

Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P1839**

**[5232] - 101**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-101: Advanced Biological Chemistry  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following :

**[20]**

- a) Explain role of chaperons in protein folding.
- b) Elaborate on Inborn errors of amino acid metabolism.
- c) Distinguish between  $\alpha$  - heux &  $\beta$  - sheet at proteins structure.
- d) Explain the term metabolic engineering with suitable example.
- e) Give structure & functions of lipoproteins.
- f) Explain any one chromatography technique used in analysis of phytochemicals.

**Q2)** Attempt any four of the following :

**[20]**

- a) Use of enzymes in diagnostics Explain.
- b) Write a short note on metabolic flux analysis.
- c) Give therapeutic applications of phenolics

***P.T.O.***

- d) Give significance of phosphorylation & lipid attachment in protein modifications.
- e) Explain structure & functions of peptidoglycon.
- f) 'Polyketicles are an attractive model for metabolic engineering'. Explain.

**Q3)** Answer any one of the following :

**[10]**

- a) Explain in detail Mevalonate pathway in synthesis of secondary metabolites.
- b) What are various types of Diabetes? What is biochemical basis for complication of diabetes mellitus.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P1840**

[5232]-102

[Total No. of Pages : 2

M.Sc.

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-102 : Molecular Biology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-I) (New)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Use of colour pencil restricted to diagrams.*

**Q1)** Write self explanatory note on any four of the following: **[20]**

- a) C value paradox.
- b) Plasmid replication.
- c) Nucleotide excision repair.
- d) Holliday model of DNA recombination.
- e) Mobile DNA elements.
- f) Nuclear transport of mRNA.

**Q2)** Explain any four of the following with suitable illustrations in 10-15 sentences: **[20]**

- a) Gene families.
- b) RNase A and RNase H.
- c) Chromatin remodeling and gene expression.
- d) Characters of Genetic code.
- e) DNA dependent RNA polymerase.
- f) Enhancers and Silencers.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Explain any one of the following in detail with suitable illustrations: **[10]**

- a) Post translational modifications.
- b) Transcription of r RNA genes and its processing.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P1841**

**[5232] - 103**

**M.Sc. - I**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 103 : Environmental Biotechnology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Draw neat & labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Explain: how thermal inversion affects dispersion of air pollutants.
- b) Discuss various sources of soil pollution.
- c) Elaborate advantages & limitations of phytoremediation.
- d) What is bioremediation? Explain role of bioremediation in removal of pollutants.
- e) Discuss important outcomes of Rio - conference.
- f) What is EIA? Give general guidelines of EIA.

**Q2)** Write notes on: (Any Four)

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Sustainable use of bio - resources.
- b) Trickling filter.
- c) G I S.
- d) Ecostandards.
- e) Effect of pesticide on human health.
- f) Solid waste recovery method.

***P.T.O.***

**Q3)** Answer any one of the following:

- a) Describe methods used for removal of nitrogen & phosphorus from waste water. **[8]**
- b) Enlist ex-situ & in-situ methods of bioremediation. **[2]**

OR

- a) Give sources & types of solid waste. Discuss impact of solid waste disposal on environment. **[8]**
- b) Write water quality standards in India. **[2]**



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**P1842**

**[5232] - 104**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 104 : Cell Biology**

**(2013 - Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer any four questions:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Give an account on Asymmetry of lipid bilayer of plasmamembrane.
- b) Discuss the role of microfilaments in non-dividing cell.
- c) Write a note on biogenesis of plastids.
- d) Describe briefly the role of glyoxysomes in plant cells.
- e) Write the role of KDEL receptors in retrograde transport.
- f) Explain the principle and working of TEM.

**Q2)** Answer any four questions:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Describe the mechanism of protein targeting to thylakoid lumen.
- b) What are desmosomes? Add a note on the protein components of desmosomes.
- c) Discuss extrinsic pathway of apoptosis in animals.
- d) Write a note on role of cyclins and cdks on cell cycle regulation.

***P.T.O.***

- e) Give an account on characteristics of cancer cells.
- f) What is terminal cell differentiation. Explain with an example in plants.

**Q3)** Answer any one question:

**[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Give a detail account of C<sub>3</sub> pathway of carbon fixation.
- b) Elaborate the JAK-STAT pathway of signal transduction.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

**P1843**

**[5232]-201**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 201 : Genetic Engineering**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Write short notes on (any four)

**[20]**

- a) DNA fingerprinting.
- b) Cosmid as a cloning vector.
- c) Primer designing
- d) Microinfection.
- e) In site hybridization technique.
- f) Manam- yilbert method of DNA sequencing.

**Q2)** Answer the following (any four)

**[20]**

- a) Explain the use of gene therapy to overcome the genetic diseases.
- b) Discuss the AFLP technique as a genetic marker system.
- c) Explain with an appropriate example, the expression of industrially important products.
- d) Describe the genetic elements required for construction of expression vector.

***P.T.O.***

- e) Explain the chemistry used in quantitative PCR.
- f) Comment on selectable markers used for selection of genetically modified organisms.

**Q3)** Answer any one of the following

**[10]**

- a) Compare and contrast between genomic and cDNA library.
- b) What are the different methods used for physical mapping of genomes?  
How is it different from genetic mapping?



Total No. of Questions :2]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :1

**P1844**

[5232] - 202

M.Sc.

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 202 : Immunology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :25*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw the sketches wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Attempt any three of the following:

**[15]**

- a) Write a note on antigen presentation and functioning of Spleen as a secondary lymphoid organ.
- b) Compare and contrast Radioimmuno assay and Rocket electrophoresis.
- c) What are Bence John's protein? How are these useful in diagnosis of multiple myeloma?
- d) Name the cells participating in delayed type of Hypersensitivity and write a note on its mechanism.
- e) Enlist any two theories that trigger Autoimmunity.

**Q2)** Attempt any one of the following:

**[10]**

- a) Explain the Phage display technique used for generation of Antibody medicine.
- b) Describe the classical, alternate and lectin induced activation of compliment.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P1845**

[5232]-203

[Total No. of Pages : 2

M.Sc.

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-203 : Principles of Bacteriology and Virology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-II) (Credits System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams to be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[20]**

- a) What is interferon induced antiviral therapy.
- b) Plasmids confer special properties to bacteria. Comment.
- c) Compare and contrast between replication of DNA and RNA viruses.
- d) Discuss the procaryotic cell structures which aid in formation of Biofilms.
- e) What factors should be taken into consideration while designing viral vaccines.
- f) Compare and contrast between protozoal and bacterial dysentery.

**Q2)** Answer any four of the following:

**[20]**

- a) Bengay's manual is an effective tool for bacterial classification. Justify.
- b) Compare and contrast mode of infection in animal and plant viruses.
- c) Comment on the cell wall and cell membrane structures in archaebacteria.
- d) State the WHO standards for handling of pathogens.
- e) Herpes virus causes latent infections. Explain.
- f) Explain the terms epidemic, pandemic, sporadic transmission, aetiology, morbidity.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Answer any one of the following:

**[10]**

- a) Give an account of the immunopathogenesis of emerging influenza viral infections.
- b) Discuss the different methods used to control microbial growth in food and dairy industries.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P1846**

[5232]-204

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc. - I**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-204 : Plant Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester-II) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer any four questions:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) What do you understand by herbicide tolerant and herbicide resistant transgenic plant?
- b) Why hardening is necessary for in vitro developed plants?
- c) Discuss neutraceutical potential of fungi.
- d) Write note on Landmarks in plant Biotechnology.
- e) Comment on somatic embryogenesis.
- f) With suitable example explain micropropagation of ornamental plants.

**Q2)** Answer any four questions:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) What are pure lines? Generation of pure lines is easier and less time consuming by plant tissue culture techniques - Justify.
- b) Write note on molecular farming.
- c) Explain significance on horizontal gene transfer with suitable example.
- d) Discuss approaches used for development of insect resistant plants.
- e) Describe various methods used for isolation & fusion of protoplast.
- f) Manipulation of nitrogen fixation is used to increase production. Justify.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Answer any one question:

**[1×10=10]**

- a) With suitable example explain the role of biotechnology for qualitative and quantitative improvement in economically important algae.
- b) What is oxidative stress? Discuss various approaches used to produce transgenic plants resistant to oxidative stress.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P1847**

**[5232] - 301**

**M.Sc. - II**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-301: Animal Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following (any four) :

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Write in detail the principle and significance of sterilization in ATC.
- b) Give the composition and applications of Basic salt solution.
- c) Write a note on cell transformation.
- d) Write a note on Embryo transfer technology.
- e) Write a note on molecular markers and their application in Animal Biotechnology.
- f) Importance of biosafety and bioethics in animal biotechnology.

**Q2)** Write short notes on (any four) :

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Cell cloning.
- b) Advantages of histotypic culture over organ culture.
- c) Non-enzymatic methods of tissue disaggregation.

***P.T.O.***

- d) Methods of stem cell purification.
- e) Any one method of semen collection from bulls.
- f) Application of ATC in production of recombinant proteins.

**Q3)** Answer any one :

**[1×10=10]**

- a) Describe in detail any one method to generate transgenic mouse.
- b) Write a note on long term maintenance and characterization of embryonic stem cells.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P1848**

[5232]-302

[Total No. of Pages : 2

M.Sc.

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-302 : Bioprocess Engineering and Fermentation Technology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Answer the following (any four):

**[20]**

- a) Comment on different flow patterns in fermentor depending upon impellar design.
- b) Write a note on use of various carbon sources in fermentation media.
- c) Explain the mechanism and advantages of using cross flow filtration.
- d) Explain the appropriate methods used for the measurement and control of Dissolved oxygen.
- e) Describe downstream processing for the production of any one organic acid.
- f) Describe methods used for screening of:
  - i) Auxotrophic mutants
  - ii) Analogue resistant mutants

**Q2)** Answer the following (any four):

**[20]**

- a) Explain various spargers used in fermentor with their significances.
- b) Mention reasons for the foam formation in submerged fermentation. What are the consequences of excessive foaming?
- c) Describe the process of filtration for the sterilization of media.
- d) Discuss methods applied for drying of industrial products.
- e) What is film theory? Add a note on convective mass transfer.
- f) Explain effluent disposal strategies for textile industry.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Answer the following (any one):

**[10]**

- a) Describe the control of the pathways for the production of primary metabolites.
- b) What is KLa? Mention its significance and add a note on any one method of determining KLa.



Total No. of Questions :2]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :1

**P1849**

**[5232] - 303**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 303 : Database Management and IPR in Biotechnology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :25*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*

**Q1) Answer any three:**

**[3 × 5 = 15]**

- a) What is the impact of IPR in context of Biotechnology industry.
- b) Discuss protection of plant variety and farmer's right act 2001.
- c) Describe in brief the importance and applications of OMIM.
- d) What is database? Write note on characteristics and design of databases.
- e) Write short note on-
  - i) Budapest Treaty.
  - ii) Provisions of compulsory licences.

**Q2) Answer any one:**

**[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Explain in detail on recording and reporting of adverse events and serious adverse events.
- b) Write in detail the procedure for applying and granting patent. Write a note on biotechnology patent.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**P1850**

**[5232] - 304**

**M.Sc. - II**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 304 : Advanced Genetics**

**(2013 - Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 2½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :38*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Answer any two:

**[2 × 5 = 10]**

- a) What are somaclonal variations? Explain various genetic and epigenetic factors involved in production of somaclonal variants.
- b) Write a note on oncogenes.
- c) Elaborate on significance of haploid plants in genetic studies.
- d) Write a note on post-zygotic incompatibility in plants.

**Q2)** Answer any four:

**[4 × 5 = 20]**

- a) Define inbreeding. How it is estimated?
- b) Explain any two lysosomal storage disorders. Add a note on methodologies used to detect them.
- c) Write a note on genotype and allele frequencies.
- d) Discuss significance of using zebrafish as a model system in genetics.

***P.T.O.***

- e) The S - s antigen system in humans is controlled by two Co-dominant alleles - S and s. In a group of 3146 individuals, the following genotypic frequencies were found - 188 SS, 717 Ss & 2241 ss. Calculate the frequencies of S and s alleles.
- f) Describe any two methods for prenatal detection of aneuploidy in humans.

**Q3)** Answer any one:

**[1 × 8 = 8]**

- a) Discuss in detail, inheritance of traits through mitochondria.
- b) Explain the methodology for production of linkage maps using QTLs.



Total No. of Questions :2]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :1

**P1851**

**[5232] - 305**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 305 : Bioinformatics**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :25*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Solve any three questions of the following:

**[3 × 5 = 15]**

- a) Write a short note on CATH.
- b) What is bioinformatics? Write its applications.
- c) Explain multiple sequence alignment. Write its applications.
- d) What are protein motifs? How they are used for protein classification?
- e) What is gene annotation? Add a note on its significance.

**Q2)** Answer any one of the following:

**[1 × 10 = 10]**

- a) Explain in detail about bioinformatics tools used for microarray based gene expression analysis.
- b) Explain Ramchandran Plot comment about the structure & physicochemical properties of the proteins.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

**P1852**

**[5232]-401**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 401 : Genomics and Proteomics  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Answer any four of the following.

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Write a note on concept of omics.
- b) Explain the Principle and application of DNA micro array.
- c) Write a note on SAGE.
- d) Explain the role of pharmacogenomics in development in personalised medicines.
- e) Discuss the need and importance of model organisms of genomic studies.
- f) Discuss tools used in Functional genomics.

**Q2)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) What is Proteomics? Compare it with genomics.
- b) Explain any two techniques used in proteomics based on m/z ratios for protein characterisation.
- c) Write a note on peptidomics.

***P.T.O.***

- d) Explain the working, principle and applications of MALDI - TOF in proteomics.
- e) Explain how phage display technique is used in proteomics.
- f) Write a note on Expressional proteomics.

**Q3)** Attempt any one of the following.

**[10]**

- a) Explain various Genome sequencing methods, elaborating on any one in detail.
- b) Describe the principle and working of 2-D PAGE and justify its vital role in proteome analysis.



Total No. of Questions :3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P1853**

**[5232] - 402**

**M.Sc. - II**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT - 402 : Advanced Biochemical and Biophysical  
Techniques**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) Neat Labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1) Answer the following (any four):**

**[20]**

- a) Write a note on freeze-fracture methods for electron microscopy.
- b) Explain the process of antibody generation.
- c) What is uv/visible spectrophotometry? Give its applications.
- d) Explain the principle of HPLC and its applications.
- e) Write a short note on different types of radioactive decay.
- f) What is in situ hybridisation? Explain its use as an immunological tool.

**Q2) Answer the following (any four)**

**[20]**

- a) Explain the principle of Infrared spectroscopy.
- b) What is X-ray diffraction? Give its applications.
- c) What is Electromagnetic Radiation? Explain the interactions of EM with matter.
- d) Explain the Western Blotting technique and add a note on its applications.

***P.T.O.***

- e) Write a note on confocal microscopy.
- f) What is iso electric focussing (IEF)? Give its applications in protein biochemistry.

**Q3) Answer any one of the following: [10]**

- a) What is mass spectrometry? Explain the principle of mass spectrometry. Add a note on the use of this technique in structural analysis of biological samples.
- b) What is affinity chromatography? Give its principle and types of affinity chromatography. Add a note on its applications.



Total No. of Questions : 2]

SEAT No. :

**P1854**

[5232]-403

[Total No. of Pages : 1

M.Sc. - II

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-404 : Nanobiotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (Credit System)**

*Time : 1½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 25*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Attempt any three of the following:

**[15]**

- a) Describe the application of nanoparticles in Drug delivery.
- b) Explain the characterisation of nanomaterial using X-ray Diffraction.
- c) Describe synthesis of nanomaterial using Chemical vapour deposition (CVD) method.
- d) Explain application of nanoparticles in cancer therapy.
- e) Write a note on synthesis of nanoparticles using plant extracts and give its advantages.

**Q2)** Discuss with suitable examples the functionalization of nanoparticles for biological applications.

**[10]**

OR

Compare and contrast between biological and chemical methods of nanoparticle synthesis.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

**P1855**

[5232]-404

[Total No. of Pages : 2

M.Sc. - II

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT-405 :Animal Development and Stem Cell Technology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**Q1)** Write short notes on (Any 4):

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Acrosomal reaction in mammals.
- b) Egg activation.
- c) Stem cell lineage tracking.
- d) Bioethics in stem cell technology.
- e) Blastulation in sea urchin.
- f) Genetic manipulation of stem cells (any two methods).

**Q2)** Answer the following (Any 4):

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Write the concept of induced pluripotent stem cells.
- b) Give the therapeutic applications of stem cells.
- c) Write notes on differentiation and trans differentiation.
- d) Explain fate map in frog embryo.
- e) Give an account on post fertilization changes in egg.
- f) Describe hormonal control during oogenesis.

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Answer the following (any one):

**[1×10=10]**

- a) Write the role of maternal effect genes in early development of drosophila.
- b) What are knock out mice. Give its applications in gene therapy.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

**P1856**

**[5232] - 405**

**M.Sc.**

**BIOTECHNOLOGY**

**BT- 406: Agricultural Biotechnology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicates full marks.*
- 3) *Draw neat labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

**Q1)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) What is agribusiness? Give its significance.
- b) What is virus indexing? Explain any one method used for virus indexing of micropropagated plants.
- c) Discuss advantages and limitations of microsattelite markors.
- d) Explain the role of biotechnological interventions for improvement of ornamental plants.
- e) Discuss how polyembryony can be induced, add a note on significance of polyembryony in crop improvement.
- f) Explain how gametoclinal variations can be useful for crop improvement.

**Q2)** Attempt any four of the following:

**[4×5=20]**

- a) Discuss how chloroplast engineering can be used for production of therapeutic proteins.
- b) Discuss the risk assessment methods used during production and release of transgenic high impact crops.

***P.T.O.***

- c) Describe various types of bioreactors used for the large scale plant production.
- d) Explain how biotechnological methods can be used for the production of homozygous plants.
- e) Describe the construction of QTL maps and their use in MAS.
- f) Enlist various advantages and limitations of edible vaccines against conventional vaccines.

**Q3)** Attempt any one of the following:

**[1×10=10]**

- a) Discuss in detail various methods used for production of transgenic plants, elaborating on advantages and limitations of each of them.
- b) Explain in detail with appropriate case studies how transgenic technology is being used for production of biotic stress tolerant crop plants of global importance.

*EEE*