cDNA library construction.
- d) Enlist the significance of detecting and diagnosing genetic diseases.
- e) Discuss the procedure in of PCR giving the significance
- f) Mention different types of RNA ases used in genetic enigneering.

**Q3) Attempt any one of the following [10]**

- a) Explain different strategies employed in Biopharming with suitable examples.
- b) Describe in details the use of CaMV and Baculavirus in genetic engineering.



Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No. :

**P3113**

**[5036] - 202**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M. Sc. - II**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 202: IMMUNOLOGY**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester -II) (Credit System)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 25*

*Instructions to the candidates :*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicates full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Answer any three :

**[3×5=15]**

- a) Give a brief account of the structure and function of lymph node.
- b) Cell - mediated immunity is MHC - restricted - Explain.
- c) Describe the role of regulatory proteins in complement system.
- d) Write the principle of FACS and it's application.
- e) Write a short note on Hypersensitivity reaction.

**Q2)** Answer any one:

- a) What is autoimmunity? Explain one organ specific and one systemic autoimmune disease of your choice. **[5]**
- b) Explain the mechanism of Allograft - rejection. **[5]**

OR

- a) Explain Various types of chimeric antibodies and write their applications. **[5]**
- b) How recombinant Vector vaccines are produced? Add a note on its advantage. **[5]**



Total No. of Questions :4]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P3114**

**[5036]-203**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 203: Principles of Bacteriology and Virology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) Answers to the two sections must be written in separate books.*

**SECTION -I**

**Q1)** Answer any three questions:

**[3×5=15]**

- a) Describe the proteins involved in binary fission.
- b) Explain molecular adaptations to thermophily.
- c) Describe the ultrastructure of bacterial flagella.
- d) 'Mannitol salt agar is selective and differential media'. Justify.
- e) Write a note on metabolic diversity of sulphur bacteria.

**Q2)** Attempt any one question:

**[10]**

- a) Describe in detail the steps involved and micro organisms involved in biological nitrogen fixation.
- b) Discuss the causative agent, pathogenesis and treatment of tuberculosis.

**P.T.O.**

**SECTION -II**

**Q3)** Answer any three:

**[3×5=15]**

- a) Classify DNA viruses with example of each.
- b) Describe morphology and symmetry of viruses.
- c) Explain the replication of Retrovirus.
- d) Write a note on DNA Vaccine.
- e) Give a brief account of transmission of plant virus.

**Q4)** Attempt any one:

**[1×10=10]**

- a) Describe in detail the mode of action of various antivirals.

OR

- b) Differentiate between Acute and persistent infection. Describe in detail any one type of infection of your choice.

*EEE*

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3115**

**[5036]-204**

[Total No. of Pages : 1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-204: Plant Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer any four questions:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Discuss the advantages of micropropagation over conventional propagation methods.
- b) Compare and contrast vertical and horizontal gene transfer.
- c) Explain with diagram the procedure for production of artificial seeds.
- d) Discuss the role of biotechnology in fungal strain improvement.
- e) Write a short note on in vitro androgenesis.
- f) Justify that agrobacterium is a natural genetic engineer.

**Q2)** Answer any four questions

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Define somatic embryogenesis. Enlist various factors affecting it.
- b) Comment on molecular farming.
- c) Write a short note on production of biopesticides.
- d) Discuss biotechnological approaches for yield improvement in economically important algae.
- e) Discuss transgenic approaches for production of plant based neutraceuticals.
- f) Discuss briefly the methods available for production of cybrids.

**Q3)** Answer any one question

**[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Discuss in detail plant metabolic engineering approaches for conferring abiotic stress tolerance.
- b) Give a detailed account on clonal propagation of forest trees.

**x x x**

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3116**

**[5036]-301**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 301 : Animal Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following (Any four) **[20]**

- a) Write a note on use of cell culture in vaccine production.
- b) Explain the use of animal genomics as a tool for characterization of animal cells.
- c) Describe the method of enzymatic disaggregation to establish cell culture and its advantage over non-enzymatic methods.
- d) What is cryptic contamination? Comment on different methods to detect the cryptic contamination.
- e) Elaborate the concept of scale up of animal cell culture.
- f) Explain any one method of artificial insemination in cattle.

**Q2)** Write short notes on (Any four) **[20]**

- a) Conditional gene expression system.
- b) Characterization and application of adult stem cells.
- c) Cryopreservation of animal cells.
- d) Role of CO<sub>2</sub> in animal cell cultures.
- e) Biosafety issues associated with transgenic animals.
- f) Comparison between chimeric and transgenic animals.

**Q3)** Explain in detail any one transgenic mouse model to study human genetic disorder. **[10]**

OR

Explain in detail methods of long term maintenance of embryonic stem cells and their characterization. **[10]**



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3117**

**[5036]-302**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 302 : Bioprocess Engineering and Fermentation Technology  
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester-III)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following (any four)

**[20]**

- a) Enlist the non-mechanically agitated bioreactors used in fermentation industry. Describe the working and applications of fluidised bed reactor
- b) Define Kha. Discuss the effect of
  - i) Microbial biomars &
  - ii) Agitation on Kha.
- c) 'Auxotrophic mutants can improve the quality and yield of products' Justify giving examples.
- d) What is the importance of realtime estimation of microbial biomass during fermentation? Discuss different methods of realtime estimation of biomass.
- e) Why is cross flow filtration considered as more efficient method of filtration than conventional filtration? Explain.
- f) Discuss giving examples the role of Precursors in fermentation media.

**Q2)** Answer the following (any Four)

**[20]**

- a) What are Non-Newtonian fluids? Discuss different types of Non-Newtonian fluids with their rheogram giving their significance in fermentation.
- b) Define / Attempt the following:
  - i) Variable volume fed Batch culture
  - ii)  $C_{crit}$

**P.T.O.**

- iii) Oxygen uptake rate
- iv) Scale up
- v)  $K_s$
- c) How is a batch sterilization process designed for fermentation?
- d) Design the effluent disposal strategy for a dye Industry.
- e) Discuss giving examples how recombinant DNA technology has contributed in strain improvement of a production strain.
- f) Explain the classification of agitators on the basis of the flow patterns generated. What is the basis of selection of an Impellor for a particular process?

**Q3)** Answer the following question (any One)

**[10]**

- a) Describe a typical power curve for a baffled vessel agitated by a flat blade turbine and give the relationship between Reynold's number, power number and Power requirement in each regime.
- b) discuss the strategy of down stream processing for
  - i) An antibiotic and
  - ii) Enzyme

✓ ✓ ✓

Total No. of Questions :2]

SEAT No. :

**P3118**

**[5036]-303**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT -303: Database Management and Intellectual Property Rights in  
Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :25*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

**Q1) Answer any three:**

**[3×5=15]**

- a) What is industrial design? Explain with suitable examples.
- b) Write a note on IPR agencies and convention.
- c) Give conditions for grant of breeder's rights.
- d) Draw a flowchart for reporting serious and non -serious adverse events.
- e) State the principle and types of data mining.

**Q2) Answer any one:**

**[1×10=10]**

- a) What is a patent? Give the procedure for obtaining a microbial patent in detail.
- b) Describe the concept of database and database management with appropriate examples.

*EEE*

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3119**

**[5036]-304**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc. - II**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 304 : Advanced Genetics**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 2½Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :38*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw a neat level diagram wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Answer any two:

**[2 × 5 = 10]**

- a) Write the significance of Robertsonian Translocation in Human Clinical genetics.
- b) Describe two conventional methods of human aneuploid detection.
- c) Write a note on Broad sense and Narrow sense heritability. Give limitations of heritability estimation.
- d) Explain various pathways for activation of oncogene.

**Q2)** Answer any four:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Give Karyotypic symbols (8-10) used in human clinical genetics.
- b) In the United States approximately one child in 10,000 is born with PKU (Phenylketonuria), a syndrome that affects individuals homozygous for recessive alleles.
  - i) Calculate the frequency of normal allele.
  - ii) Calculate the frequency of homozygous allele in the population.
  - iii) Calculate the percentage of carriers of the trait within the population.

**P.T.O.**

- c) Define somaclonal variations. Explain various genetic and epigenetic factors involved in production of somaclonal variants.
- d) What is extranuclear inheritance? Discuss inheritance of traits through chloroplast genome.
- e) Enlist various genes involved in depicting self incompatibility in plants. Add a note on their mechanism.
- f) Discuss the role of morphogenetic markers in identifying apomictic development.

**Q3)** Answer any one

**[1 × 8 = 8]**

- a) State Hardy weinberg principle. If all assumptions are met with show with suitable example that the law hold true for nuclear genes with 2 alleles, multiple alleles & sexlinked alleles.
- b) Drosophila is used as Genetic model for human diseases - discuss.



Total No. of Questions :2]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :1

**P3120**

**[5036] - 305**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 305 : Bioinformatics**

**(2013 Pattern) (Part - II) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :25*

*Instructions to the candidates :*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the righth indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Solve any three of the following:

**[3×5=15]**

- a) What is scoring matrix? Discuss BLOSUM in detail.
- b) How molecular interactions are simulated using structure?
- c) Explain protein profiles and give its applications.
- d) Explain role of immunoinformatics in vaccinology.
- e) Write short note on
  - i) Pub Med central
  - ii) P I R

**Q2)** Solve any one of the following.

**[10]**

- a) What is phylogeny? Explain Neighbour Joining method of free construction. Give its advantages.
- b) What is FASTA? Write its role in homology searching. Give its advantages and limitations.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

**P3121**

**[5036]-401**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 401: Genomics and Proteomics**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV)(Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) Neat labelled diagram must be drawn whenever necessary.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[20]**

- a) Explain the complexity of genome in Eukaryotic system.
- b) Discuss the role of whole genome analysis in completion of Human genome project.
- c) Define transcriptomics. Explain its applicability for understanding the gene expression status of genetic diseases.
- d) Explain the principle and working of DNA microarray.
- e) Write short notes on:
  - i) Metagenomics
  - ii) SAGE

**Q2)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[20]**

- a) Proteome represents some subset of all possible gene products. Justify.
- b) What are the different methods of protein digestion used in mass spectrometer.
- c) How will you achieve protein separation by Iso electric focussing.
- d) Discuss the methods used in physical characterization of proteins.
- e) Explain the concept of biomarker with respect to proteins in disease diagnosis.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Attempt the following(any one):

**[10]**

- a) With a representative example explain the fact that damage to DNA affects its product protein. How will you study it?
- b) Explain the different electrophoresis techniques used to study the genes and the proteins.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3122**

**[5036]-402**

[Total No. of Pages : 1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-402: Advanced Biochemical and Biophysical Techniques  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicates full marks.*

**Q1) Answer the following (any four) [20]**

- a) Explain with a schematic the principle and application of gas liquid chromatography.
- b) Define Half life and comment on radioactive decay.
- c) Write a short note on FISH.
- d) Give the applications of circular dichroism.
- e) Comment on immunofluorescence with its significance.
- f) Discuss single cell imaging.

**Q2) Answer the following (any four) [20]**

- a) Describe principle and working of ESR.
- b) Explain the principle of ELISA. Give its applications.
- c) Write a short note on confocal microscopy.
- d) Comment on Immunoblotting.
- e) Enlist the applications of GC-MS.
- f) Explain the principle at uv visible spectroscopy. Comment on the various types of detectors used in uv visible spectroscopy.

**Q3) Answer the following (any one) [10]**

- a) Explain the principle, working and applications of IR in the study of Biomolecules.
- b) Describe in detail principle, working and applications of 2-D gel electrophoresis.

**x x x**

Total No. of Questions :2]

SEAT No. :

**P3123**

**[5036]-403**

[Total No. of Pages :1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 404: Nanobiotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :25*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.*
- 3) Draw the sketches wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Attempt any three of the following:

**[15]**

- a) Define nanoparticles. What are the different forms of nanoparticles used.
- b) Discuss the sol-gel method for synthesis of nanoparticles.
- c) How biological material is used in synthesis of nanoparticles.
- d) With appropriate example explain how the magnetic & electrical properties of nanoparticles be utilized.
- e) Enlist the methods of characterization of nanoparticles. Explain any one in detail.

**Q2)** a) Why is functionalization of nanoparticles essential for its use in biological system? **[10]**

OR

- b) Discuss the application of nanoparticle use in the field of chemical, physical and life sciences.

*EEE*

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P3124**

**[5036]-404**

[Total No. of Pages : 1

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-405: Animal Development and Stem Cell Technology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following (any 4)

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Neurulation is a result of primary induction. Justify.
- b) Write a note on early and late responses during egg metabolic activation.
- c) Enlist different morphogenetic movements. Explain their role in gastrulation.
- d) Explain how the amount of yolk affects cleavage pattern.
- e) Write a note on epigenetic gene regulation during early development.
- f) Write a note on liver regeneration in humans.

**Q2)** Answer the following (any 4)

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) What are induced pluripotent stem cells. Give their therapeutic applications.
- b) Explain “retrovirus mediated gene insertion” in stem cells.
- c) Give different parameters and methods of characterization of stem cells.
- d) Write a note on stem cell plasticity.
- e) Write a note on cloning and its bioethical considerations.
- f) Define neuronal lineage. Add a note on neuronal lineage identification.

**Q3)** Answer any one

**[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Give a comparative account of oogenesis and spermatogenesis.
- b) Explain in detail the concept of gene therapy and explain any one in detail.

**x x x**

Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P3125**

**[5036] - 405**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 406 : Agricultural Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Discuss the role of induced polyembryony in crop improvement.
- b) Explain the technique for production of homozygous plants through anther cultures.
- c) What are microsatellites? Explain their role in marker assisted selection.
- d) Define the term apomixis. Describe its importance in agrobiotech.
- e) Discuss the role of genetic engineering in production of high yielding crops.
- f) Explain the use of somaclonal variations for crop improvement.

**Q2)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) What is RFLP? Explain the methodology to carry out RFLP.
- b) Explain with a flow chart the methodology involved in chloroplast engineering .

***P.T.O.***

- c) Discuss with suitable examples, the role of biotechnological interventions in improvement of oil seed crops.
- d) Explain the term agrobusiness. Give its significance.
- e) What is antibiotic selection of transformants? Add a note on marker-free selection.
- f) What is virus indexing? Explain any one method used for virus indexing?

**Q3)** Attempt any one of the following:

**[1×10=10]**

- a) What are transgenic plants? Mention their applications and explain in detail any one application.
- b) Explain the use of bioreactors in large scale plant production and scaling up. Discuss their advantages and limitations.

